

When COVID-19 entered the world stage in 2020, little did we know the impact it would have on life as we know it. It changed the way in which we interact with each other. It challenged ideals we took for granted. And it certainly changed the way we do business. Like all other businesses, JEA had to pivot and evolve to accommodate this new normal. But unlike many other businesses, JEA had to do so in a way that would ensure every one of its customers continued to receive the essential services they needed, without exception.

JEA took on this challenge and found new and creative solutions to ensure the safety of our workforce, customers and community. We formed a taskforce to solve day-to-day challenges presented by the pandemic. We provided paid time off for employee quarantining and testing. And we continuously educated our team members about the evolving protocols and created policies to adapt our business model. As a result, we are even reimagining a post-pandemic workforce and workplace design.

JEA is grateful for all our team members who have shown an unwavering commitment to customer and community service, especially through these most challenging of times.

### A Message from

## Leadership

First established by the City of Jacksonville in 1895, JEA has grown from a city department to the eighth largest municipal utility in the country, providing energy, water and wastewater services to approximately 485,000 customers. We are proud of our deep-rooted service to the Northeast Florida community and our ability to navigate an ever-changing industry over the past century.

Today, JEA is focused on a number of initiatives as we look for ways to better serve our customers and community. We are continuously working to reduce the number and duration of power and water outages our customers experience. We are improving services to make doing business with JEA easier and more convenient. We are diversifying our energy mix to include more sources of renewable energy and investing in infrastructure improvements. We are safeguarding our environment by reducing nitrogen discharge into the St. Johns River. We are helping to grow our local economy and support the businesses we serve. And we are giving back to the community through employee volunteerism, supporting those who are in financial need, and partnering with local agencies that help them maintain the quality of life they deserve.

This annual report is a representation of a unique year in the history of JEA. On behalf of our nearly 2,000 employees, our community leaders, and our local government partners who position us for continued success, we believe that the best and brightest years for JEA lie ahead.





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#### **Board Of Directors**













# Strategic

#### **Areas of Focus**

JEA team members are committed to three major strategic areas of focus and embracing the core values that define who we are and what we do.

# Develop an **UNBEATABLE TEAM**

- Ensure a safe, healthy, ethical, diverse and inclusive workplace
- Improve and sustain a high level of employee engagement and satisfaction
- Engage employees in personal growth

# Deliver BUSINESS EXCELLENCE

- Create a more agile and cost-efficient business
- Improve operational performance
- Grow revenues

# Earn **CUSTOMER LOYALTY**

- Empower customers to make informed decisions
- Demonstrate community responsibility
- Be easy to do business with

#### **JEA Core Values**

#### **SAFETY**

Safety tops our list of core values and we will always strive to create an incident-free environment. Every employee is expected to adhere to all safety regulations and is empowered to ensure his or her co-workers do the same. No job, office, plant or field operation is so important that it's worth anyone getting hurt. We promote a strong mindset of safety first, both in and out of the workplace.

#### **SERVICE**

Providing exceptional service to our customers is a constant expectation and a requirement to earn their loyalty. We all live and work in Northeast Florida and most of us are JEA customers. We volunteer with a spirit of service to build the community because it's our community, too.

#### **GROWTH<sup>2</sup>**

We expect our business to grow. Now, more than ever, we must adapt to the changing utility industry. We constantly seek new lines of business and revenue sources, and the flexibility to grow as our industry evolves. All employees are life-long learners and each is provided the training and development to support personal and professional growth.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY**

This is not to be confused with responsibility — one is shared and the other is not. Many can be responsible for an activity and its outcome, but with accountability, one individual is answerable for the outcome. JEA employees are expected and encouraged to conduct each activity as contributors and owners of the final outcome.

#### RESPECT

We operate on the principle that valuing all people, and prohibiting any and all discrimination, is essential to delivering business excellence and earning customers' loyalty. We value and embrace anti-discrimination practices, and diversity and inclusion as a way of life. We seek to reflect the richness of our community's diversity within our workforce.

#### INTEGRITY

Integrity ties all the other five values together. We mandate an environment of unequivocal commitment to honesty, trustworthiness, transparency and high ethical standards. It's how we behave toward our colleagues, our stakeholders and above all, our customers.

## **Develop** an

## **Unbeatable Team**

JEA's dedicated employees work day in and day out to provide reliable energy and water to more than 1.2 million people. Our team develops innovative products and customer and operational solutions in all facets of the organization. They do some of the most dangerous work while focused on safety—not only their own, but also their fellow workers. They dedicate themselves to their community in countless ways, providing immeasurable value.

Our workforce is comprised primarily of highly technical, highly trained individuals, which requires innovative recruitment initiatives and efforts. JEA is one of the best places to work in Jacksonville. As one of the largest community-owned utilities in the nation, we offer our employees well-paying, professionally rewarding career opportunities.

# JEA's Workforce General Admin/ Management 31% Professional 18% Skilled and Semi-skilled Craft and Technician 51%

#### **JEA's Culture of Diversity**

The cornerstone of JEA's culture is the value of courtesy and respect. This includes respect for each and every individual regardless of race, creed, color, religion, political affiliation, gender, pregnancy condition, age, national origin, citizenship, disability, marital status, genetic information, sexual orientation, gender identity, any other protected characteristics established by law, or any other cultural factor.

JEA operates on the principle that valuing all people and prohibiting any and all discrimination in the workplace is essential to the delivery and operation of its services to its customers and community.

JEA goes beyond merely accepting equal opportunity as a legal requirement. We value and embrace anti-discrimination practices and diversity/inclusion as a way of life.

#### **Employing Military Veterans**

Jacksonville is the largest city in the state of Florida in terms of both population and land area. It is home to multiple military facilities, and nearby Naval Submarine Base Kings Bay gives Jacksonville the third largest military presence in the country. With such a rich supply of veterans in the surrounding area and beyond, JEA is committed to actively hiring veterans of the U.S. Armed Forces.

As a government entity, JEA falls under the purview of Veterans' Preference in hiring and promotion. In accordance with the Florida Statute and Florida Administrative Code, Veterans are shown preference at each step of the recruitment process, which includes an interview with the hiring committee. Veterans' comprise 19 percent of JEA's workforce. We value and recognize the leadership, training, character and discipline that many of our veterans can bring to our company.

JEA depends upon an incredibly diverse workforce, requiring a broad range of talent. In addition to highly skilled field workers and engineers, we rely on accountants, customer service staff, technology experts and so many others to deliver excellence to our customers and community.



#### **Recruiting Talent for JEA's Future**

#### **STEM**

JEA provides free science resources for parents, teachers and children of all ages in our service territory. Our engineers, electricians, biologists, lab technicians, software developers and computer systems analysts participate in programs that educate STEM students about future careers with JEA and other local businesses.

#### **JEA's Co-op Program**

Co-op education is a three-way partnership between a school or university, an employer and a student. Through the JEA Co-op Program, students earn a salary as they work with professionals in their fields of study and may receive the opportunity to become full-time JEA employees. Some co-op participants have found permanent employment with JEA. It's a great way to support the development of a future workforce.

#### **Duval County Public Schools Career Academies**

JEA partners with Duval County Public Schools through career academies. This community partnership creates a disciplined environment, fostering academic success, mental and emotional health, and showcases future career opportunities for the youth of today.

Over the past decade

302
youths were hired from the JEA Co-op Program, supporting the development of a future workforce.

## JEA's New Corporate Headquarters

JEA's new corporate headquarters is slated for completion in summer 2022. Embracing the ideology that the environment we work in contributes highly to the quality of work produced, the new facility will provide a space that offers cutting-edge technology, complimentary parking and promotes optimal business function.



#### **Deliver**

## **Business Excellence**

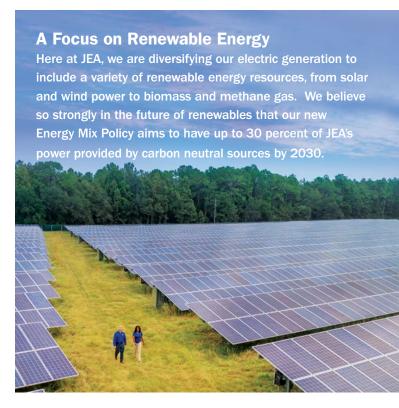
JEA is working hard to ensure that all aspects of our business are operating at the highest levels, from customer satisfaction and environmental stewardship to community responsibility and financial stability—positioning JEA for long-term success.

#### **JEA Energy Mix**

JEA continues to diversify its electric generation portfolio with the addition of renewable energy resources. JEA's aim is to have up to 30 percent of energy provided to JEA's customers from carbonneutral sources by 2030. The information below outlines the mix of fuels used to deliver reliable electricity to our customers.

<u> </u>	Natural Gas	63%
	Petroleum Coke	12%
	Coal	12%
	Purchases (*)	13%

Source: Rating Agency Presentation updated in 10/27/20.



#### **Solar Energy**

JEA has been leading the way for clean energy in Jacksonville since the 1990s when we installed solar panel arrays on dozens of schools and businesses. JEA is currently embarking on a major expansion that will increase our current solar energy offerings by 350 percent. Through the creation of five local solar farms, JEA soon will provide up to 250 MW of solar power – making Jacksonville one of the leading solar cities in the nation.

#### **JEA Electrification Efforts**

Since 2014, JEA has been pursuing a strategy that capitalizes on commercial and industrial electrification opportunities. Continued electrification efforts should deliver over \$87 million Net Present Value (NPV) and will put favorable pressure on rates and improve the system load factor. Additionally, these efforts introduce new, advanced, clean and efficient technologies to grow customers' businesses. JEA's electrification strategy significantly reduces the environmental footprint of our customers and community.

<sup>\*</sup>Purchases include renewables, JEA Solar and methane gas, but does not include renewable generation whose environmental attributes have been sold as Renewable Energy Credits (RECs) to benefit JEA customers.

#### **Mutual Aid Relief Efforts**

JEA is committed to providing assistance to fellow utility organizations in need, helping other communities regain power and water services as quickly as possible. During the 2020 hurricane season alone, JEA traveled to assist three utilities in their restoration efforts after major storms impacted communities along the Eastern Seaboard and Gulf Coast.

The mutual aid efforts of JEA's electric and water teams show their dedication to stepping up in the face of very difficult circumstances to help our neighbors in need.



#### **Protecting Our Water Supply**

JEA plans 20-plus years ahead for water supply management, infrastructure renewal and replacement, and growth. As Northeast Florida continues to attract new businesses and residents, JEA will continue to promote conservation and implement reuse projects as part of the way to safeguard critical water resources well into the future. While JEA has already implemented robust conservation initiatives and an expansive reclaimed water system for irrigation purposes, one promising approach is purified water. JEA has committed resources to evaluate purified water as a potential alternative source of water for Northeast Florida.

#### **Protecting the St. Johns River**

JEA's work to improve the river began in 1997, when we first took over responsibility for the City of Jacksonville's water and sewer services. From that time, to the signing of the River Accord, JEA has invested more than \$2 billion in improvements to our local water and wastewater systems. Some actions taken by JEA to care for the river include improvements to pump stations and regional

**A Cleaner St. Johns River** 

**JEA's 11** 

wastewater treatment plants have substantially reduced the nitrogen levels in treated wastewater discharged to the St. Johns River. wastewater treatment plants, reclaimed water for irrigation, and more. As a result of these efforts, JEA has been successful in reducing the nitrogen discharge levels by more than 76 percent.

#### **Operational Efficiency**

JEA's financial focus over the past decade has included reducing the debt balances in both the electric and water/wastewater systems, while maintaining stable rates for 10 consecutive years in the electric system, and eight consecutive years in the water and wastewater system.

JEA has invested nearly \$1 billion of capital in both the electric and the water/wastewater systems assets from current revenues without issuing new debt. JEA's balance sheet has strengthened over the past decade, providing a financial foundation that supports our \$2.5 billion five-year capital plan through the first half of this decade. This also provides the flexibility to meet increased debt requirements of Power Purchase Agreements, prepare for electric generation needs during the last few years of the decade that will consider additional renewable power and energy storage, and be capable of supporting new environmental and customer initiatives.

JEA has issued no new debt in over 10 years and reduced the total debt from its peak of \$6.4 billion in FY2010 to less than \$3.2 billion presently.

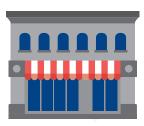
#### Earn

## **Customer Loyalty**

Our customers are at the heart of all we do at JEA. With this in mind, we empower our customers to make informed decisions that help them save money and time by providing programs, services and education while giving back to our community in a variety of meaningful ways.

#### **Customer Satisfaction is Our Top Priority**

JEA is working hard to ensure our customers know how valued they are, with a constant focus on developing products, programs and services to help them save money and time while learning to conserve and help our environment. JEA's technology and customer experience teams work hard each day to create positive digital and in-person experiences to ensure customers receive the best service, especially during the most meaningful touch points along the customer journey.



JEA partnered with

92

Jacksonville

Small and Emerging
Businesses in 2020.

#### **Supporting Local Businesses**

#### **The JSEB Program**

The Jacksonville Small and Emerging Businesses (JSEB) program is administered by the City of Jacksonville's Equal Business Opportunity (EBO) office. JSEB currently has 291 certified small businesses listed in its database. City Ordinance 2004-602-E requires that city agencies allocate 20 percent of available spend with JSEB, certified firms.

#### **Top 10 Commercial Customers**

JEA has approximately 25,000 commercial customers, which represent around 5 percent of JEA's customer base and acount for nearly half of JEA's revenue.

#### **JEA'S TOP 10 COMMERCIAL CUSTOMERS**

**US NAVY PUBLIC WORKS CTR** 

**CMC STEEL US LLC** 

**DUVAL CO SCHOOL DISTRICT** 

WESTROCK CP LLC

**SOUTHERN BAPTIST HOSPITAL OF FLORIDA INC** 

**PUBLIX SUPER MARKETS INC** 

**JOHNSON AND JOHNSON VISION CARE INC** 

**MAYO CLINIC JACKSONVILLE** 

ANHEUSER BUSCH CO INC

**WALMART STORES EAST LP** 



We focus on the things that matter most to our customers:

- Power Quality and Reliability
- Price
- Billing and Payment Options
- Corporate Citizenship
- Communications and Customer Care

COVID-19 did not derail JEA's volunteer efforts. It only prompted us to find new ways to connect with the communities we serve. "Virtual" volunteer activities have become the norm for now and allow us to continue to interact and positively impact others with the help of technology.



#### **Community Outreach Efforts**

At JEA, community and service go hand in hand. Our employees volunteer their time for organizations throughout Northeast Florida. Even when COVID-19 prohibited JEA team members from volunteering in person, we have continued to "touch" the community through a variety of virtual programs. JEA Ambassador and Volunteer participants continue to make a positive impact on the community through video presentations, and other volunteer efforts that yield high impact. Through programs such as Duval County Public School systems reading and mentor programs and JEA's branded Power Pals and Aqua Pals safety education series, JEA Ambassadors continue to give back to our local communities.



In 2019-2020
JEA employees
volunteered more than
7,000
hours for the
communities we serve.

#### **JEA's Neighbor to Neighbor Fund**

Over the past decade, JEA's Neighbor to Neighbor Fund has allowed customers and employees to provide more than \$1.8 million in temporary assistance to customers unable to pay their utility bill during a financial crisis. Every year, the Neighbor to Neighbor Fund helps an average of 550 elderly, disabled, and those less fortunate keep the lights on and water running.

Total 10 year donations \$1,815,992
550

families assisted annually



#### **Employee Giving**

JEA employees are committed to improving the communities in which we live and work. Each year, annual giving campaigns support such organizations as the United Way of Northeast Florida and Community Health Charities, with more than \$460,000 raised by JEA employees.



In 2019–2020 more than \$350,000 was contributed to the community through employee giving.

The spirit of generosity also continues through JEA employees hosting annual giving drives to benefit those in need within our community:

- Toy Drive benefitting The Salvation Army
- Adopt a Family Program benefitting Family Support Services and Department of Children and Families
- Holiday Food Drive benefitting Clara White Mission

#### **COVID-19 Impact on Community**

During the COVID-19 pandemic, JEA quickly implemented various programs to help its customers who were most impacted. From financial relief and suspension of disconnects to waived late fees and credit card fees, JEA extended grace to its customers beyond the industry norm. In addition, JEA worked with the City of Jacksonville COVID-19 Utility Relief Program to help customers having trouble paying their utility bills with funds to help them make ends meet. As the pandemic continues to drive business decisions for our organization, JEA relies on its COVID Response Team, which serves to provide transparent and ongoing communication as well as policy decisions.

#### **Awards & Recognition**

Our customers are at the heart of what we do. Our employees are how we make it happen. Below are some awards and recognition—evidence of JEA's commitment to impacting our community and the utility industry in a positive way.



CHARTWELL
BEST PRACTICES IN OUTAGE
COMMUNICATIONS
Silver Award



E SOURCE FORUM
THE FATBERG INVASION
TOP HONORS
SAFETY AND EMERGENCY
AD DIVISION



FIRST COAST WORKSITE
WELLNESS COUNCIL
HEALTHIEST COMPANIES
Platinum Level



INTERNATIONAL LINEMAN MUSEUM & HALL OF FAME

Inductee



## PUBLIC RELATIONS SOCIETY OF AMERICA

THE FATBERG INVASION
RADIANCE AWARD, Best Social Media Program
BEST OF SUNSHINE AWARD,
Top Overall Campaign



FLORIDA MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION Building Strong Communities Award



## FLORIDA WATER ENVIRONMENT ASSOCIATION

David W. York Water Reuse Project of the Year Award Earl B. Phelps Award Excellence in Benchmarking Safety Award



**FORBES**AMERICA'S BEST
EMPLOYERS LIST



RELIABLE PUBLIC POWER PROVIDER RP3 DIAMOND DESIGNATION



TREE LINE USA
TREE LINE USA DESIGNATION
AWARD
8-time Recipient

## Financial Report

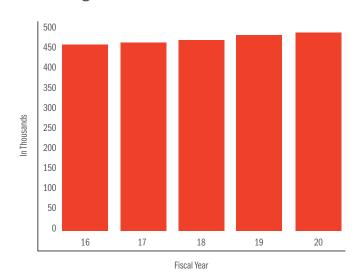


#### **ELECTRIC FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS**

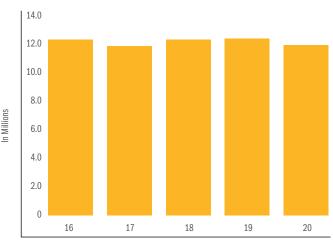
Years Ended September 30

						% Change
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2020-2019
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS						
Total operating revenues (thousands)	\$1,241,506	\$1,300,208	\$1,366,111	\$1,428,329	\$1,364,242	-4.51%
Fuel and purchased power expenses (thousands)	\$376,011	\$465,573	\$530,246	\$536,250	\$485,874	-19.24%
Total operating expenses (thousands)	\$921,912	\$1,019,589	\$1,102,133	\$1,088,386	\$1,032,774	-9.58%
Debt service coverage:						
Senior and subordinated - Electric	4.79 x	2.81 x	2.30 x	2.53 x	2.89 x	70.46%
Senior - Electric	10.68 x	6.51 x	6.55 x	7.53 x	6.59 x	64.06%
Bulk Power Supply System	1.96 x	2.19 x	3.47 x	1.75 x	1.81 x	-10.50%
St. Johns River Power Park 2nd Resolution	1.15 x	1.19 x	1.60 x	1.18 x	1.17 x	-3.36%
OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS						
Sales (megawatt hours)	12,202,973	12,465,958	12,732,236	13,893,852	14,586,486	-2.11%
Peak demand - megawatts (60 minute net)	2,658	2,644	3,080	2,682	2,674	0.53%
Total accounts - average number	485,000	475,786	466,409	458,953	451,788	1.94%
Sales per residential account (kilowatt hours)	13,026	13,172	13,205	12,672	13,433	-1.11%
Average residential revenue per kilowatt hour	\$11.21	\$11.41	\$11.42	\$11.44	\$11.24	-1.75%
Power supply:						
Natural gas	63%	49%	48%	39%	32%	28.57%
Purchases	13%	26%	18%	12%	11%	-50.00%
Coal	12%	16%	22%	43%	42%	-25.00%
Petroleum coke	12%	9%	12%	6%	15%	33.33%

#### **Average Number of Electric Retail Accounts**



#### **Retail Megawatt Hour Sales**



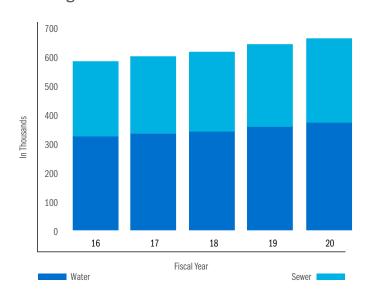
Fiscal Year

#### WATER AND SEWER FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

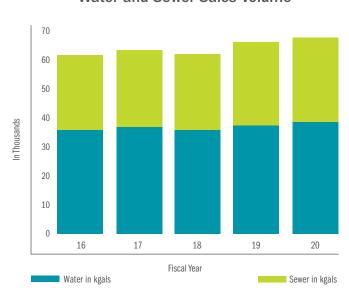
Years Ended September 30

						% Change
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2020-2019
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS						
Total operating revenues (thousands)	\$483,859	\$463,817	\$435,682	\$457,908	\$427,750	4.32%
Operating expenses (thousands)	\$352,973	\$334,177	\$310,435	\$305,131	\$297,325	5.62%
Debt service coverage:						
Senior and subordinated	4.96 x	3.02 x	2.79 x	2.99 x	3.28 x	64.24%
Senior	5.58 x	3.59 x	3.33 x	3.54 x	3.78 x	55.43%
OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS						
WATER						
Total sales (kgals)	38,271,797	37,696,072	36,186,559	37,245,188	36,357,919	1.53%
Total accounts - average number	363,597	355,635	348,159	341,016	333,139	2.24%
Average sales per residential account (kgals)	62.83	61.28	59.33	63.21	62.78	2.53%
Average residential revenue per kgal	\$5.32	\$5.40	\$5.43	\$5.48	\$5.26	-1.48%
SEWER						
Total sales (kgals)	28,160,202	27,726,796	26,340,622	26,712,770	25,817,658	1.56%
Total accounts - average number	285,104	277,815	270,871	264,336	257,719	2.62%
Average sales per residential account (kgals)	61.57	60.61	57.91	61.84	60.96	1.58%
Average residential revenue per kgal	\$9.26	\$9.30	\$9.52	\$9.46	\$9.26	-0.43%
REUSE						
Total sales (kgals)	4,426,905	3,884,210	3,119,739	3,290,311	2,644,046	13.97%
Total accounts - average number	17,031	14,267	11,498	9,391	7,498	19.37%

#### **Average Number of Water and Sewer Accounts**



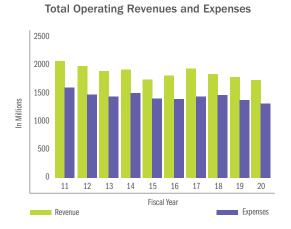
#### Water and Sewer Sales Volume

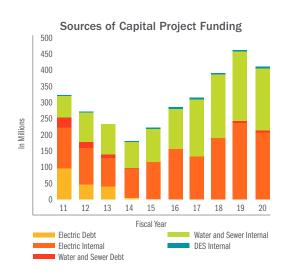


#### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

Combined Electric System, Bulk Power Supply System, St Johns River Power Park System, Water and Sewer and District Energy System (in thousands of dollars)

	2020-19	2019-18	2018-17	2017-16	2016-15
Operating revenues:					
Electric	\$1,203,688	\$1,259,815	\$1,267,202	\$1,382,206	\$1,321,713
Water and sewer	469,914	450,116	423,480	448,057	417,404
District energy system	8,235	8,504	8,348	8,185	8,337
Other	32,621	33,526	90,952	36,729	34,298
Total operating revenues	1,714,458	1,751,961	1,789,982	1,875,177	1,781,752
Operating expenses:					
Maintenance and other operating expenses	422,925	395,692	431,269	392,142	380,219
Fuel and purchased power	376,011	465,573	530,246	536,250	485,874
Depreciation	365,146	362,313	360,609	386,699	382,432
State utility and franchise taxes	69,769	71,569	70,027	69,683	71,244
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net	28,619	44,792	6,856	(4,075)	(1,527)
Total operating expenses	1,262,470	1,339,939	1,399,007	1,380,699	1,318,242
Operating income	451,988	412,022	390,975	494,478	463,510
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest on debt	(141,213)	(175,046)	(166,508)	(182,992)	(184,457)
Investment income	15,721	39,745	11,826	10,576	14,225
Allowance for funds used during construction	19,713	14,099	11,764	11,774	9,407
Other nonoperating income, net	7,370	9,082	9,857	5,918	8,765
Earnings from The Energy Authority	2,848	2,412	4,074	6,335	6,136
Other interest, net	666	(1,626)	(1,825)	(451)	(403)
Total nonoperating expenses, net	(94,895)	(111,334)	(130,812)	<b>(</b> 148,840)	(146,327)
Income before contributions and special item	357,093	300,688	260,163	345,638	317,183
Contributions (to) from:					
General fund, City of Jacksonville	(118,824)	(132,802)	(116,620)	(115,823)	(129,187)
Capital contributions:					
Developers and other	109,546	97,726	82,157	66,875	53,652
Reduction of plant cost through contributions	(76,558)	(68,188)	(54,114)	(42,069)	(31,632)
Total contributions, net	(85,836)	(103,264)	(88,577)	(91,017)	(107,167)
Special item	-	-	(45,099)	-	-
Change in net position	271,257	197,424	126,487	254,621	210,016
Net position - beginning of year, originally reported	2,952,733	2,755,309	2,628,822	2,376,925	2,166,909
Effect of change in accounting	-	-	-	(2,724)	-
Net position – beginning of year, as restated	2,952,733	2,755,309	2,628,822	2,374,201	2,166,909
	2,332,133	2,100,000	2,020,022	2,017,201	2,100,505

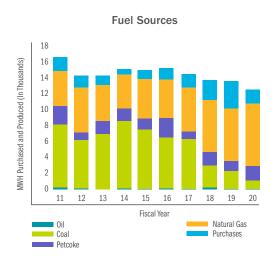


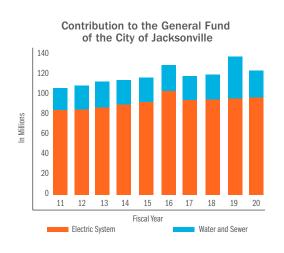


## FINANCIAL SUMMARY, CONTINUED

Combined Electric System, Bulk Power Supply System, St Johns River Power Park System, Water and Sewer and District Energy System (in thousands of dollars)

	2015-14	2014-13	2013-12	2012-11	2011-10
Operating revenues:					
Electric	\$1,324,883	\$1,431,167	\$1,383,696	\$1,473,134	\$1,624,47
Water and sewer	379,789	383,643	381,677	385,631	358,176
District energy system	8,778	8,682	8,471	8,571	8,067
Other	35,930	38,389	38,975	41,046	48,842
Total operating revenues	1,749,380	1,861,881	1,812,819	1,908,382	2,039,558
Operating expenses:					
Maintenance and other operating expenses	374,166	364,764	371,041	366,751	334,066
Fuel and purchased power	517,239	585,021	539,646	548,030	733,296
Depreciation	366,486	375,505	378,067	379,570	351,931
State utility and franchise taxes	72,510	72,221	70,237	72,925	78,787
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net	(11,168)	49,271	64,305	59,153	27,014
Total operating expenses	1,319,233	1,446,782	1,423,296	1,426,429	1,525,094
Operating income	430,147	415,099	389,523	481,953	514,464
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest on debt	(198,199)	(223,736)	(235,228)	(248,681)	(289,320)
Investment income	12,904	20,546	(13,240)	8,804	11,908
Allowance for funds used during construction	5,723	3,894	3,986	3,365	5,387
Other nonoperating income, net	11,634	7,280	7,530	16,420	7,698
Earnings from The Energy Authority	1,461	3,567	4,325	6,328	12,265
Water & Sewer Expansion Authority	-	-	-	-	(485)
Other interest, net	(68)	(38)	(134)	(23)	(109)
Total nonoperating expenses, net	(166,545)	(188,487)	(232,761)	(213,787)	(252,656)
Income before contributions and special item	263,602	226,612	156,762	268,166	261,808
Contributions (to) from:					
General fund, City of Jacksonville	(111,688)	(109,188)	(106,687)	(104,188)	(101,688)
Capital contributions:					
Developers and other	52,709	38,845	29,292	18,774	23,539
Reduction of plant cost through contributions	(33,105)	-	-	-	11,465
Total contributions, net	(92,084)	(70,343)	(77,395)	(85,414)	(66,684)
Special item	151,490	-	-	-	-
Change in net position	323,008	156,269	79,367	182,752	195,124
Net position – beginning of year, originally reported	1,843,901	2,039,737	1,991,311	1,808,559	1,613,435
Effect of change in accounting	-	(352,105)	(30,941)	-	-
Net position – beginning of year, as restated	1,843,901	1,687,632	1,960,370	1,808,559	1,613,435
Net position - end of year	\$2,166,909	\$1,843,901	\$2,039,737	\$1,991,311	\$1,808,559



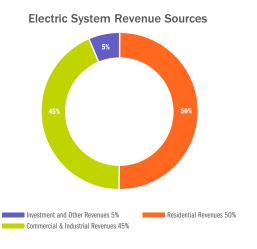


#### **OPERATING SUMMARY: ELECTRIC SYSTEM**

**Electric System, Bulk Power System and St Johns River Power Park** 

	2020-19	2019-18	2018-17	2017-16	2016-15
Electric revenues (000s omitted):					
Residential	\$624,078	\$629,355	\$618,171	\$584,663	\$599,009
Commercial and industrial	556,722	590,473	594,395	587,972	597,796
Public street lighting	13,410	13,176	12,873	13,069	13,488
Sales for resale	2,128	3,914	5,474	21,813	31,210
Florida Power & Light saleback	(1)	1,664	30,767	128,737	130,053
Total	1,196,337	1,238,582	1,261,680	1,336,254	1,371,556
Sales (megawatt hours):					
Residential	5,566,222	5,515,428	5,414,721	5,108,945	5,328,245
Commercial and industrial	6,562,365	6,793,557	6,851,803	6,725,201	6,847,583
Public street lighting	55,974	57,410	59,176	65,721	80,108
Sales for resale	18,412	99,563	74,069	300,903	474,352
Florida Power & Light saleback	-	-	332,467	1,693,082	1,856,198
Total	12,202,973	12,465,958	12,732,236	13,893,852	14,586,486
Average number of accounts:					
Residential	427,321	418,728	410,060	403,164	396,664
Commercial and industrial	53,750	53,204	52,573	52,060	51,472
Public street lighting	3,929	3,854	3,776	3,727	3,649
Total	485,000	475,786	466,409	458,951	451,785
System installed capacity - MW (1)	3,113	3,114	3,084	3,722	3,722
Peak demand - MW (60 minute net)	2,658	2,644	3,080	2,682	2,674
System load factor – %	54%	56%	48%	53%	56%
Residential averages – annual:					
Revenue per account - \$	1,460.44	1,503.02	1,507.51	1,450.19	1,510.12
kWh per account	13,026	13,172	13,205	12,672	13,433
Revenue per kWh - ¢	11.21	11.41	11.42	11.44	11.24
All other retail – annual:					
Revenue per account - \$	9,884.57	10,579.57	10,776.91	10,773.85	11,089.86
kWh per account	114,744	120,070	122,646	121,729	125,682
Revenue per kWh – ¢	8.61	8.81	8.79	8.85	8.82
Heating-cooling degree days	4,015	4,294	4,256	3,737	4,117

(1) Includes JEA's 50% share of the SJRPP's two coal-fired generating units (638 net megawatts each) and JEA's 23.64% share of Scherer's 846 net megawatt coal-fired generating Unit 4. System installed capacity is reported based on winter capacity.

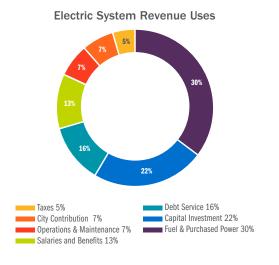


## **OPERATING SUMMARY: ELECTRIC SYSTEM, CONTINUED**

**Electric System, Bulk Power System and St Johns River Power Park** 

	2015-14	2014-13	2013-12	2012-11	2011-10
Electric revenues (000s omitted):					
Residential	\$619,897	\$608,983	\$580,893	\$601,581	\$686,706
Commercial and industrial	627,547	632,121	617,962	670,983	704,976
Public street lighting	11,982	13,943	14,661	15,311	15,347
Sales for resale	32,424	34,700	29,989	37,153	41,155
Florida Power & Light saleback	128,475	159,747	158,031	166,873	196,353
Total	1,420,325	1,449,494	1,401,536	1,491,901	1,644,537
Sales (megawatt hours):					
Residential	5,243,002	5,086,866	4,877,264	4,806,144	5,444,926
Commercial and industrial	6,767,836	6,636,445	6,599,249	6,670,200	6,908,240
Public street lighting	89,376	111,325	123,177	122,614	122,402
Sales for resale	417,361	473,695	372,208	448,968	494,501
Florida Power & Light saleback	1,862,122	2,003,682	1,810,651	1,806,781	2,492,559
Total	14,379,697	14,312,013	13,782,549	13,854,707	15,462,628
Average number of accounts:					
Residential	389,287	382,438	375,600	371,658	369,566
Commercial and industrial	50,867	48,999	47,709	47,230	46,710
Public street lighting	3,549	3,477	3,460	3,424	3,424
Total	443,703	434,914	426,769	422,312	419,700
System installed capacity – MW (1)	3,759	3,759	3,759	3,759	3,759
Peak demand - MW (60 minute net)	2,863	2,823	2,596	2,665	3,062
System load factor -%	51%	51%	54%	53%	50%
Residential averages – annual:					
Revenue per account - \$	1,592.39	1,592.37	1,546.57	1,618.64	1,858.14
kWh per account	13,468	13,301	12,985	12,932	14,733
Revenue per kWh – ¢	11.82	11.97	11.91	12.52	12.61
All other retail - annual:					
Revenue per account - \$	11,752.59	12,311.61	12,363.40	13,548.66	14,367.95
kWh per account	126,015	128,588	131,377	134,102	140,237
Revenue per kWh – ¢	9.33	9.57	9.41	10.10	10.25
Heating-cooling degree days	4,159	3,998	3,830	3,618	4,345

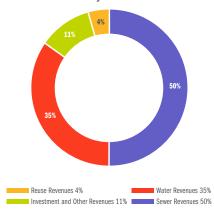
(1) Includes JEA's 50% share of the SJRPP's two coal-fired generating units (638 net megawatts each) and JEA's 23.64% share of Scherer's 846 net megawatt coal-fired generating Unit 4. System installed capacity is reported based on winter capacity.



## **OPERATING SUMMARY: WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM**

		2020-19	2019-18	2018-17	2017-16	2016-15
WATER	Water revenues (000s omitted):					
	Residential	\$100,316	\$96,699	\$91,954	\$96,615	\$89,946
	Commercial and industrial	47,011	47,619	47,494	47,969	46,212
	Irrigation	35,030	34,800	32,004	36,836	34,846
	Total	182,357	179,118	171,452	181,420	171,004
	Water sales (kgals):					
	Residential	18,839,990	17,921,588	16,932,812	17,624,952	17,086,586
	Commercial and industrial	13,540,631	13,958,000	14,023,130	13,402,094	13,343,376
	Irrigation	5,891,176	5,816,484	5,230,617	6,218,142	5,927,957
	Total	38,271,797	37,696,072	36,186,559	37,245,188	36,357,919
	Average number of accounts:					
	Residential	299,872	292,460	285,404	278,838	272,157
	Commercial and industrial	26,190	25,963	25,702	25,423	24,698
	Irrigation	37,535	37,212	37,053	36,755	36,284
	Total	363,597	355,635	348,159	341,016	333,139
	Residential averages – annual:					
	Revenue per account-\$	334.53	330.64	322.19	346.49	330.49
	kgals per account	62.83	61.28	59.33	63.21	62.78
	Revenue per kgal – \$	5.32	5.40	5.43	5.48	5.20
EWER	Sewer revenues (000s omitted):					
	Residential	\$151,893	\$146,186	\$139,174	\$143,967	\$135,288
	Commercial and industrial	109,682	110,724	108,126	107,446	103,733
	Total	261,575	256,910	247,300	251,413	239,019
	Volume (kgals):					
	Residential	16,405,359	15,717,129	14,623,682	15,225,124	14,614,020
	Commercial and industrial	11,754,843	12,009,667	11,716,940	11,487,646	11,203,632
	Total	28,160,202	27,726,796	26,340,622	26,712,770	25,817,658
	Average number of accounts:					
	Residential	266,460	259,308	252,531	246,187	239,738
	Commercial and industrial	18,644	18,507	18,340	18,149	17,983
	Total	285,104	277,815	270,871	264,336	257,719
	Residential averages – annual:					
	Revenue per account - \$	570.04	563.75	551.12	584.79	564.32
	kgals per account	61.57	60.61	57.91	61.84	60.96
	Revenue per kgal – \$	9.26	9.30	9.52	9.46	9.20
REUSE	Reuse revenues (000s omitted):	\$21,097	\$17,909	\$13,659	\$13,216	\$10,26
	Reuse sales (kgals):	4,426,905	3,884,210	3,119,739	3,290,311	2,644,040
	Average number of accounts:	17,031	14,267	11,498	9,391	7,498
RAINFALL	Inches	60.97	45.95	57.41	72.89	31.38
	Days	122	123	120	98	98

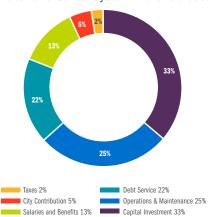
#### Water and Sewer System Revenue Sources



## **OPERATING SUMMARY: WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM, CONTINUED**

		2015-14	2014-13	2013-12	2012-11	2011-10
WATER	Water revenues (000s omitted):					
	Residential	\$86,215	\$83,014	\$81,832	\$83,390	\$81,859
	Commercial and industrial	45,078	43,647	42,809	43,629	40,299
	Irrigation	32,681	30,088	32,796	34,802	35,932
	Total	163,974	156,749	157,437	161,821	158,090
	Water sales (kgals):					
	Residential	16,271,698	15,507,752	15,741,904	16,589,517	18,485,853
	Commercial and industrial	12,870,984	12,131,400	11,777,128	12,134,488	12,271,645
	Irrigation	5,415,602	4,829,184	5,568,772	6,621,039	8,225,409
	Total	34,558,284	32,468,336	33,087,804	35,345,044	38,982,907
	Average number of accounts:					
	Residential	265,373	259,159	253,662	250,204	248,605
	Commercial and industrial	23,951	23,722	23,487	23,365	23,221
	Irrigation	36,028	35,827	35,765	35,652	35,559
	Total	325,352	318,708	312,914	309,221	307,385
	Residential averages – annual:					
	Revenue per account - \$	324.88	320.32	322.60	333.29	329.27
	kgals per account	61.32	59.84	62.06	66.30	74.36
	Revenue per kgal – \$	5.30	5.35	5.20	5.03	4.43
SEWER	Sewer revenues (000s omitted):					
	Residential	\$129,976	\$125,526	\$124,642	\$126,722	\$116,024
	Commercial and industrial	101,910	97,339	96,009	94,232	81,633
	Total	231,886	222,865	220,651	220,954	197,657
	Volume (kgals):					
	Residential	13,934,981	13,269,638	13,439,781	14,091,702	15,597,512
	Commercial and industrial	10,987,160	10,257,338	10,184,193	10,398,369	10,321,967
	Total	24,922,141	23,526,976	23,623,974	24,490,071	25,919,479
	Average number of accounts:					
	Residential	233,203	227,216	221,821	218,264	216,323
	Commercial and industrial	17,771	17,620	17,462	17,351	17,269
	Total	250,974	244,836	239,283	235,615	233,592
	Residential averages – annual:					
	Revenue per account-\$	557.35	552.45	561.90	580.59	536.35
	kgals per account	59.75	58.40	60.59	64.56	72.10
	Revenue per kgal-\$	9.33	9.46	9.27	8.99	7.44
REUSE	Reuse revenues (000s omitted):	\$7,378	\$5,533	\$4,551	\$3,936	\$3,622
<del>-</del>	Reuse sales (kgals):	1,783,730	1,300,838	1,109,653	1,330,359	1,551,175
	Average number of accounts:	5,891	4,501	3,143	2,241	1,666
RAINFALL	Inches	49.43	51.17	45.54	55.24	42.18
	Days	114	114	121	N/A	N/A

#### Water and Sewer System Revenue Uses



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#### **JEA** at a Glance

#### **Electric System**

- 485,000 customers
- 900 square miles of electric service area
- 7,161 miles of distribution
- 744 circuit miles of transmission

#### **Electric Generation**

- Northside Generating Station (NGS)
- Plant Scherer Unit 4 (Scherer)
- Brandy Branch (BB)
- Kennedy Station (KS)
- Greenland Energy Center (GEC)

#### **Generation Technologies**

- 2 circulating fluidized bed units (NGS)
- 1 oil/gas-fired turbine-generator unit (NGS)
- 4 diesel-fired combustion turbines (NGS)
- 1 pulverized coal unit (Scherer)
- 1 combined cycle unit (BB)
- 7 gas/diesel-fired combustion turbines
   (3 at BB, 2 at KS, 2 at GEC)
- 8 solar photovoltaic sites

#### **Electric Power Supply Mix**

- Natural Gas 63%
- Purchases 13%
- Coal 12%
- Petroleum coke 12%

#### **Water System**

- **363,597** customers
- 100% groundwater supply
- 38 active WTPs
  - 20 major, 18 minor
- 2 re-pump facilities
- 134 active wells
- 1 major grid (with 2 river-crossing interconnections),4 minor grids
- 4-county service area
- 4,874 mile delivery system

#### **Sewer System**

- 285,104 customers
- 11 treatment facilities
  - 7 regional, 4 non-regional
- 1,508 pump stations
- 4-county service area
- 4,179 mile collection system

#### **Reuse System**

- 17,031 customers
- 10 reclaimed water production facilities
- 2 storage and re-pump facilities
- 3 production and storage facilities
- 439 miles of pipe

#### **District Energy System**

- 4 chilled water plants
- Total capacity: 20,700 tons





## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND BOND COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

JEA

Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 With Report of Independent Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP



## Financial Statements, Supplementary Information, and Bond Compliance Information

#### Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

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Ernst & Young LLP 12926 Gran Bay Parkway West Fax: +1 904 358 4598 Suite 500 Jacksonville, FL 32258

Tel: +1 904 358 2000 ev.com

#### Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors JEA Jacksonville, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of JEA, a component unit of the City of Jacksonville as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise JEA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of JEA as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that Management's Disclosure and Analysis, the Schedule of JEA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of JEA Contributions, SJRPP Pension Plan – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, SJRPP Pension Plan – Investment Returns and Schedule of Contributions, OPEB Plan – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and OPEB Plan – Investment Returns and Schedule of Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The combining statements of net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows and Schedules of Debt Service Coverage as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the combining statements of net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows, as listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated December 11, 2020 on our consideration of JEA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of JEA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering JEA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 11, 2020

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Introduction

JEA is a municipal utility operating in Jacksonville, Florida (Duval County) and parts of three adjacent counties. The operation is composed of three enterprise funds – Electric Enterprise, Water and Sewer, and District Energy System (DES). Electric Enterprise is comprised of the JEA Electric System, Bulk Power Supply System (Scherer), and St. Johns River Power Park System (SJRPP). Electric Enterprise, Water and Sewer, and DES funds are presented on a combined basis in the accompanying statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statements of cash flows.

#### Overview of the Combined Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to JEA's basic financial statements. The information presented here should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes.

The basic financial statements are presented on a comparative basis for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. The statements of net position present JEA's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual reported as net position. Revenue and expense information is presented in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The accompanying statements of cash flows present JEA's sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents and are presented using the direct method. This method provides broad categories of cash receipts and cash disbursements pertaining to cash provided by or used in operations, investing, and financing activities.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of JEA's basic financial statements and contain information on accounting principles and additional information on certain components of these statements.

The following tables summarize the financial condition and operations of JEA for the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years:

#### **Condensed Statements of Net Position**

	2020		2019		2018	
			(In	millions)		
Assets and deferred outflows of resources						
Current assets	\$	726	\$	753	\$	874
Other noncurrent assets		1,451		1,517		1,677
Net capital assets		5,511		5,466		5,380
Deferred outflows of resources		468		461		435
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	8,156	\$	8,197	\$	8,366
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources						
Current liabilities	\$	194	\$	200	\$	207
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		240		371		367
Net pension liability		641		566		544
Other noncurrent liabilities		93		110		91
Long-term debt		3,506		3,696		4,053
Deferred inflows of resources		258		301		348
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets		2,584		2,249		1,857
Restricted		355		400		542
Unrestricted		285		304		357
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	8,156	\$	8,197	\$	8,366

#### Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

		2020	2019	2018	
	(In millions)				
Operating revenues	\$	1,714 \$	1,752 \$	1,790	
Operating expenses		(1,262)	(1,340)	(1,399)	
Operating income		452	412	391	
Nonoperating expenses, net		(95)	(111)	(131)	
Contributions		(86)	(103)	(89)	
Special Item		-	_	(45)	
Change in net position		271	198	126	
Net position – beginning of the year		2,953	2,755	2,629	
Net position – end of the year	\$	3,224 \$	2,953 \$	2,755	

#### Financial Analysis of JEA for fiscal years 2020 and 2019

#### 2020 Compared to 2019

#### **Electric Enterprise**

#### Operating Revenues

Total operating revenues decreased approximately \$59 million (4.5%) and total megawatt hours (MWh) sales decreased 262,985 (2.1%) compared to fiscal year 2019. Revenues from territorial sales decreased \$39 million and territorial MWh sales were down 181,834 MWh (1.5%). The territorial sales decrease was comprised of a \$10 million decrease in base revenues and a \$29 million decrease in fuel revenues. The \$10 million decrease in base revenues was driven by a decrease in consumption. The \$29 million decrease in fuel revenues was primarily the result of a \$23 million fuel credit provided to customers and a decrease in consumption. Lower consumption was associated with COVID-19 shutdowns and partially offset by a 1.9 percent increase in customers. Off system revenues decreased by approximately \$4 million and MWhs decreased by 81,151 driven by lower sales to The Energy Authority. Stabilization fund revenues decreased \$12 million (see note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional information). There was also a \$2 million decrease in revenues due to an increase in allowance for doubtful accounts for the COVID-19 pandemic. Other operating revenue decreased \$2 million driven by lower late and reconnection fees due to the COVID-19 suspension of late fees and disconnections (see note 16, Disaster Costs, for additional information). Additionally, mutual aid revenues increased by \$2 million for Hurricanes Michael and Florence, and transmission and SJRPP revenues each decreased by \$1 million.

#### Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses decreased approximately \$97 million (9.6%), compared to fiscal year 2019.

Fuel and purchased power expense decreased \$90 million (19.2 percent), primarily driven by:

- a \$82 million decrease as a result of lower MWh purchased (1,634,084 MWh, 49.1%);
- a \$70 million decrease in generation costs primarily driven by lower fuel prices;
- a \$32 million increase in purchased power cost; and
- a \$30 million increase as a result of higher MWh generated (1,297,497 MWh, 13.5%).

As commodity prices have fluctuated over these periods, the mix between generation and purchased power has shifted as JEA has taken advantage of the most economical sources of power. JEA's power supply mix is detailed below.

	FY 2020	FY 2019		
Natural gas	63%	49%		
Purchases	13%	26%		
Coal	12%	16%		
Petroleum coke	12%	9%		
Total	100%	100%		

Operating expenses, other than fuel and purchased power, decreased approximately \$7 million, compared to fiscal year 2019.

Maintenance and other operating expenses increased \$11 million. The drivers for the increase were a \$16 million increase in compensation and benefits, primarily related to SJRPP pension contributions and COVID-19 stipends, a \$5 million increase in professional services, and a \$2 million increase in insurance costs. These increases were offset by a \$5 million decrease in maintenance, a \$3 million decrease in industrial services, a \$2 million decrease in Plant Scherer costs, and a \$2 million decrease in environmental costs.

Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net decreased \$12 million due to a decrease in environmental projects paid from the rate stabilization fund. Depreciation expense decreased \$5 million due to a decrease in the depreciable base. State utility and franchise taxes decreased \$2 million due to lower electric revenue taxable sales. Interfund utility charges to the Electric Enterprise fund increased \$1 million.

#### Water and Sewer Enterprise

#### Operating Revenues

Total operating revenues increased approximately \$20 million (4.3%) compared to fiscal year 2019. Water revenues increased \$3 million (1.8%) due to a 1.5% increase in consumption and a 2.2% increase in customer accounts. Water consumption increased 575,725 kilogallons (kgals) to 38,271,797 kgals. Sewer revenues increased approximately \$5 million (1.8%) primarily related to a 1.6% increase in sales and a 2.6% increase in sewer accounts. Sewer sales increased 433,406 kgals to 28,160,202 kgals. Reuse revenues increased approximately \$3 million (17.8%), primarily related to a 19.4% increase in reuse accounts and a 14.0% increase in sales. Reuse sales increased 542,695 kgals to 4,426,905 kgals. Water and sewer revenues also increased due to a \$9 million net increase in transfers from stabilization funds (see note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional information). There was also a \$1 million decrease in revenues due to an increase in allowance for doubtful accounts for the COVID-19 pandemic. Other operating revenues increased by \$1 million driven by mutual aid revenues.

#### Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased \$19 million (5.6%), compared to fiscal year 2019. Maintenance and other expenses increased \$15 million due to a \$5 million increase in compensation and benefits, a \$4 million increase in professional services, a \$2 million increase in interlocal payments, a \$2 million increase in maintenance, a \$1 million increase in insurance costs, and a \$1 million increase in industrial services. Depreciation expense increased \$8 million due to an increase in the depreciable base. Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net decreased \$4 million due to a decrease in environmental projects paid from the rate stabilization fund.

#### **District Energy System**

#### Operating Revenues

Operating revenues remained flat when compared to fiscal year 2019 at \$9 million.

#### Operating Expenses

Operating expenses remained flat when compared to fiscal year 2019 at \$7 million.

#### Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

There was a decrease of approximately \$16 million (14.8%) in total nonoperating expenses, net over the prior year. Detailed below are the drivers.

	FY 2020		
	(in millions)		
Changes in nonoperating expenses, net			
Decrease in interest on debt	\$	34	
Decrease in investment income		(14)	
Decrease in investment gains – fair value adjustments		(10)	
Increase in allowance for funds used during construction		6	
Decrease in customer deposit interest		2	
Decrease in other nonoperating income - timber		(2)	
Total change in nonoperating expenses, net	\$	16	

#### 2019 Compared to 2018

#### Electric Enterprise

#### Operating Revenues

Total operating revenues decreased approximately \$66 million (4.8%) compared to fiscal year 2018. Electric revenues decreased \$7 million and other operating revenues decreased by \$59 million.

The \$7 million decrease in electric revenues was driven by a \$29 million decrease in sales to Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) as a result of the shutdown of SJRPP in January 2018. That decrease was mostly offset by a \$16 million net increase in transfers from stabilization funds (see note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional information) and a \$6 million increase in territorial sales. Territorial MWh sales were up 40,695 MWh (0.3%), driven by a 0.9% increase in degree days that was partially offset by a 1.6% decrease in average MWhs per customer. SJRPP Sales to FPL decreased by 332,467 MWh and off-system sales increased by 25,494 MWh, which brought the change to a net decrease in MWh sales of 266,278 MWh (2.1%).

The decrease in other operating revenues was due to the cycling of the prior year FPL shutdown payment. See the St. Johns River Power Park section of note 3, Asset Retirement Obligations, for further details.

#### Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses decreased approximately \$83 million (7.5%), compared to fiscal year 2018.

Fuel and purchased power expense decreased approximately \$65 million (12.2%), compared to fiscal year 2018. Costs decreased by \$76 million while MWh generated and purchased increased by \$11 million. As commodity prices have fluctuated over these periods, the mix between generation and purchased power has shifted as JEA has taken advantage of the most economical sources of power. In addition, the shutdown of the SJRPP power plant has decreased power production sourced by coal significantly. Total MWh power volumes increased 0.7% compared to fiscal year 2018 to 12,964,577 MWh, with an increase of 39.8% for MWh purchased and a decrease of 8.2% for MWh generated. Detailed below is JEA's power supply mix.

	FY 2019	FY 2018	
Natural gas	49%	48%	
Purchases	26%	18%	
Coal	16%	22%	
Petroleum coke	9%	12%	
Total	100%	100%	

Operating expenses, other than fuel and purchased power, decreased approximately \$18 million, compared to fiscal year 2018.

Maintenance and other operating expenses decreased \$46 million. The drivers for the decrease were a \$49 million reduction in SJRPP operating expenses due to the plant shutdown, a \$14 million decrease in Scherer capital improvements and operating costs as outage years are in even-numbered years, and a \$4 million decrease in industrial services. These decreases were offset by an \$11 million increase in professional services, an \$8 million increase in compensation and benefits, a \$1 million increase in insurance, and a \$1 million increase in maintenance.

Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net increased \$33 million due to a \$22 million increase in environmental projects paid from the rate stabilization fund and \$11 million in higher deferred cost amortization, primarily related to the reduced depreciation for SJRPP capital assets subsequent to the impairment. See the St. Johns River Power Park section of note 3, Asset Retirement Obligations, for additional details. Depreciation expense decreased \$6 million due to a decrease in the depreciable base, driven by the impairment of the SJRPP capital assets due to the shutdown of the SJRPP plant. State utility and franchise taxes increased \$1 million due to higher electric revenue taxable sales.

#### Water and Sewer Enterprise

#### Operating Revenues

Total operating revenues increased approximately \$28 million (6.5%) compared to fiscal year 2018. Water revenues increased \$8 million (4.5%) due to a 4.2% increase in consumption and a 2.1% increase in customer accounts. Water consumption increased 1,509,513 kgals to 37,696,072 kgals. Sewer revenues increased approximately \$9 million (3.9%) primarily related to a 5.3% increase in sales and a 2.6% increase in sewer accounts. Sewer sales increased 1,386,174 kgals to 27,726,796 kgals. Reuse revenues increased approximately \$4 million (31.1%), primarily related to a 24.1% increase in reuse accounts and a 24.5% increase in sales. Reuse sales increased 764,471 kgals to 3,884,210 kgals. Water and sewer revenues also increased due to a \$5 million net increase in transfers from stabilization funds. See note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional information. Other operating revenues increased by \$2 million as a result of increases in miscellaneous service revenues.

#### Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased \$24 million (7.6%), compared to fiscal year 2018. Maintenance and other expenses increased \$11 million due to a \$7 million increase in compensation and benefits and a \$4 million increase in professional and industrial services. Depreciation expense increased \$8 million due to an increase in the depreciable base. Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net increased \$5 million due to an increase in environmental projects paid from the rate stabilization fund.

#### District Energy System

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues remained flat when compared to fiscal year 2018 at \$9 million.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses remained flat when compared to fiscal year 2018 at \$7 million.

#### Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

There was a decrease of approximately \$20 million (14.9%) in total nonoperating expenses, net over the prior year. Detailed below are the drivers.

	FY 2019 (in millions)		
Changes in nonoperating expenses, net			
Write-off of losses on refundings due to defeasances	\$	(24)	
Investment gains – fair value adjustments		17	
Decrease in scheduled interest on debt		16	
Increase in investment income		11	
Increase in allowance for funds used during construction		2	
Cycling of prior year gain on sale of assets		(2)	
Decrease in The Energy Authority earnings		(2)	
Increase in other nonoperating income - timber		2	
Total change in nonoperating expenses, net	\$	20	

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration for Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019

#### Capital Assets

JEA's total investment in capital assets and capital expenditures are detailed below.

	Total Investment				Additions			
(Dollars in millions)	Septembe	r 30, 2020	Septem	ber 30, 2019	FY	2020	FY	2019
Electric Enterprise	\$	2,684	\$	2,684	\$	203	\$	277
Water and Sewer Enterprise		2,793		2,748		197		209
District Energy System		34		33		4		1
Total	\$	5,511	\$	5,465	\$	404	\$	487

With the adoption of the depreciation ratemaking policy in 2014, the depreciation of contributed assets are not included in rates charged to customers, because it has already been recovered with the contribution. In accordance with GASB 62, the contributed assets will be expensed in capital contributions as a reduction of plant cost through contributions. During fiscal year 2020, \$2 million of contributed capital related to the Electric System and \$75 million related to Water and Sewer System was recorded as a reduction of plant cost through contributions. During fiscal year 2019, \$5 million of contributed capital related to the Electric System and \$62 million related to Water and Sewer System was recorded as a reduction of plant cost through contributions.

JEA has ongoing capital improvement programs for the Electric Enterprise Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund. The capital programs consist of: (a) the Electric Enterprise Fund capital requirements for improvements to existing generating facilities that are determined to be necessary as a result of JEA's annual resource planning process; (b) the Electric Enterprise Fund's capital requirements for transmission and distribution facilities and other capital items; and (c) the Water and Sewer Fund capital requirements that are determined to be necessary as a result of the annual resource planning process. The cost of the capital improvement program is planned to be primarily provided from revenues generated from operations, existing construction fund balances, and a potential issuance of new debt in the Water and Sewer Fund.

#### **Debt Administration**

Debt outstanding at September 30, 2020, was \$3,257 million, a decrease of approximately \$364 million from the prior fiscal year. This decrease was due to defeasance of principal of \$523 million and scheduled principal payments of \$193 million, being partially offset by new debt issued of \$352 million.

Debt outstanding at September 30, 2019, was \$3,621 million, a decrease of approximately \$379 million from the prior fiscal year. This decrease was due to defeasance of principal of \$195 million and scheduled principal payments of \$186 million, being partially offset by new debt issued of \$2 million.

JEA's debt ratings on its long-term debt per Fitch remained unchanged from fiscal year 2019. On February 21, 2020, Standard & Poor's lowered its ratings with respect to the Bonds of JEA as follows:

- (a) with respect to Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and Water and Sewer Subordinated Revenue Bonds, the long term ratings were lowered to "AA+" from "AAA" and to "AA" from "AA+," respectively, and
- (b) with respect to DES Revenue Bonds, the long-term ratings were lowered to "AA" from "AA+."

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

On September 28, 2020, Moody's Investors Service raised its ratings with respect to the Bonds of JEA as follows:

- (c) with respect to Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and Water and Sewer Subordinated Revenue Bonds, the long term ratings were each raised to "Aa3" from "A2" and
- (d) with respect to DES Revenue Bonds, the long-term ratings were raised to "A1" from "A3."

	2020				2019							
	•	Water and			District		Water and			District		
	Electric	Sewer			Energy	Electric	Sewer			Energy		
	System	System	SJRPP	Scherer	System	System	System	SJRPP	Scherer	System		
Senior debt												
Moody's Investors Service	A2	Aa3	A2	A2	A1	A2	A2	A2	A2	A3		
Standard & Poor's	A+	AA+	A+	A+	AA	A+	AAA	A+	A+	AA+		
Fitch	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA		
Subordinated debt												
Moody's Investors Service	A3	Aa3	*	*	*	A3	A2	*	*	*		
Standard & Poor's	Α	AA	*	*	*	Α	AA+	*	*	*		
Fitch	AA	AA	*	*	*	AA	AA	*	*	*		

<sup>\*</sup> There are no subordinated bonds related to this system.

### Currently Known Facts Expected to have a Significant Effect on Financial Position and/or Changes in Operations

#### Setting of Rates

The setting of rates is the responsibility of the Board. Base rate changes are implemented after a public rate hearing and Board approval. Fuel rate changes are implemented solely with Board approval. At the April 2020 meeting, the Board approved a one-time Fuel Charge credit to all customers in May 2020. JEA has an ongoing plan to review, update and, where possible, expand its rate options to provide customers more rate choices for their utility services.

#### Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of JEA's finances for all those with an interest in JEA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Controller, JEA, 21 West Church Street, Jacksonville, Florida, 32202.

### **Audited Financial Statements**

JEA

### Statements of Net Position (In Thousands)

Assets         2020         2019           Current assets:         Cash and cash equivalents investments         3.87,448         \$ 141,438           Investments         3.87,148         \$ 141,438           Investments         3,107         2,399           Customer accounts receivable, netofallowance (\$3,864 for 2020 and \$1,341 for 2019)         219,814         227,311           Inventories:         Materials and supplies         61,663         58,962           Fuel         37,822         30,898           Other current assets         16,664         19,109           Total current assets         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets         253,984         265,784           Restricted assets         253,984         265,784           Cash and cash equivalents         253,984         265,784           Investments         11,011         1,071           Total restricted assets         311,13         380,255           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         5,511,75         5,465,444           Total procurrent assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           <		September			er
Current assets:         \$ 387,148         \$ 414,438           Cash and cash equivalents         3,107         2,399           Customer accounts receivable, net of allowance (\$3,864 for 2020 and \$1,341 for 2019)         219,814         227,331           Inventories:         Waterials and supplies         61,663         58,962           Fuel         37,822         30,898           Other current assets         16,364         19,109           Total current assets:         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         8         253,984         265,784           Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Net capital assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881 </th <th></th> <th colspan="3">2020</th> <th>2019</th>		2020			2019
Cash and cash equivalents investments         \$ 387,148         \$ 414,438 investments           Customer accounts receivable, net of allowance (\$3,864 for 2020 and \$1,341 for 2019)         219,814         227,331           Inventories:         ************************************	Assets				
Investments         3,107         2,399           Customer accounts receivable, net of allowance (\$3,864 for 2020 and \$1,341 for 2019)         219,814         227,331           Inventories:         Malerials and supplies         61,663         58,962           Fuel         37,822         30,898           Other current assets         16,364         19,109           Total current assets         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         8         8           Restricted assets:         253,984         265,784           Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unrealized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875	Current assets:				
Customer accounts receivable, net of allowance (\$3,864 for 2020 and \$1,341 for 2019)         219,814         227,331           Inventories:         861,663         58,962           Fuel         37,822         30,898           Other current assets         16,364         19,109           Total current assets:         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         8         8           Restricted assets:         8         253,984         265,784           Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         30,241         50,329	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	387,148	\$	414,438
Inventories:         Materials and supplies         61,663         58,962           Fuel         37,822         30,898           Other current assets         16,364         19,109           Total current assets         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         8         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         8         8         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         8         253,984         265,784           Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241	Investments		3,107		2,399
Fuel         37,822         30,898           Other current assets         16,364         19,109           Total current assets         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         Restricted assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         253,984         265,784           Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         2         143,881         131,554           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	,		219,814		227,331
Other current assets         16,364         19,109           Total current assets         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         Restricted assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         253,984         265,784           Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         2         143,881         131,554           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         179,286         161,485           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Materials and supplies		61,663		58,962
Total current assets         725,918         753,137           Noncurrent assets:         Restricted assets:         253,984         265,784           Cash and cash equivalents         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unamortized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875           Unrealized asset refirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Fuel		37,822		30,898
Noncurrent assets:           Restricted assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         253,984         265,784           Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         143,881         131,554           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Other current assets		16,364		19,109
Restricted assets:       253,984       265,784         Cash and cash equivalents       311,130       380,250         Accounts and interest receivable       1,071       1,071         Total restricted assets       566,185       647,105         Costs to be recovered from future revenues       852,314       851,046         Other assets       32,221       19,016         Total noncurrent assets       1,450,720       1,517,167         Net capital assets       5,511,175       5,465,444         Total assets       7,687,813       7,735,748         Deferred outflows of resources       461,485         Unrealized pension contributions and losses       143,881       131,554         Unamortized deferred losses on refundings       100,314       108,875         Unrealized asset retirement obligation       35,241       50,329         Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses       9,406       9,100         Total deferred outflows of resources       468,128       461,343	Total current assets		725,918		753,137
Investments         311,130         380,250           Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         461,485         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unmortized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875           Unrealized asset refirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343					
Accounts and interest receivable         1,071         1,071           Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         461,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unmortized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Cash and cash equivalents		253,984		265,784
Total restricted assets         566,185         647,105           Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         40,485         10,485           Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unamortized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Investments		311,130		380,250
Costs to be recovered from future revenues         852,314         851,046           Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources         461,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unamortized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Accounts and interest receivable		1,071		1,071
Other assets         32,221         19,016           Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources           Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unamortized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Total restricted assets		566,185		647,105
Total noncurrent assets         1,450,720         1,517,167           Net capital assets         5,511,175         5,465,444           Total assets         7,687,813         7,735,748           Deferred outflows of resources           Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives         179,286         161,485           Unrealized pension contributions and losses         143,881         131,554           Unamortized deferred losses on refundings         100,314         108,875           Unrealized asset retirement obligation         35,241         50,329           Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses         9,406         9,100           Total deferred outflows of resources         468,128         461,343	Costs to be recovered from future revenues		852,314		851,046
Net capital assets 5,511,175 5,465,444  Total assets 7,687,813 7,735,748  Deferred outflows of resources Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives 179,286 161,485 Unrealized pension contributions and losses 143,881 131,554 Unamortized deferred losses on refundings 100,314 108,875 Unrealized asset retirement obligation 35,241 50,329 Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses 9,406 9,100 Total deferred outflows of resources 468,128 461,343	Other assets		32,221		19,016
Total assets  Total assets  7,687,813  7,735,748  Deferred outflows of resources  Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives Unrealized pension contributions and losses Unamortized deferred losses on refundings Unrealized asset retirement obligation Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses  Total deferred outflows of resources  7,687,813  7,735,748  161,485  179,286 161,485 131,554  Unamortized deferred losses on refundings 100,314 108,875  Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses 9,406 9,100  Total deferred outflows of resources 468,128 461,343	Total noncurrent assets		1,450,720		1,517,167
Deferred outflows of resources  Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives  Unrealized pension contributions and losses  Unamortized deferred losses on refundings  Unrealized asset retirement obligation  Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses  Total deferred outflows of resources  179,286  161,485  131,554  100,314  108,875  10,329  100,314  50,329  100,329  100,314  100,314  100,329  100,314  100,314  100,329  100,314	Net capital assets		5,511,175		5,465,444
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives179,286161,485Unrealized pension contributions and losses143,881131,554Unamortized deferred losses on refundings100,314108,875Unrealized asset retirement obligation35,24150,329Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses9,4069,100Total deferred outflows of resources468,128461,343	Total assets		7,687,813		7,735,748
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives179,286161,485Unrealized pension contributions and losses143,881131,554Unamortized deferred losses on refundings100,314108,875Unrealized asset retirement obligation35,24150,329Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses9,4069,100Total deferred outflows of resources468,128461,343	Deferred outflows of resources				
Unrealized pension contributions and losses143,881131,554Unamortized deferred losses on refundings100,314108,875Unrealized asset refirement obligation35,24150,329Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses9,4069,100Total deferred outflows of resources468,128461,343	Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		179,286		161,485
Unrealized asset retirement obligation35,24150,329Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses9,4069,100Total deferred outflows of resources468,128461,343			•		
Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses 9,406 9,100 Total deferred outflows of resources 468,128 461,343	·		100,314		
Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses 9,406 9,100 Total deferred outflows of resources 468,128 461,343	•		•		,
Total deferred outflows of resources 468,128 461,343	<u> </u>		•		
	Total deferred outflows of resources				
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	•	\$	

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# Statements of Net Position (continued) (In Thousands)

Liabilities		September			er
Curent liabilities:         71,304         73,304           Cusbmer deposits and prepayments         67,279         53,813           Accounts and accrued expenses payable         67,279         53,813           Billings on behalf of state and local governments         25,959         26,292           Compensation and benefits payable         10,255         10,269           Asserteriement obligations         4,136         18,884           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         200,474           Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         102,700         192,555           Interest payable         45,366         66,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,332         371,000           Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,000           Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,145         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,145         31,425           Compensation and benefits payable         31,45 <th></th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th></th>			-		
Customer deposits and prepayments         \$ 71,304         \$ 73,974           Accounts and accrued expenses payable         67,279         53,879           Sillilings on behalf of salte and local governments         25,959         26,292           Compensation and benefits payable         11,255         17,242           City of Jacksonville payable home restricted assets         193,532         200,474           Current liabilities         193,532         200,474           Current liabilities payable from restricted assets         102,700         192,555           Debt due within one year         102,700         192,555           Interest payable         22,855         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,060           Noncurrent liabilities         641,086         566,372           Asset retirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         46,362         675,913           Asset retirement obligations         31,44,590         3,428,080           Total other noncurrent liabilities         20,582         30,060 <td>Liabilities</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Accounts and accrued expenses payable         67,279         53,813           Billings on behalf of site and local governments         25,959         20,295           Compensation and benefits payable         11,295         11,296           City of Jacksonville payable         10,255         10,269           Asset retirement obligations         4,136         18,884           Total current liabilities         193,532         200,474           Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         200,474         192,555           Interest payable         52,856         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         64,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,555           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,000           Noncourrent liabilities         33,932         371,000           Noncourrent liabilities         31,105         34,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,145         34,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,445         34,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,445         34,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,454         34,445 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Billings on behalf of stake and local governments         25,959         26,292           Compensation and benefits payable         11,599         17,262           City of Jacksonville payable         10,255         10,269           Asserteritement obligations         4,136         18,884           Total current liabilities         193,532         200,474           Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         Uniform the liabilities of payable from restricted assets         102,700         192,555           Interest payable         52,856         64,775         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         66,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,000           Noncurrent liabilities         3,100         31,405           Total current liabilities         31,105         31,405           Asset retirement obligations         31,105         31,405           Compensation and benefits payable         464,086         566,372           Net pension liabilities         73,418         675,913           Other liabilities         73,418         675,913           Long-term debt         3,145,590		\$		\$	
Compensation and benefits payable         14,599         17,242           City of Jackson/ile payable         10,255         10,269           Asset retirement obligations         4,136         18,884           Total current liabilities         193,532         200,474           Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         Use of the within one year         102,700         192,555           Interest payable         56,366         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         37,910         46,955           Noncurrent liabilities         641,086         566,372           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,100         46,955           Total current liabilities         641,086         566,372           Renewal and replacement reserve         31,105         31,445           Conjugation and benefits payable         31,145         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liabilities         31,345         30,506           Total other noncurrent liabilities and particles         3,54,590         3,428,006					
City of Jacksonville payable         10,255         10,269           Asset refrement obligations         4,136         18,884           Total current liabilities         193,532         200,474           Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         200,475         40,366         64,775           Debt due within one year         102,700         192,555         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities:         70,000         30,000           Noncurrent liabilities:         80,000         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable from restricted assets         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,345         675,913           Other inabilities         20,556         30,406           Otal other noncurrent liabilities         31,345         675,913           Long-lerm debt         31,345         675,913           Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,000           Unamorized premium, net         174,205         118,125					
Assetretirementobligations   A,136   18,84     Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Total current liabilities         193,532         200,474           Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         102,700         192,555           Debt due within one year         102,700         192,555           Interest payable         52,856         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,060           Noncurrent liabilities:         ***         ***           Net pension liability         641,086         566,372           Asset referement obligations         31,145         20,343           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,991         18,256           Other liabilities         734,180         675,913           Total order noncurrent liabilities         73,156,590         3,428,080           Unary-term debt         20,586         30,400           Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unary-term debt         2,584,080         3,560,683         3,560,683           Total liabilities         26,782<	·				
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:         102,700         192,555           Interest payable         52,856         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,060           Noncurrent liabilities:         84,966         566,372           Net pension liability         641,086         566,372           Asset refirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,991         18,256           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         31,342         29,356         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamorized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Peitr and debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690					
Debtdue within one year         102,700         192,505           Interest payable         52,856         64,775           Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,000           Noncurrent liabilities:         Variety of the payable from restricted assets         80,000         641,086         566,372           Asset refirement obligations         31,105         31,445         31,442         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,256         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         3,154,590         3,428,080           Total other noncurrent portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,281         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,596,092           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total long-term debt         206,782         238,690 <t< th=""><th>Total current liabilities</th><th></th><th>193,532</th><th></th><th>200,474</th></t<>	Total current liabilities		193,532		200,474
Interest payable	Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Construction contracts and accounts payable         46,366         66,775           Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,060           Noncurrent liabilities :         ************************************	Debt due within one year		102,700		192,555
Renewal and replacement reserve         37,910         46,955           Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,060           Noncurrent liabilities:         8         566,372           Net pension liability         641,086         566,372           Asset retirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,255           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total liabilities         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,04         50,880           Unrealized pension gains         24,04         50,880           Unrealized pension gains         24,04         50,880           Un	Interest payable		52,856		64,775
Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets         239,832         371,060           Noncurrent liabilities:         Net pension liability         641,086         566,372           Asset retirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,256           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590         3,428,080           Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,596,092           Total iabilities         206,782         238,690           Verered inflows of resources         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         24,304         50,880           Verered inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2,584,074<	Construction contracts and accounts payable		46,366		66,775
Noncurrent liabilities:         Net pension liability         641,086         566,372           Asset refirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,256           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590         3,428,080           Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690           Deferred inflows of resources         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         5,294         11,244           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         204,8	Renewal and replacement reserve		37,910		46,955
Net pension liability         641,086         566,372           Asset retirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,256           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2,584,074         2,248,663           Restricted for:         2,584,074         2,248,663 <td< td=""><td>Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets</td><td></td><td>239,832</td><td></td><td>371,060</td></td<>	Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets		239,832		371,060
Net pension liability         641,086         566,372           Asset retirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,256           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2,584,074         2,248,663           Restricted for:         2,584,074         2,248,663 <td< td=""><td>Noncurrent liabilities:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Noncurrent liabilities:				
Asset retirement obligations         31,105         31,445           Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,256           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590         3,428,080           Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         177,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,205         118,125           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690           Deferred inflows of resources         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         204,855         165,186           Net prosition         204,855         165,186      <			641.086		566.372
Compensation and benefits payable         31,342         29,434           Net OPEB liability         10,091         18,256           Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Total liabilities         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Capital projects         204,855					
Net OPEB liability Other liabilities         10,091 20,556 30,406           Other liabilities         20,556 30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180 675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590 3,428,080           Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590 118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288 149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083 3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627 4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources         206,782 238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304 50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294 11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944 1,249           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324 300,819           Net position         2248,863 300,819           Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074 2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855 165,186           Capital projects         204,855 165,186           Debt service         101,558 193,666           Other purposes         48,617 42,005           Unrestricted         284,866 303,616           Total net position         3,223,990 2,952,733					•
Other liabilities         20,556         30,406           Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         11,249         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position           Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Capital projects         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Ofter purposes         48,617         42,005 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Total other noncurrent liabilities         734,180         675,913           Long-term debt.         3,154,590         3,428,080           Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized opension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position           Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Capital projects         204,855         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886 <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	·				
Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Capital projects         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733					
Debt payable, less current portion         3,154,590         3,428,080           Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Capital projects         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733					
Unamortized premium, net         174,205         118,125           Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2         2584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         2         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733			0.454.500		0.400.000
Fair value of debt management strategy instruments         177,288         149,887           Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position           Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733					
Total long-term debt         3,506,083         3,696,092           Total liabilities         4,673,627         4,943,539           Deferred inflows of resources           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position           Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	•				
Deferred inflows of resources         206,782         238,690           Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733					
Deferred inflows of resources         Revenues to be used for future costs       206,782       238,690         Unrealized pension gains       24,304       50,880         Unrealized OPEB gains       15,294       11,249         Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives       11,944       -         Total deferred inflows of resources       258,324       300,819         Net position         Net investment in capital assets       2,584,074       2,248,863         Restricted for:       204,855       165,186         Debt service       101,558       193,063         Other purposes       48,617       42,005         Unrestricted       284,886       303,616         Total net position       3,223,990       2,952,733	· ·				
Revenues to be used for future costs         206,782         238,690           Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	lotal liabilities		4,673,627		4,943,539
Unrealized pension gains         24,304         50,880           Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         Value of the position of the purposes of the purpose of	Deferred inflows of resources				
Unrealized OPEB gains         15,294         11,249           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position         Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         Capital projects         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Revenues to be used for future costs		206,782		238,690
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         11,944         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         258,324         300,819           Net position           Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Unrealized pension gains		24,304		50,880
Net position         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Capital projects         204,855         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Unrealized OPEB gains		15,294		11,249
Net position         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         204,855         165,186           Capital projects         204,855         193,063           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives		11,944		-
Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         Capital projects         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Total deferred inflows of resources		258,324		300,819
Net investment in capital assets         2,584,074         2,248,863           Restricted for:         Capital projects         204,855         165,186           Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Net position				
Restricted for:         Capital projects       204,855       165,186         Debt service       101,558       193,063         Other purposes       48,617       42,005         Unrestricted       284,886       303,616         Total net position       3,223,990       2,952,733			2,584,074		2,248,863
Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	·				
Debt service         101,558         193,063           Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Capital projects		204,855		165,186
Other purposes         48,617         42,005           Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733					•
Unrestricted         284,886         303,616           Total net position         3,223,990         2,952,733	Other purposes		•		
Total net position 3,223,990 2,952,733					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total net position				
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	8,155,941	\$	8,197,091

JEA
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

	September			
		2020		2019
Operating revenues				
Electric	\$	1,203,688	\$	1,259,815
Water and sewer		469,914		450,116
District energy system		8,235		8,504
Other		32,621		33,526
Total operating revenues		1,714,458		1,751,961
Operating expenses				
Operations and maintenance:				
Maintenance and other operating expenses		422,925		395,692
Fuel		290,965		330,328
Purchased power		85,046		135,245
Depreciation		365,146		362,313
State utility and franchise taxes		69,769		71,569
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net		28,619		44,792
Total operating expenses		1,262,470		1,339,939
Operating income		451,988		412,022
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Interest on debt		(141,213)		(175,046)
Investment income		15,721		39,745
Allowance for funds used during construction		19,713		14,099
Other nonoperating income, net		7,370		9,082
Earnings from The Energy Authority		2,848		2,412
Other interest, net		666		(1,626)
Total nonoperating expenses, net		(94,895)		(111,334)
Income before contributions		357,093		300,688
Contributions (to) from				
General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida		(118,824)		(132,802)
Developers and other		109,546		97,726
Reduction of plant cost through contributions		(76,558)		(68,188)
Total contributions not		(85,836)		(103,264)
Total contributions, net		(00,000)		
Change in net position	_	271,257		197,424
		•	\$	197,424 2,755,309 2,952,733

JEA

### Statements of Cash Flows

(In Thousands)

		Septembe	er 2019
Operating activities	¢	4 657 762   ¢	1 606 075
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	1,657,763 \$ (612,098)	1,686,275 (716,656)
Payments to employees		(262,229)	(233,377)
Other operating activities		34,063	33,088
Net cash provided by operating activities		817,499	769,330
Noncapital and related financing activities			
Contribution to General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida		(118,733)	(132,707)
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities		(118,733)	(132,707)
Capital and related financing activities			
Defeasance of debt		(523,050)	(195,045)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(409,139)	(466,730)
Proceeds received from debt		352,260	2,000
Repayment of debt principal		(192,555)	(185,790)
Interest paid on debt		(154,096)	(169,836)
Capital contributions		32,988	29,538
Other capital financing activities		69,890	(3,835)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(823,702)	(989,698)
Investing activities		(	(44= 400)
Purchase of investments		(268,366)	(415,403)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments		339,818	863,004
Investment income		13,166	27,471
Distributions from The Energy Authority		1,228	2,443
Net cash provided by investing activities		85,846	477,515
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(39,090)	124,440
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		680,222	555,782
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	641,132 \$	680,222
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	•	454 000 A	440,000
Operating income	\$	451,988 \$	412,022
Adjustments:		200 244	202 524
Depreciation and amortization		366,311	363,534
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net		28,619	44,792
Other nonoperating income, net Changes in noncash assets and noncash liabilities:		373	2,035
Accounts receivable		7,062	(5,888)
Accounts receivable, restricted			8
Inventories		(9,626)	6,215
Other assets		(8,281)	2,903
Accounts and accrued expenses payable		11,371	(19,218)
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		(7,939)	(5,299)
Other noncurrent liabilities and deferred inflows		(22,379)	(31,774)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	817,499 \$	769,330
Noncash activity			
Contribution of capital assets from developers	\$	76,558 \$	68,188
Unrealized gains (losses) on fair value of investments, net	\$	3,041 \$	13,314

### Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in Thousands)

Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices

#### (a) Reporting Entity

JEA is currently organized into three enterprise funds – Electric Enterprise, Water and Sewer, and District Energy System (DES). Electric Enterprise is comprised of the Electric System; the Bulk Power Supply System (Scherer), which consists of Scherer Unit 4, a coal-fired, 846-megawatt generating unit operated by Georgia Power Company (Georgia Power) and owned by JEA (23.64% ownership interest) and Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) (76.36% ownership interest); and St. Johns River Power Park System (SJRPP), which is jointly owned and operated by JEA (80% ownership interest) and FPL (20% ownership interest). Water and Sewer consists of water and sewer system activities. DES consists of chilled water activities. Separate accounting records are currently maintained for each system. These financial statements include JEA's ownership interest in Scherer. The following information relates to JEA's ownership interest in Scherer as of September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Inventories	\$ 6,590	\$ 4,753
Other current assets	320	3,491
Costs to be recovered from future revenues	940	3,970
Net capital assets	118,821	127,207
Unrealized asset retirement obligations	32,368	32,282
Unamortized deferred losses on refundings	801	846
Current portion of asset retirement obligations	1,263	837
Accounts and accrued expenses payable	991	951
Debt due within one year	6,975	6,150
Interest payable	1,858	1,980
Long-term portion of asset retirement obligations	31,105	31,445
Long-term debt	81,461	88,403
Revenues to be used for future costs	29,784	33,682

The funds are governed by the JEA Board of Directors (Board). The Board is responsible for setting rates based on operating and maintenance expenses and depreciation of the operations. The operations of Scherer and SJRPP are subject to joint ownership agreements and rates are established on a cost-of-service basis, including operating and maintenance expenses and debt service. See note 1(t), Setting of rates.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

On June 26, 2020, the Board adopted Resolution 2020-06, which delegated authority to the Interim Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer to enter into a Cooperation Agreement with FPL (FPL Cooperation Agreement) for the closure on or before January 1, 2022 of Plant Scherer with the capacity and energy to be replaced by a 20-year PPA between JEA and FPL for natural gas-fired system product with a solar conversion option (FPL PPA). The FPL Cooperation Agreement was executed on August 25, 2020 and calls for the parties to cooperate in good faith in a joint effort to consummate the retirement of Plant Scherer and enter into the FPL PPA. However, unless and until a definitive agreement regarding the retirement has been executed, neither party is under any legal obligation to retire Plant Scherer.

#### (b) Basis of Accounting

JEA is presenting financial statements combined for the Electric Enterprise Fund, the Water and Sewer Fund, and the District Energy System. JEA uses the accrual basis of accounting for its operations and the uniform system of accounts prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the Electric Enterprise Fund and the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners for the Water and Sewer Fund.

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) codification, which defines JEA as a component unit of the City of Jacksonville, Florida (City). Accordingly, the financial statements of JEA are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City.

JEA presents its financial statements in accordance with the GASB pronouncements that establish standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities that include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. It requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the
  outstanding balances of any debt that is attributable to those assets and increased/reduced by costs to be
  recovered from future revenues or revenues to be used for future costs.
- Restricted consists of assets that have constraints placed upon their use through external constraints imposed
  either by creditors (such as through debt covenants) or through laws, regulations, or constraints imposed by
  law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, reduced by any liabilities to be paid from these
  assets.
- Unrestricted consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets

JEA's bond resolutions specify the flow of funds from revenues and specify the requirements for the use of certain restricted and unrestricted assets.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

#### (c) Revenues

Operating revenues are defined as revenues generated from the sale of primary products or services through normal business operations. Nonoperating revenues include investment income and earnings from investments recorded on the equity method.

Operating revenues reported in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are shown net of discounts, estimated allowances for bad debts, and amounts transferred to stabilization funds. Discounts and allowances totaled \$35,895 in fiscal year 2020 and \$34,996 in 2019. JEA withdrew the net amount of \$33,510 in fiscal year 2020 and \$36,713 in 2019 from stabilization funds. Electric Enterprise and Water and Sewer Fund revenues are recorded as earned. JEA earned 0.0% of its electric revenue from billings to FPL in fiscal year 2020 and 0.1% in 2019. Operating revenues include amounts estimated for unbilled services provided during the reporting period of \$74,566 in 2020 and \$78,973 in 2019.

#### (d) Capital Assets

Utility plant represents four classes of capital assets – real property, tangible property, tangible personal property, and intangible property. All capital assets are recorded at historical cost and must have a useful life greater than one year. The costs of capital asset additions and replacements are capitalized. The costs of capital projects include direct labor and benefits of JEA employees working on capital projects and an allocation of overhead from certain JEA departments. Maintenance and replacements of minor items are charged to operating expenses. The cost of depreciable plant retired is removed from the capital asset accounts and such cost plus removal expense less salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation.

SJRPP and Scherer are required by its bond resolutions to deposit certain amounts in a renewal and replacement fund. These amounts are then required to be expended on capital expenditures to maintain and improve the system or applied to other designated uses as specifically allowed under the bond resolutions. The Electric Fund records the amounts deposited in the fund as a purchased power expense when deposited. The purchase of capital assets funded from the renewal and replacement fund is not capitalized by SJRPP or Scherer.

#### (e) Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

An allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC) is included in construction work-in-progress and as a reduction of interest expense. JEA capitalizes interest on construction projects financed with revenue bonds and renewal and replacement funds. The average AFUDC rate for the debt of each system is listed in the table below.

Average AFUDC Rate (%)	2020	2019
Electric Enterprise Fund	4.3%	4.4%
Water and Sewer Fund	4.2%	4.3%
District Energy System	3.9%	3.8%

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

The amount capitalized is the interest cost of the debt less any interest earned on investment of debt proceeds from the date of the borrowing until the assets are placed in service. Total interest incurred was \$141,213 for fiscal year 2020 and \$175,046 for 2019, of which \$19,713 was capitalized in fiscal year 2020 and \$14,099 in 2019. Investment income on bond proceeds was \$837 in fiscal year 2020 and \$186 in 2019.

#### (f) Depreciation

Depreciation of capital assets is computed on a straight-line basis at rates based upon the estimated service lives of the various property classes. Depreciation begins on the date the assets are placed in service. Generally, recurring renewal and replacement capital additions are placed in service at the end of each fiscal year. The depreciation rates are based on depreciation studies performed by an outside consultant that are updated periodically. The latest depreciation study was completed during fiscal year 2019 and the rates for that study become effective in fiscal year 2020. The effective rate of depreciation based upon the average depreciable plant in service balance was 3.08% and 3.18% for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. The average depreciable life in years of the depreciable capital assets for each system is listed in the table below.

Average Depreciable Life (Years)	2020	2019
Electric Enterprise Fund	23.4	23.7
Water and Sewer Fund	27.3	27.4
District Energy System	22.7	23.7

#### (g) Amortization

Amortization of bond discounts and premiums is computed on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective-interest method over the remaining term of the outstanding bonds.

#### (h) Losses on Refundings

Losses on refundings of JEA revenue bonds are deferred and amortized as a component of interest on debt using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. Unamortized deferred losses on refundings are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the accompanying statements of net position. Whereas JEA has incurred accounting losses on refundings, calculated as the difference between the net carrying value of the refunded and the refunding bonds, JEA has over time realized economic gains calculated as the present value difference in the future debt service on the refunded and refunding bonds.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

#### (i) Investments

Investments are presented at fair value or cost, which is further explained in note 14, *Fair Value Measurements*. Realized and unrealized gains and losses for all investments are included in investment income on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The investment in The Energy Authority (TEA) is recorded on the equity method (see note 7, Investment in The Energy Authority, for additional information).

#### (j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank demand accounts, money market mutual funds, and short-term liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

#### (k) Interest Rate Swap Agreements

JEA's risk management policies allow for the use of interest rate swaps to manage financial exposures, but prohibit the use of these instruments for speculative or trading purposes. JEA utilizes interest rate swaps to manage the interest rate risk associated with various assets and liabilities. Interest rate swaps are used in the area of debt management to take advantage of favorable market interest rates. Interest rate swaps are authorized under the policy to be used in the area of investment management to increase the yield on revolving short-term investments.

JEA applies GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments (GASB 53), where applicable for effective hedging instruments. For effective hedging instruments, the changes in fair value are recorded on the statements of net position as deferred outflows and inflows of resources. For ineffective hedging instruments or investment derivatives, the changes in fair value are recorded on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an adjustment to investment income.

Under JEA's interest rate swap programs, JEA either pays a variable rate of interest, which is based on various indices, and receives a fixed rate of interest for a specified period of time (unless earlier terminated) or JEA pays a fixed rate of interest and receives a variable rate of interest, which is based on various indices for a specified period of time (unless earlier terminated). These indices are affected by changes in the market. The net amounts received or paid under the swap agreements are recorded as either an adjustment to investment income (asset management) or interest on debt (debt management) in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. No money is initially exchanged when JEA enters into a new interest rate swap transaction.

During fiscal years 2020 and 2019, JEA did not have any interest rate swaps outstanding under JEA's asset management interest rate swap program. See the Debt Management Strategy section in note 8, Long-Term Debt, for more information on JEA's debt management interest rate swap program.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

#### (I) Inventory

Inventories are maintained for fuel and materials and supplies. Fuel inventories are maintained at levels sufficient to meet generation requirements. Inventories are valued at average cost, with obsolete items being expensed when identified.

#### (m) Energy Market Risk Management Program

The energy market risk management program is intended to help manage the risk of changes in the market prices of fuel consumed by JEA for electric generation. JEA executes over-the-counter forward purchase and sale contracts and swaps. For effective derivative transactions, hedge accounting is applied in accordance with GASB 53 and the fair market value changes are recorded on the accompanying statements of net position as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources until such time that the transactions end. The related settled gains and losses from these transactions are recognized as fuel expenses on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

#### (n) Capital Contributions

Capital contributions represent contributions of cash and capital assets from the City, developers, customers, and other third parties. Capital contributions are recorded in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position at the time of receipt. Assets received are recorded as contributions from developers and others at acquisition cost. Corresponding expenses of \$76,558 and \$68,188 were recorded in fiscal years 2020 and 2019 to recognize the costs of the assets since it will not be included in revenue requirements charged to customers in the future.

#### (o) Pension

For purposes of measuring the net liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense and fiduciary net position; JEA's portion of the City's General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) and St. Johns River Power Park System Employees' Retirement Plan (SJRPP Plan) have been determined on the same basis as reported in the GERP and SJRPP Plan financial statements. Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and before the fiscal year end are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

Basis of Accounting – The pension trust financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contribution, benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans. Florida law and the Florida Division of Retirement require plan contributions be made annually in amounts determined by an actuarial valuation stated as a percent of covered payroll or in dollars. The Florida Division of Retirement reviews and approves the GERP actuarial report to ensure compliance with actuarial standards. The SJRPP Plan is governed by a three-member Pension Committee to ensure compliance with actuarial standards.

**Method Used to Value Investments** – Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The fair value of real estate investments in GERP is based on independent appraisals or estimates of fair value as provided by third-party fund managers. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value as provided by third-party fund managers. Investments are managed by third-party money managers while cash and securities are generally held by the independent custodians.

#### (p) Compensated Absences

JEA employees accumulate earned personal leave benefits (compensated absences) at various rates within limits specified in collective bargaining agreements and other employment plans. Accrued leave may be taken at any time when authorized. In addition, employees may elect to sell back any leave accrued during the fiscal year. Leave accrued over the maximum allowed leave balances is paid to the employee after the end of the fiscal year.

Upon termination from employment, employees are paid for their unused leave balances. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences* (GASB 16), the amount reflected as the current portion is estimated based upon historical trends of retirements and attrition.

This liability reflects amounts attributable to employee services already rendered, cumulative, probable for payment, and reasonably estimated in conformity with GASB 16.

Compensated absences liabilities are accrued when incurred in the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The compensated absences liability is determined based on current rates of pay.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

The compensated absence liability as of September 30, 2020 was \$35,402. Of this amount, \$4,060 was included in compensation and benefits payable under current liabilities on the accompanying statements of net position. The remaining balance of \$31,342 was included in compensation and benefits payable in noncurrent liabilities on the accompanying statements of net position. During fiscal year 2020, annual leave earned totaled \$23,492 and annual leave taken totaled \$20,243. The compensated absence liability as of September 30, 2019 was \$32,094. Of this amount, \$2,660 was included in compensation and benefits payable under current liabilities on the accompanying statements of net position. The remaining balance of \$29,434 was included in compensation and benefits payable in noncurrent liabilities on the accompanying statements of net position. During fiscal year 2019, annual leave earned totaled \$22,794 and annual leave taken totaled \$21,583.

#### (q) Pollution Remediation Obligations

JEA applies GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*. See note 15, Commitments and Contingent Liabilities, for further discussion.

#### (r) Asset Retirement Obligations

JEA applies GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* (GASB 83). See note 3, Asset Retirement Obligations, for further discussion.

#### (s) Costs to Be Recovered from Future Revenues/Revenues to Be Used for Future Costs

JEA records certain assets and liabilities (or deferred inflows) that result from the effects of the ratemaking process that would not be recorded under GAAP for nonregulated entities. Currently, the electric utility industry is predominantly regulated on a basis designed to recover the cost of providing electric power to its customers. If cost-based regulation were to be discontinued in the electric industry for any reason, market prices for electricity could be reduced or increased and utilities might be required to reduce their statements of net position amounts to reflect market conditions.

Discontinuance of cost-based regulation could also require affected utilities to write off their associated regulatory assets and liabilities. Management cannot predict the potential impact, if any, of the change in the regulatory environment on JEA's future financial position and results of operations.

#### (t) Setting of Rates

The setting of rates is the responsibility of the Board. Base rate changes are implemented after a public rate hearing and Board approval. Fuel rate changes are implemented solely with Board approval. At the April 2020 meeting, the Board approved a one-time Fuel Charge credit to all customers in May 2020. JEA has an ongoing plan to review, update and, where possible, expand its rate options to provide customers more rate choices for their utility services.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

#### (u) Reclassifications

Certain 2019 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2020 presentation.

#### (v) Pervasiveness of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (w) Newly Adopted Standards for Fiscal Year 2020

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements related to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments were effective upon issuance. There was no impact on JEA's financial reporting for the provisions of this statement that were effective for JEA in fiscal year 2020. See note 1(x) for portions of the statement that are not yet effective.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements and implementation guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. There was no impact on JEA's financial reporting for the provisions of this statement that were effective for JEA in fiscal year 2020. See note 1(x) for portions of the statement that are not yet effective.

#### (x) Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Effective

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This statement is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2021. The impact on JEA's financial reporting will be the reporting of its pension and other postemployment benefit plans in fiduciary fund financial statements.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2022. The impact on JEA's financial reporting has not been determined.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. The objectives of this statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. However, GASB allows those entities meeting the criteria for regulated operations, and electing to apply the related provisions of Statement 62, to continue to capitalize qualifying interest cost as a regulatory asset. This statement is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2022. The implementation of this statement is not expected to have an impact on JEA's financial statements.

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The objectives of this statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This statement is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2021. The implementation of this statement is not expected to have an impact on JEA's financial statements.

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This statement is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2023. The implementation of this statement is not expected to have an impact on JEA's financial statements.

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. See note 1(w) for portions of this statement that were effective for fiscal year 2020. The remaining requirements are effective for JEA in fiscal year 2022. The impact on JEA's financial reporting for the fiscal year 2022 provisions has not been determined.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objective of this statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rate. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2022. All other requirements of this statement are effective for JEA for fiscal year 2021. All of JEA's LIBOR swaps will be replaced with SOFR (Secured Overnight Funding Rate) swaps by December 31, 2021.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices (continued)

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This statement is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2023. The impact on JEA's financial reporting has not been determined.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. This statement is effective for JEA in fiscal year 2023. The impact on JEA's financial reporting has not been determined.

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. See note 1(w) for portions of this statement that were effective for fiscal year 2020. The remaining requirements are effective for JEA in fiscal year 2023. The impact on JEA's financial reporting for the fiscal year 2023 provisions has not been determined.

#### 2. Regulatory Deferrals

Based on regulatory action taken by the Board and in accordance with the Regulated Operations section within GASB Statement 62, JEA has recorded the following regulatory assets and liabilities that will be included in the ratemaking process and recognized as expenses and revenues, respectively, in future periods. These amounts are shown under costs to be recovered from future revenues or deferred inflows of resources on the accompanying statements of net position.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 2. Regulatory Deferrals (continued)

#### **Regulatory Assets**

The following is a summary of JEA's regulatory assets at September 30:

Regulatory Asset	2020			2019
Unfunded pension costs	\$	527,330	\$	485,698
SJRPP and Bulk Power cost to be recovered		232,605		248,343
Environmental projects		59,872		74,129
Unfunded OPEB costs		15,979		20,405
Storm costs to be recovered		8,610		15,683
Debt issue cost		7,918		6,788
Total regulatory assets	\$	852,314	\$	851,046

**Unfunded Pension Costs** – Accrued pension represents a regulatory asset related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses, unrecognized prior service cost, and unrecognized transition obligation. In fiscal year 2020, the asset consisted of amounts attributable to JEA's portion of the GERP. For the SJRPP pension plan, JEA made excess contributions during fiscal year 2020 that resulted in a regulatory liability. See excess pension contributions in the Regulatory Liabilities section of this footnote. In fiscal year 2019, the balance includes amounts attributable to JEA's portion of the GERP and amounts related to the SJRPP Plan. The regulatory asset is amortized with the recognition of actuarial gains and losses, prior service cost, and transition obligations to net periodic benefit costs for pension.

SJRPP and Bulk Power costs to be recovered – SJRPP deferred debt-related costs of \$232,335 at September 30, 2020 and \$245,104 at September 30, 2019 are the result of differences between expenses in determining rates and those used in financial reporting. During fiscal year 2018, operations of SJRPP, as generating facility, ceased and the majority of the assets were dismantled. As of September 30, 2020, SJRPP has remaining plant in service assets of \$9,324 and outstanding debt of \$265,105. The details relating to the shutdown of SJRPP are further discussed in the St. Johns River Power Park section of note 3, Asset Retirement Obligations. The JEA board approved the deferral of this regulatory asset. SJRPP has a contract with the JEA Electric System to recover these costs from future revenues that will coincide with retirement of long-term debt. The amount recovered each year will be the difference between debt principal maturities (adjusted for the effects of premiums, discounts, and amortization of gains and losses) and straight-line depreciation and results in recognition of deferred costs on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The Bulk Power Supply System deferred debt-related costs were \$270 at September 30, 2020 and \$3,239 at September 30, 2019. The amount recovered each year will be the difference between debt principal maturities (adjusted for the effects of premiums, discounts, and amortization of gains and losses) and straight-line depreciation. The Bulk Power Supply System will recover these costs from future revenues that will coincide with the retirement of long-term debt.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 2. Regulatory Deferrals (continued)

**Environmental Projects** – The Board approved the recovery of previously approved water environmental capital projects that had not been collected through the environmental surcharge over a ten-year period beginning October 1, 2015. The amount approved for recovery and transferred out of capital assets was \$101,277 of which \$42,756 and \$51,307 remained unrecovered as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. This deferral is being amortized over ten years. The Board also approved the recovery of previously approved electric environmental capital projects that had not been collected through the environmental surcharge over a five-year period beginning October 1, 2018. The amount approved for recovery and transferred out of capital assets was \$28,527 of which \$17,116 and \$22,822 remained unrecovered as of September 30, 2020 and 2019. This deferral is being amortized over five years.

**Unfunded OPEB Costs** – Accrued OPEB represents a regulatory asset related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses, unrecognized prior service cost, and unrecognized transition obligation attributable to JEA's other postemployment benefit plan. The regulatory asset is amortized with the recognition of actuarial gains and losses, prior service cost, and transition obligations to net periodic benefit costs for OPEB. The Board approved the recovery of the unfunded amounts in future revenue requirements with the adoption of GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. In addition, the Board approved the deferral of the difference between the annual contributions (funding) and OPEB expense.

**Storm costs to be recovered** – This amount represents storm costs that are expected to be recovered from insurance and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). See note 16, Storm Costs, for further details.

**Debt issue costs** – With the application of regulatory accounting in fiscal year 2015, the Board approved deferral of the issue costs on all new debt issues with the amounts being amortized over the life of the bonds, as they are included in revenue requirements. These costs are incurred in connection with the issuance of debt obligations and are mainly underwriter fees and legal costs.

#### **Regulatory Liabilities**

The following is a summary of JEA's regulatory liabilities at September 30:

Regulatory Liabilities	2020			2019
Fuel stabilization	\$	73,347	\$	47,153
Environmental		45,190		41,319
Nonfuel purchase power		36,326		56,870
Debt management stabilization		_		44,093
Bulk Power revenues to be used for future costs		29,784		33,682
Self-insurance medical reserve		10,890		11,210
Excess pension contributions		5,821		_
Customer benefit stabilization		5,424		4,363
Total regulatory liabilities	\$	206,782	\$	238,690

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 2. Regulatory Deferrals (continued)

**Fuel stabilization** – This account represents the difference between the fuel costs incurred and fuel charge revenues collected from customers, inclusive of accrued utility revenue and fuel costs. Net revenue collected in excess of expense incurred and recognized as an addition to the regulatory liability during fiscal year 2020 was \$26,194. Net expense incurred in excess of the revenue collected and recognized as a reduction of the regulatory liability during fiscal year 2019 was \$27,223.

**Environmental** – The Board has authorized an environmental surcharge that is applied to all electric customer kilowatthour and water customer kilogallon sales. Electric costs included in the surcharge include all costs of environmental remediation and compliance with new and existing environmental regulations, excluding the amount already collected in the Environmental Liability Reserve. Water costs included in the surcharge include operating and capital costs of environmentally driven or regulatory required projects approved by the Board to be included in the surcharge. Any amounts under or over-collected are recorded as a regulatory asset or liability. During fiscal year 2020, \$33,146 was collected through the surcharge with \$14,257 of recovery of previously approved environmental capital projects, \$11,038 of capital projects, and \$3,980 of operations and maintenance costs being incurred with the remaining \$3,871 recognized as an addition to the regulatory liability. During fiscal year 2019, \$32,678 was collected through the surcharge with \$14,257 of recovery of previously approved environmental capital projects, \$26,827 of capital projects, and \$5,352 of operations and maintenance costs being incurred with the remaining \$13,758 recognized as a reduction of the regulatory liability.

**Nonfuel purchased power** – JEA entered into a power purchase agreement related to the Alvin W. Vogtle Nuclear Plant in Burke County, Georgia (Plant Vogtle). This agreement is discussed in further detail in note 10, Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments. Related to that agreement, the JEA Board approved a nonfuel purchased power stabilization fund to balance the timing of the payments for Plant Vogtle's debt service with the anticipated in service date. It may be used for other purposes with the Board's approval. The amounts included in the fund are to be used for Plant Vogtle or refunded to customers if not needed. No deposits were made to the stabilization fund for fiscal year 2020. Deposits made to the stabilization fund were \$17,566 for fiscal year 2019.

**Debt management stabilization** – The Board previously authorized the use of a debt management stabilization fund. Amounts were included in the fund based on differences between budgeted and actual debt cost up to an established maximum reserve fund. At the September 2019 board meeting, the Board approved the elimination of the debt management stabilization fund and the use of the corresponding funds to execute Phase 2 of the Strategic and Timely Asset Realignment plan.

**Bulk Power revenues to be used for future costs** – This amount represents Bulk Power Supply System early debt principal paid in excess of straight-line depreciation.

**Self-insurance medical reserve** – The Board has established, from operating revenues, an internally designated "Health Self-Insurance Fund" to cover reserve requirements for its self-insurance health program over medical and prescription benefits. The Board, as part of the budget process, will approve amounts to be collected in rates that include both the current anticipated cost less approved amounts to be contributed by employees as well as amounts to maintain an adequate reserve for future costs.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 2. Regulatory Deferrals (continued)

Under the self-insurance program, JEA is liable for all claims. JEA retains an additional stop-loss policy for claims in excess of \$250 per employee. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. The health insurance benefits program is administered through a third-party insurance company and, as such, the administrator is responsible for processing the claims in accordance with the benefit specifications with JEA reimbursing the insurance company for its payouts. Liabilities associated with the health care program are determined based on an actuarial study and include claims that have been incurred but not reported.

The changes in the self-insurance medical reserve for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	2020	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 11,210	\$ 8,139
Contributions	30,027	32,116
Incurred claims	(30,347)	(29,045)
Ending balance	\$ 10,890	\$ 11,210

**Excess pension contributions** – Excess pensions contributions represents a regulatory liability related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses, unrecognized prior service cost, and unrecognized transition obligation attributable to the SJRPP Plan. The regulatory liability is amortized with the recognition of actuarial gains and losses, prior service cost, and transition obligations to net periodic benefit costs for pension.

**Customer benefit stabilization** – The pricing policy adopted by the Board includes a demand side management surcharge. The costs approved for recovery through the surcharge included programs for the electrification, direct load control, demand side management, residential low-income efficiency programs, and customer utility optimization education programs.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 3. Asset Retirement Obligations

#### Scherer

As part of JEA's ownership of Scherer, it has a proportionate ownership interest in associated common facilities (Common Facilities) of 5.91% (23.64% divided by 4, as there are 4 units in total). There is no majority owner of the Common Facilities. Georgia Power is the nongovernmental minority owner that has operational responsibility of the Common Facilities and, as such, is responsible for calculating any associated asset retirement obligations (AROs). The AROs at Scherer are primarily related to the ash pond.

In accordance with GASB 83, JEA's minority share of the AROs is reported using the measurement produced by Georgia Power, who is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is subject to accounting rules set by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

At September 30, 2020, the total amount of the AROs at Scherer are \$547,683, with JEA's minority share being \$32,368. Of the total liability, \$1,263 is recorded in asset retirement obligations in current liabilities and \$31,105 in asset retirement obligations in noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position. These amounts are offset by the unrealized asset retirement obligation of \$32,368, which is recorded in deferred outflows of resources.

At September 30, 2019, the total amount of the AROs at Scherer are \$546,227, with JEA's minority share being \$32,282. Of the total liability, \$837 is recorded in current portion of asset retirement obligations and \$31,445 in asset retirement obligations in noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position. These amounts are offset by \$32,282, which is recorded in the separate line item, unrealized asset retirement obligation, in deferred outflows of resources.

There are no legally required funding or assurance provisions associated with JEA's minority share of the AROs and JEA has not restricted any of its assets for payment of this liability.

#### St. Johns River Power Park

JEA and FPL entered into an Agreement for Joint Ownership, Construction and Operation of SJRPP Coal Units #1 and #2 (JOA) dated as of April 2, 1982. JEA owns 80% and FPL owns 20% of SJRPP. A Purchased Power Agreement (PPA) in the JOA assigned 37.5% of JEA's 80% generation to FPL, which effectively provided 50% of the generation to both owners of SJRPP. The JOA ends on April 2, 2022. JEA and FPL reached an agreement to close SJRPP, including early termination of the PPA. On May 16, 2017, JEA's board of directors approved the Asset Transfer and Contract Termination Agreement, which outlined the terms of the retirement, decommissioning, and dismantling of the plant. The week following, FPL approved the contract and filed a petition with the Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC) for approval to shut down SJRPP. The final order was approved by FPSC in October 2017.

FPL received a credit for their estimated share of the material and supplies inventory balance at shutdown, pending sale of the inventory. After the sales period passed, FPL paid a shutdown payment adjustment for their share of 20% of the loss on the remaining materials and supplies inventory. During fiscal year 2020, JEA liquidated the remaining material and supplies inventory.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 3. Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

Regulatory balances remaining will be amortized over the life of the remaining debt outstanding related to Issue Three debt. See note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional information related to SJRPP's regulatory deferrals.

FPL conveyed their 20% undivided ownership of plant in service assets to JEA. The retained plant in service assets were recorded at fair value. In addition, FPL will convey their 20% undivided ownership interest in the SJRPP site to JEA upon completion of dismantlement and environmental remediation. Under a service management agreement, FPL will pay 20% of the dismantlement and remediation costs incurred. Dismantlement and remediation is expected to be complete by March 2021. Monitoring of the site will continue for thirty years subsequent to the completion date. JEA's share of the estimated cost for dismantlement and remediation is approximately \$2,873 is recorded in current portion of asset retirement obligations and is offset by the separate line item, unrealized asset retirement obligation, in the statement of net position. Currently, JEA does not possess sufficient information to reasonably estimate the amounts of additional liabilities, if any, on the site until completion of future environmental studies. In addition, conditions that are currently unknown could result in additional exposure, the amount and materiality of which cannot presently be reasonably estimated. Based upon information currently available, however, JEA believes its ARO accurately reflects the estimated cost of remedial actions currently required.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets were held in the following funds at September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	September 30, 2020									
	Water and									
	I	Electric	5	SJRPP Sewer		DES			Total	
Renewal and Replacement Fund	\$	138,696	\$	37,910	\$	38,138	\$	1,868	\$	216,612
Sinking Fund		91,358		18,928		41,660		2,373		154,319
Debt Service Reserve Fund		55,844		10,555		58,228		-		124,627
Revenue Fund		-		32,062		-		-		32,062
Construction Fund		311		-		25,541		-		25,852
Adjustment to fair value of investments		5,772		101		5,890		-		11,763
Environmental Fund		301		-		649		-		950
Total	\$	292,282	\$	99,556	\$	170,106	\$	4,241	\$	566,185

	September 30, 2019										
					W	ater and					
	ı	Electric	,	SJRPP		Sewer		DES		Total	
Renewal and Replacement Fund	\$	83,017	\$	46,955	\$	48,803	\$	4,398	\$	183,173	
Sinking Fund		153,650		19,635		80,775		2,356		256,416	
Debt Service Reserve Fund		65,433		10,984		63,441		_		139,858	
Revenue Fund		_		28,079		_		_		28,079	
Construction Fund		_		_		28,968		_		28,968	
Adjustment to fair value of investments		4,388		107		4,225		_		8,720	
Environmental Fund		_		_		1,891		_		1,891	
Total	\$	306,488	\$	105,760	\$	228,103	\$	6,754	\$	647,105	

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 4. Restricted Assets (continued)

The Electric System, SJRPP System, Bulk Power Supply, Water and Sewer System, and DES are permitted to invest restricted funds in specified types of investments in accordance with their bond resolutions and the investment policy.

The requirements of the respective bond resolutions for contributions to the respective systems' renewal and replacement funds are as follows:

Electric System: An amount equal to the greater of 10% of the prior year defined net

revenues or 5% of the prior year defined gross revenues.

SJRPP System: An amount equal to 12.5% of aggregate debt service, as defined.

Bulk Power Supply System: An amount equal to 12.5% of aggregate debt service, as defined.

Water and Sewer System: An amount equal to the greater of 10% of the prior year defined annual

net revenues or 5% of the prior year defined gross revenues.

DES: An amount equal to the greater of 10% of the prior year defined annual

net revenues or 5% of the prior year defined revenues.

#### 5. Cash and Investments

JEA maintains cash and investment pools that are utilized by all funds except for the bond funds. Included in the JEA cash balances are amounts on deposit with JEA's commercial bank, as well as amounts held in various money market funds as authorized in the JEA Investment Policy. The commercial bank balances are covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized subject to the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Amounts subject to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, are collateralized by securities deposited by JEA's commercial bank under certain pledging formulas with the State Treasurer or other qualified custodians.

JEA follows GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, which requires the adjustments of the carrying value of investments to fair value to be presented as a component of investment income. Investments are presented at fair value or cost, which is further explained in note 14, Fair Value Measurements.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 5. Cash and Investments (continued)

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, the fair value of all securities, regardless of statement of net position classification as cash equivalent or investment, was as follows:

	2020	2019
Securities:		
Money market mutual funds	\$ 248,983 \$	126,452
Local government investment pool	181,891	188,130
State and local government securities	140,950	183,116
U.S. Treasury and government agency securities	110,875	184,525
Commercial paper	63,765	44,266
Total securities, at fair value	\$ 746,464 \$	726,489

These securities are held in the following accounts:

	2020			2019
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	387,148	\$	414,438
Investments		3,107		2,399
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		253,984		265,784
Investments		311,130		380,250
Total cash and investments		955,369		1,062,871
Less: cash on deposit		(210,257)		(338,220)
Plus: interest due on securities		1,352		1,838
Total securities, at fair value	\$	746,464	\$	726,489

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 5. Cash and Investments (continued)

JEA is authorized to invest in securities as described in its investment policy and in each bond resolution. As of September 30, 2020, JEA's investments in securities and their maturities are categorized below in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 3. It is assumed that callable investments will not be called. Puttable securities are presented as investments with a maturity of less than one year.

The maturity distribution of the investments held at September 30, 2020 is listed below.

Type of Investments	L	ess than One Year	One to Five Years	-	ive to Ten Years	7	Ten to wenty Years	Total
Money market mutual funds	\$	248,983	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 248,983
Local government investment pools		181,891	_		_		_	181,891
State and local government securities		13,754	33,089		36,521		57,586	140,950
U.S. Treasury and government agency securities		95,628	4,376		5,169		5,702	110,875
Commercial paper		63,765	_		_		_	63,765
Total securities, at fair value	\$	604,021	\$ 37,465	\$	41,690	\$	63,288	\$ 746,464

Interest Rate Risk – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, JEA's investment policy requires the investment portfolio to be structured in such a manner as to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. To the extent possible, investment maturities are matched with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements. Additionally, maturity limitations for investments related to the issuance of debt are outlined in the bond resolution relating to those bond issues. JEA's investment policy also limits investments in commercial paper to maturities of less than nine months.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 5. Cash and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk – JEA's investment policy is consistent with the requirements for investments of state and local governments contained in the Florida Statutes and its objectives are to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and avoid speculative investments. Consistent with JEA's investment policy and bond resolutions: (1) the state and local government securities are rated by two nationally recognized rating agencies and are rated at least AA- by Standard & Poor's, Aa3 by Moody's Investors Services, or AA- by Fitch Ratings; (2) the U.S. government agency securities held in the portfolio are issued or guaranteed by agencies created pursuant to an Act of Congress as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America; and (3) the money market mutual funds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's or Aaa by Moody's Investors Services. JEA's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to the highest whole rating category issued by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and the issuer must be a Fortune 500 company, a Fortune Global 500 company with significant operations in the U.S., or the governments of Canada or Canadian provinces and the ratings outlook must be positive or stable at the time of the investment. As of September 30, 2020, JEA's investments in commercial paper are rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's Investors Services. In addition, JEA's investment policy limits the commercial paper investment in any one issuer to \$12,500 as well as limits investments in commercial paper to 25% of the total cash and investment portfolio, regardless of statement of net position classification as cash equivalent or investment. As of September 30, 2020, JEA had 8.5% of its investments in commercial paper.

**Custodial Credit Risk** – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, JEA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of JEA's investments are held by JEA or by an agent in JEA's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk – As of September 30, 2020, investments in any one issuer representing 5% or more of JEA's investments included \$110,875 (14.9%) invested in issues of the Federal Home Loan Bank. JEA's investment policy limits the maximum holding of any one U.S. government agency issuer to 35% of total cash and investments regardless of statement of net position classification as cash equivalent or investment. Other than investments in U.S. Treasury securities or U.S. Treasury money market funds, JEA's investment policy limits the percentage of the total cash and investment portfolio (regardless of statement of net position classification as cash equivalent or investment) that may be held in various security types. As of September 30, 2020, investments in all security types were within the allowable policy limits.

JEA

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance ptember 30, 2019	A	dditions	Retirements	ransfers/ ljustments	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2020
Electric Enterprise Fund:							
Generation assets	\$ 3,798,017	\$	-	\$ \$ (5,530)	\$ 60,682	\$	3,853,169
Transmission assets	593,911		-	(20)	51,893		645,784
Distribution assets	2,050,306		_	(4,980)	87,007		2,132,333
Other assets	472,398		_	(5,379)	53,626		520,645
Total capital assets	 6,914,632		-	(15,909)	253,208		7,151,931
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(4,565,606)		(202,925)	15,909	_		(4,752,622)
Land	131,117		(200)	_	(708)		130,209
Construction work-in-process	203,901		203,300	_	(252,500)		154,701
Net capital assets	2,684,044		175	_			2,684,219
Water and Sewer Fund:							
Pumping assets	561,875		_	(5,070)	40,695		597,500
Treatment assets	681,301		_	(6,220)	128,617		803,698
Transmission and distribution assets	1,254,028		_	(72)	44,327		1,298,283
Collection assets	1,532,283		_	( <b>2</b> 91)	66,146		1,598,138
Reclaimed water assets	138,843		_	` _′	20,025		158,868
General and other assets	423,761		_	(3,406)	36,151		456,506
Total capital assets	4,592,091		_	(15,059)	335,961		4,912,993
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,242,977)		(155,902)	15,059	4,189		(2,379,631)
Land	61,293		_	(633)	22,799		83,459
Construction work-in-process	337,716		196,828	` _	(358,761)		175,783
Net capital assets	2,748,123		40,926	(633)	4,188		2,792,604
District Energy System:							
Chilled water plant assets	57,150		_	(1,115)	3,495		59,530
Total capital assets	 57,150		_	(1,115)	3,495		59,530
Less: accumulated depreciation	(27,728)		(2,642)	1,115	· _		(29,255)
Land	3,051			, <u>-</u>	_		3,051
Construction work-in process	804		3,717	_	(3,495)		1,026
Net capital assets	33,277		1,075	-			34,352
Total	\$ 5,465,444	\$	42,176	\$ \$ (633)	\$ 4,188	\$	5,511,175

JEA

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### 6. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance otember 30, 2018	A	dditions	R	Retirements	 ansfers/ ustments	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2019
Electric Enterprise Fund:								
Generation assets	\$ 3,699,914	\$	_	\$	(2,114)	\$ 100,217	\$	3,798,017
Transmission assets	593,858		-		(3,853)	3,906		593,911
Distribution assets	2,000,076		-		(16,326)	66,556		2,050,306
Other assets	448,877		_		(5,558)	29,079		472,398
Total capital assets	6,742,725		_		(27,851)	199,758		6,914,632
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(4,385,170)		(208,287)		27,851	_		(4,565,606)
Land	130,286		_		(3)	834		131,117
Construction work-in-process	174,527		276,978		_	(247,604)		203,901
Net capital assets	2,662,368		68,691		(3)	(47,012)		2,684,044
Water and Sewer Fund:								
Pumping assets	525,648		_		(2,320)	38,547		561,875
Treatment assets	646,269		_		(1,746)	36,778		681,301
Transmission and distribution assets	1,206,880		_		(1,226)	48,374		1,254,028
Collection assets	1,508,598		_		(52)	23,737		1,532,283
Reclaimed water assets	137,534		_		(02)	1,309		138,843
General and other assets	407,065		_		(3,768)	20,464		423,761
Total capital assets	 4,431,994				(9,112)	169,209		4,592,091
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,108,027)		(148,250)		9,111	4,189		(2,242,977)
Land	61,215		(140,200)		(11)	89		61,293
Construction work-in-process	297,682		209,331		(,	(169,297)		337,716
Net capital assets	 2,682,864		61,081		(12)	4,190		2,748,123
	_,,,,,,,,,,		,		(/	.,		
District Energy System:								
Chilled water plant assets	56,376		_		(261)	1,035		57,150
Total capital assets	56,376		_		(261)	1,035		57,150
Less: accumulated depreciation	(25,554)		(2,429)		255	_		(27,728)
Land	3,051		_		_	_		3,051
Construction work-in process	1,154		679		_	(1,029)		804
Net capital assets	35,027		(1,750)		(6)	6		33,277
Total	\$ 5,380,259	\$	128,022	\$	(21)	\$ (42,816)	\$	5,465,444

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 7. Investment in The Energy Authority

JEA is a member of TEA, a municipal power marketing and risk management joint venture, headquartered in Jacksonville, Florida. TEA currently has eight members, and JEA's ownership interest in TEA is 17.6%. TEA provides wholesale power marketing and resource management services to members (including JEA) and nonmembers and allocates transaction savings and operating expenses pursuant to a settlement agreement. TEA also assists members (including JEA) and nonmembers with natural gas procurement and related gas hedging activities. JEA's earnings from TEA were \$2,848 in fiscal year 2020 and \$2,412 in 2019 for all power marketing activities. JEA's distributions from TEA were \$1,228 in fiscal year 2020 and \$2,443 in 2019. The investment in TEA was \$8,619 at September 30, 2020 and \$6,999 at September 30, 2019 and is included in noncurrent assets on the accompanying statement of net position.

The following is a summary of the unaudited financial information of TEA for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. TEA issues separate audited financial statements on a calendar-year basis.

		dite	dited			
		2019				
Condensed statement of net position:						
Current assets	\$	155,621	\$	167,808		
Noncurrent assets		22,752		23,666		
Total assets	\$	178,373	\$	191,474		
Current liabilities	\$	127,800	\$	151,620		
Noncurrent liabilities		275		50		
Members' capital		50,298		39,804		
Total liabilities and members' capital	\$	178,373	\$	191,474		
Condensed statement of operations:						
Operating revenues	\$	901,423	\$	1,279,819		
Operating expenses		852,836		1,217,046		
Operating income	\$	48,587	\$	62,773		
Netincome	\$	48,619	\$	61,568		

As of September 30, 2020, JEA is obligated to guaranty, directly or indirectly, TEA's electric trading activities in an amount up to \$28,929 and TEA's natural gas procurement and trading activities up to \$33,800, in either case, plus attorney's fees that any party claiming and prevailing under the guaranty might incur and be entitled to recover under its contract with TEA. JEA has approved up to \$60,000 (plus attorney fees) for TEA's natural gas procurement and trading activities.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 7. Investment in The Energy Authority (continued)

Generally, JEA's guaranty obligations for electric trading would arise if TEA did not make the contractually required payment for energy, capacity, or transmission that was delivered or made available, or if TEA failed to deliver or provide energy, capacity, or transmission as required under a contract. Generally, JEA's guaranty obligations for natural gas procurement and trading would arise if TEA did not make the contractually required payment for natural gas or transportation that was delivered or purchased or if TEA failed to deliver natural gas or transportation as required under a contract.

Upon JEA's making any payments under its electric guaranty, it has certain contribution rights with the other members of TEA in order that payments made under the TEA member guaranties would be equalized ratably, based upon each member's equity ownership interest in TEA. Upon JEA's making any payments under its natural gas guaranty, it has certain contribution rights with the other members of TEA in order that payments under the TEA member guaranties would be equalized ratably in proportion to their respective amounts of guaranties, as adjusted by the actual natural gas member volumes and prices for the calendar year. After such contributions have been effected, JEA would only have recourse against TEA to recover amounts paid under the guaranty.

The term of these guaranties is generally indefinite, but JEA has the ability to terminate its guaranty obligations by causing to be provided advance notice to the beneficiaries thereof. Such termination of its guaranty obligations only applies to TEA transactions not yet entered into at the time the termination takes effect. Such termination would be because of JEA's withdrawal from membership in TEA, or such termination could cause JEA's membership in TEA to be terminated.

Under a separate agreement, TEA contracted with Southern Power Company ("Southern"), on JEA's behalf, for the purchase and sale of capacity and energy from Southern's Wansley plant located in Heard County, GA, covering the term from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019. In turn, JEA guaranteed the payment obligations in the agreement up to \$9,000 as well as all reasonable fees and expenses of Southern's counsel in any way relating to the enforcement of Southern's rights under the agreement.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 8. Long-Term Debt

The Electric System, Bulk Power Supply System, SJRPP System, Water and Sewer System, and DES revenue bonds (JEA Revenue Bonds) are each governed by one or more bond resolutions. The Electric System bonds are governed by both a senior and a subordinated bond resolution; the Bulk Power Supply System bonds are governed by a single bond resolution; the Water and Sewer System bonds are governed by both a senior and a subordinated bond resolution; the SJRPP System bonds are governed by the Second Power Park Resolutions; and the DES bonds are governed by a single bond resolution. In accordance with the bond resolutions of each system, principal and interest on the bonds are payable from and secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the respective system. In general, the bond resolutions require JEA to make monthly deposits into the separate debt service sinking funds for each system in an amount equal to approximately one-twelfth of the aggregate amount of principal and interest due and payable on the bonds within the bond year. Interest on the fixed rate bonds is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1, and principal is payable on October 1.

The various bond resolutions provide for certain other covenants, the most significant of which (1) requires JEA to establish rates for each system such that net revenues with respect to that system are sufficient to exceed (by a certain percentage) the debt service for that system during the fiscal year and any additional amount required to make all reserve or other payments required to be made in such fiscal year by the resolution of that system and (2) restricts JEA from issuing additional parity bonds unless certain conditions are met.

JEA

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Below is the schedule of outstanding indebtedness for the fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

	Interest	Payment	September	30	
Long-Term Debt	Rates <sup>(1)</sup>	Dates	2020		2019
Electric System Senior Revenue Bonds:					
Series Three 2004A	5.000%	2039	\$	5 \$	5
Series Three 2005B	4.750%	2033	1	00	100
Series Three 2008A <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2027-2036	51,6	30	51,680
Series Three 2008B-1 <sup>(3)</sup>	Variable	2020-2040	59,1	95	59,620
Series Three 2008B-2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2025-2040	41,9	00	41,900
Series Three 2008B-3 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2024-2036	37,0	00	37,000
Series Three 2008B-4 <sup>(3)</sup>	Variable	2020-2036	48,5	35	49,010
Series Three 2008C-1 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2024-2034	44,1	<b>1</b> 5	44,145
Series Three 2008C-2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2024-2034	43,9	00	43,900
Series Three 2008C-3 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2030-2038	25,0	00	25,000
Series Three 2008D-1 <sup>(3)</sup>	Variable	2020-2036	103,5	30	106,275
Series Three 2009D <sup>(4)</sup>	6.056%	2033-2044	45,9	55	45,955
Series Three 2010A	N/A	N/A		-	5,070
Series Three 2010C	N/A	N/A		-	1,290
Series Three 2010D	5.000%	2020	1,1	<b>4</b> 5	1,205
Series Three 2010E <sup>(4)</sup>	5.350-5.482%	2028-2040	34,2	55	34,255
Series Three 2012A	4.000-4.500%	2027-2033	16,2	10	16,210
Series Three 2012B	5.000%	2033-2039	2,0	50	85,615
Series Three 2013A	5.000%	2020-2022	39,8	30	49,050
Series Three 2013B	N/A	N/A		-	7,500
Series Three 2013C	4.600-5.000%	2020-2030	8,8	55	10,555
Series Three 2014A	N/A	N/A		-	9,350
Series Three 2015A	5.000%	2020-2021	4,8	25	59,005
Series Three 2015B	5.000%	2030-2031	4,5	35	17,225
Series Three 2017A	N/A	N/A		-	18,670
Series Three 2017B	3.375 - 5.000%	2026-2039	198,0	95	198,095
Series Three 2020A	3.000 - 5.000%	2026-2041	129,2	55	
Total Electric System Senior Revenue Bonds			940,1	00	1,017,685

JEA

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Interest	Payment	Septer		30
Long-Term Debt	Rates <sup>(1)</sup>	Dates	2020		2019
Electric System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:					
2000 Series A <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2021-2035	\$ 30,965	\$	30,965
2000 Series F-1 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2026-2030	37,200		37,200
2000 Series F-2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2026-2030	24,800		24,800
2008 Series D <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2024-2038	39,455		39,455
2009 Series F <sup>(4)</sup>	5.000-6.406%	2020-2034	60,605		62,155
2009 Series G	N/A	N/A	-		14,665
2010 Series B	5.000%	2020	2,155		3,115
2010 Series D <sup>(4)</sup>	4.250-5.582%	2020-2027	39,345		42,050
2012 Series A	3.375-5.000%	2020-2033	52,480		55,515
2012 Series B	5.000%	2029-2034	1,060		50,030
2013 Series A	5.000%	2020-2029	12,660		37,330
2013 Series B	5.000%	2020-2022	13,225		17,165
2013 Series C	5.000%	2021-2037	36,975		74,750
2013 Series D	5.000-5.250%	2020-2027	18,275		50,115
2014 Series A	5.000%	2020-2039	63,865		94,265
2017 Series A	N/A	N/A	_		1,290
2017 Series B	3.375-5.000%	2020-2034	143,175		171,700
2020 Series A	4.000-5.000%	2028-2038	92,415		
Total Electric System Subordinated Revenue Bor	nds		 668,655		806,565
Bulk Power Supply System Revenue Bonds:					
Series 2010A <sup>(4)</sup>	4.900-5.920%	2020-2030	\$ 32,215	\$	34,355
Series 2014A	2.000-4.125%	2020-2038	56,645		60,655
Total Bulk Power System Revenue Bonds			88,860		95,010
C IDDD Cyatom Dayanya Danday					
SJRPP System Revenue Bonds: Issue Three, Series One	4.500%	2037	100		100
Issue Three, Series One	5.000%	2037	29,370		29,370
·	4.700-5.450%	2020-2028	18,915		20,690
Issue Three, Series Four <sup>(4)</sup> Issue Three, Series Six	2.375-5.000%	2020-2020	85,650		91,330
Issue Three, Series Six Issue Three, Series Seven	2.000-3.625%	2020-2037	75,380		79,500
Issue Three, Series Seven	2.000-3.025%	2020-2033	55,690		57,895
Total SJRPP System Revenue Bonds	2.000-4.00070	2020-2039	 265,105		278,885
Total Colti 1 Cystelli Nevellue Dollus			 200, 100		210,000

JEA

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Long-Term Debt         Rates <sup>(1)</sup> Dates         2020         2019           Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds:         2006 Series B <sup>(S)</sup> Variable         2020-2022         \$ 19,110         \$ 24,850           2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2028-2042         51,820         51,820           2008 Series B B <sup>(S)</sup> Variable         2023-2041         85,290         85,290           2009 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A         −         8,915           2010 Series B         5,300-5,700%         2026-2044         83,115         83,115           2010 Series B         5,300-5,700%         2020-2025         10,380         12,110           2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A         −         8,570           2010 Series E         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         8,570           2012 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4,000-5,887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3,000-5,000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series A         3,000-5,000%         2023-2043         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4,500-5,000%         2023-2041         154		Interest	Payment	Septe	embe	er 30
2006 Series B (5)         Variable         2020-2022         \$ 19,110         \$ 24,850           2008 Series A-2(2)         Variable         2028-2042         \$ 51,820         \$ 51,820           2008 Series B (7)         Variable         2023-2041         \$ 52,90         \$ 85,290           2009 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         \$ 8,915           2010 Series B         \$ 5,300-5,700%         2026-2044         \$ 3,115         \$ 83,115           2010 Series B         \$ 5,300-5,700%         2020-2025         \$ 10,380         \$ 12,110           2010 Series D         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         \$ 8,570           2010 Series F(6)         \$ 4,000-5,887%         2020-2040         \$ 39,700         \$ 42,095           2012 Series A         \$ 3,000-5,000%         2023-2041         \$ 152,105         \$ 153,175           2012 Series B         \$ 3,000-5,000%         2023-2041         \$ 152,105         \$ 153,175           2012 Series B         \$ 3,000-5,000%         2023-2041         \$ 152,105         \$ 153,175           2013 Series A         \$ 4,500-5,000%         2023-2041         \$ 154,000         \$ 212,960           2017 Series A         \$ 2,000-5,000%         2023-2041         \$ 346	Long-Term Debt	Rates <sup>(1)</sup>	Dates	2020		2019
2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2028-2042         51,820         51,820           2008 Series B <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2023-2041         85,290         85,290           2009 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         8,915           2010 Series A <sup>(4)</sup> 6.210-6.310%         2026-2044         83,115         83,115           2010 Series B         5.300-5.700%         2020-2025         10,380         12,110           2010 Series D         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         24,125           2010 Series E         N/A         N/A         -         8,570           2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4.000-5.887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,950           2014 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2041         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.	Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue E	Bonds:				
2008 Series B         Variable         2023-2041         85,290         85,290           2009 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         8,915           2010 Series A <sup>(4)</sup> 6.210-6.310%         2026-2044         83,115         83,115           2010 Series B         5.300-5.700%         2020-2025         10,380         12,110           2010 Series D         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         24,125           2010 Series E         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         8,570           2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4.000-5.887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2024-2034         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,995         17,575           2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2022-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775	2006 Series B <sup>(5)</sup>	Variable	2020-2022	\$ 19,110	\$	24,850
2009 Series B	2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2028-2042	51,820		51,820
2010 Series A         6.210-6.310%         2026-2044         83,115         83,115           2010 Series B         5.300-5.700%         2020-2025         10,380         12,110           2010 Series D         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         24,125           2010 Series E         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         8,570           2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4.000-5.887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2024-2034         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,995         17,575           2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2020-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2034         346,670         48,850	2008 Series B <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2023-2041	85,290		85,290
2010 Series B         5.300-5.700%         2020-2025         10,380         12,110           2010 Series D         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         24,125           2010 Series E         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         8,570           2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4.000-5.887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2024-2034         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,995         17,575           2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2020-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2040         104,000         -           Total Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         1,064,455         1,158,645           Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600 <tr< td=""><td>2009 Series B</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>8,915</td></tr<>	2009 Series B	N/A	N/A	_		8,915
2010 Series D         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         24,125           2010 Series E         N/A         N/A         -         8,570           2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4.000-5.887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2024-2034         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,995         17,575           2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2020-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2040         104,000         -           Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         1,064,455         1,158,645           Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A <td>2010 Series A<sup>(4)</sup></td> <td>6.210-6.310%</td> <td>2026-2044</td> <td>83,115</td> <td></td> <td>83,115</td>	2010 Series A <sup>(4)</sup>	6.210-6.310%	2026-2044	83,115		83,115
2010 Series E         N/A         N/A         -         8,570           2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4.000-5.887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2024-2034         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,995         17,575           2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2020-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2040         104,000         -           Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         1,064,455         1,158,645           Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A	2010 Series B	5.300-5.700%	2020-2025	10,380		12,110
2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup> 4.000-5.887%         2020-2040         39,700         42,095           2012 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2041         152,105         153,175           2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2024-2034         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,995         17,575           2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2020-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2040         104,000         —           Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         104,000         —           Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A         N/A         —         2,790           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A         —	2010 Series D	N/A	N/A	_		24,125
2012 Series A       3.000-5.000%       2023-2041       152,105       153,175         2012 Series B       3.000-5.000%       2024-2034       13,170       73,270         2013 Series A       4.500-5.000%       2023-2027       4,995       17,575         2014 Series A       2.000-5.000%       2020-2040       154,000       212,960         2017 Series A       3.125-5.000%       2023-2041       346,770       360,775         2020 Series A       3.000-5.000%       2023-2040       104,000       —         Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds:         Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2020-2038       46,650       48,850         Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2038       25,600       25,600         Subordinated 2010 Series B       N/A       N/A       —       2,790         Subordinated 2010 Series B       N/A       N/A       —       2,060         Subordinated 2012 Series B       3.250-5.000%       2030-2034       4,480       29,685         Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210 <tr< td=""><td>2010 Series E</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>8,570</td></tr<>	2010 Series E	N/A	N/A	_		8,570
2012 Series B         3.000-5.000%         2024-2034         13,170         73,270           2013 Series A         4.500-5.000%         2023-2027         4,995         17,575           2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2020-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2040         104,000         -           Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds           Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:           Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2010 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A         -         2,790           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         -         2,060           Subordinated 2012 Series B         3.250-5.000%         2030-2034         4,480         29,685           Subordinated 2013 Series A <td>2010 Series F<sup>(4)</sup></td> <td>4.000-5.887%</td> <td>2020-2040</td> <td>39,700</td> <td></td> <td>42,095</td>	2010 Series F <sup>(4)</sup>	4.000-5.887%	2020-2040	39,700		42,095
2013 Series A       4.500-5.000%       2023-2027       4,995       17,575         2014 Series A       2.000-5.000%       2020-2040       154,000       212,960         2017 Series A       3.125-5.000%       2023-2041       346,770       360,775         2020 Series A       3.000-5.000%       2023-2040       104,000       —         Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2020-2038       46,650       48,850         Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2038       25,600       25,600         Subordinated 2010 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2036       30,885       30,885         Subordinated 2010 Series A       N/A       N/A       N/A       -       2,790         Subordinated 2012 Series B       3.250-5.000%       2030-2034       4,480       29,685         Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210         Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.	2012 Series A	3.000-5.000%	2023-2041	152,105		153,175
2014 Series A         2.000-5.000%         2020-2040         154,000         212,960           2017 Series A         3.125-5.000%         2023-2041         346,770         360,775           2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2040         104,000         –           Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         1,064,455         1,158,645           Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         2,790           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         2,060           Subordinated 2013 Series A         0.05         2030-2034         4,480         29,685           Subordinated 2017 Series A         2.750-5.000%         2023-2034         55,015         58,940           Subordinated 2020 Series A         4.000-5.000%         2024-2040         26,590         -	2012 Series B	3.000-5.000%	2024-2034	13,170		73,270
2017 Series A       3.125-5.000%       2023-2041       346,770       360,775         2020 Series A       3.000-5.000%       2023-2040       104,000       —         Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2020-2038       46,650       48,850         Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2038       25,600       25,600         Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2036       30,885       30,885         Subordinated 2010 Series A       N/A       N/A       N/A       -       2,790         Subordinated 2010 Series B       N/A       N/A       -       2,060         Subordinated 2012 Series B       3.250-5.000%       2030-2034       4,480       29,685         Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210         Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.000-5.000%       2024-2040       26,590       —	2013 Series A	4.500-5.000%	2023-2027	4,995		17,575
2020 Series A         3.000-5.000%         2023-2040         104,000         —           Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         1,064,455         1,158,645           Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A         -         2,790           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         -         2,060           Subordinated 2012 Series B         3.250-5.000%         2030-2034         4,480         29,685           Subordinated 2013 Series A         0.05         2028-2029         2,760         25,210           Subordinated 2017 Series A         2.750-5.000%         2023-2034         55,015         58,940           Subordinated 2020 Series A         4.000-5.000%         2024-2040         26,590         —	2014 Series A	2.000-5.000%	2020-2040	154,000		212,960
Total Water and Sewer System Senior Revenue Bonds         1,064,455         1,158,645           Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A         -         2,790           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         -         2,060           Subordinated 2012 Series B         3.250-5.000%         2030-2034         4,480         29,685           Subordinated 2013 Series A         0.05         2028-2029         2,760         25,210           Subordinated 2017 Series A         2.750-5.000%         2023-2034         55,015         58,940           Subordinated 2020 Series A         4.000-5.000%         2024-2040         26,590         -	2017 Series A	3.125-5.000%	2023-2041	346,770		360,775
Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds:         Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2020-2038       46,650       48,850         Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2038       25,600       25,600         Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2036       30,885       30,885         Subordinated 2010 Series A       N/A       N/A       -       2,790         Subordinated 2010 Series B       N/A       N/A       -       2,060         Subordinated 2012 Series B       3.250-5.000%       2030-2034       4,480       29,685         Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210         Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.000-5.000%       2024-2040       26,590       -	2020 Series A	3.000-5.000%	2023-2040	104,000		_
Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         2,790           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         -         2,060           Subordinated 2012 Series B         3.250-5.000%         2030-2034         4,480         29,685           Subordinated 2013 Series A         0.05         2028-2029         2,760         25,210           Subordinated 2017 Series A         2.750-5.000%         2023-2034         55,015         58,940           Subordinated 2020 Series A         4.000-5.000%         2024-2040         26,590         -	Total Water and Sewer System Senior Reve	nue Bonds		1,064,455		1,158,645
Subordinated 2008 Series A-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2020-2038         46,650         48,850           Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2038         25,600         25,600           Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable         2030-2036         30,885         30,885           Subordinated 2010 Series A         N/A         N/A         N/A         -         2,790           Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         -         2,060           Subordinated 2012 Series B         3.250-5.000%         2030-2034         4,480         29,685           Subordinated 2013 Series A         0.05         2028-2029         2,760         25,210           Subordinated 2017 Series A         2.750-5.000%         2023-2034         55,015         58,940           Subordinated 2020 Series A         4.000-5.000%         2024-2040         26,590         -	Water and Sewer System Subordinated Rev	enue Bonds:				
Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2036       30,885       30,885         Subordinated 2010 Series A       N/A       N/A       -       2,790         Subordinated 2010 Series B       N/A       N/A       -       2,060         Subordinated 2012 Series B       3.250-5.000%       2030-2034       4,480       29,685         Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210         Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.000-5.000%       2024-2040       26,590       -			2020-2038	46,650		48,850
Subordinated 2008 Series B-1 <sup>(2)</sup> Variable       2030-2036       30,885       30,885         Subordinated 2010 Series A       N/A       N/A       -       2,790         Subordinated 2010 Series B       N/A       N/A       -       2,060         Subordinated 2012 Series B       3.250-5.000%       2030-2034       4,480       29,685         Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210         Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.000-5.000%       2024-2040       26,590       -	Subordinated 2008 Series A-2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	2030-2038	25,600		25,600
Subordinated 2010 Series B         N/A         N/A         -         2,060           Subordinated 2012 Series B         3.250-5.000%         2030-2034         4,480         29,685           Subordinated 2013 Series A         0.05         2028-2029         2,760         25,210           Subordinated 2017 Series A         2.750-5.000%         2023-2034         55,015         58,940           Subordinated 2020 Series A         4.000-5.000%         2024-2040         26,590         -		Variable	2030-2036	30,885		30,885
Subordinated 2012 Series B       3.250-5.000%       2030-2034       4,480       29,685         Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210         Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.000-5.000%       2024-2040       26,590       -		N/A	N/A	_		2,790
Subordinated 2013 Series A       0.05       2028-2029       2,760       25,210         Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.000-5.000%       2024-2040       26,590       —	Subordinated 2010 Series B	N/A	N/A	_		2,060
Subordinated 2017 Series A       2.750-5.000%       2023-2034       55,015       58,940         Subordinated 2020 Series A       4.000-5.000%       2024-2040       26,590       —	Subordinated 2012 Series B	3.250-5.000%	2030-2034	4,480		29,685
Subordinated 2020 Series A 4.000-5.000% 2024-2040 <b>26,590</b> –	Subordinated 2013 Series A	0.05	2028-2029	2,760		25,210
	Subordinated 2017 Series A	2.750-5.000%	2023-2034	55,015		58,940
Total Water and Sewer System Subordinated Revenue Bonds 191,980 224,020	Subordinated 2020 Series A	4.000-5.000%	2024-2040	26,590		
	Total Water and Sewer System Subordinated	d Revenue Bonds		191,980		224,020

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Interest	Payment	;	September 30			
Long-Term Debt	Rates <sup>(1)</sup>	Dates	202	20		2019	
Water and Sewer System Other Subordinated De	ebt						
Revolving Credit Agreement <sup>(6)</sup>	Variable	2021	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	
Total Water and Sewer System Other Subordinate	ed Debt			5,000		5,000	
District Energy System: 2013 Series A	2.415-4.538%	2020-2034	2	3.135		34,825	
Total District Energy System	2.415-4.55070	2020-2034		3,135		34,825	
Total Debt Principal Outstanding Less: Debt Due Within One Year			•	7,290 2,700)		3,620,635 (192,555)	
Total Long-Term Debt			\$ 3,15	4,590	\$	3,428,080	

- (1) Interest rates apply only to bonds outstanding at September 30, 2020. Interest on the outstanding variable rate debt is based on either the daily mode, weekly mode, or the flexible mode, which resets in time increments ranging from 1 to 270 days. In addition, JEA has executed fixed-payer weekly mode interest rate swaps to effectively fix a portion of its net payments relative to certain variable rate bonds. The terms of the interest rate swaps are approximately equal to that of the fixed-payer bonds. See the Debt Management Strategy section of this note for more information related to the interest rate swap agreements outstanding at September 30, 2020 and 2019.
- (2) Variable rate demand obligations interest rates ranged from 0.10% to 0.28% at September 30, 2020.
- (3) Variable rate direct purchased bonds indexed to SIFMA interest rates were 0.62% at September 30, 2020.
- (4) Federally Taxable Issuer Subsidy Build America Bonds where JEA expects to receive a cash subsidy payment from the United States Department of the Treasury for an amount up to 35% of the related interest.
- (5) Variable rate bonds indexed to the Consumer Price Index (CPI bonds) interest rates ranged from 3.47% to 3.49% at September 30, 2020.
- (6) Revolving Credit Agreement interest rate was 1.30% at September 30, 2020.

JEA

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Long-term debt activity (excluding the revolving credit agreement) for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

System	bt Payable otember 30, 2019	Par Amount of Debt Issued	Re	r Amount of Debt funded or Defeased	F	cheduled Debt Principal ayments	Debt Payable September 30, 2020		of	rrent Portion Debt Payable eptember 30, 2020
Electric:										·
Revenue	\$ 1,609,345	\$ 221,670	\$	(320,935)	\$	(112,635)	\$	1,397,445	\$	54,285
Direct purchase	214,905	-		_		(3,595)		211,310		6,505
Total electric	1,824,250	221,670		(320,935)		(116,230)		1,608,755		60,790
Bulk Power Supply	95,010	-		_		(6,150)		88,860		6,975
SJRPP	278,885	-		_		(13,780)		265,105		13,340
Water and Sewer	1,382,665	130,590		(202,115)		(54,705)		1,256,435		19,870
DES	34,825	-		_		(1,690)		33,135		1,725
Total	\$ 3,615,635	\$ 352,260	\$	(523,050)	\$	(192,555)	\$	3,252,290	\$	102,700

Long-term debt activity (excluding the revolving credit agreement) for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

System	bt Payable otember 30, 2018	Ar of	Par Amount of Debt Issued		ar Amount of Debt funded or Defeased	F	cheduled Debt Principal ayments	ebt Payable ptember 30, 2019	Current Portion of Debt Payable September 30, 2019		
Electric:											
Revenue	\$ 1,830,990	\$	_	\$	(100,090)	\$	(121,555)	\$ 1,609,345	\$	112,635	
Direct purchase	218,330		_		_		(3,425)	214,905		3,595	
Total electric	2,049,320		_		(100,090)		(124,980)	1,824,250		116,230	
Bulk Power Supply	100,720		_		_		(5,710)	95,010		6,150	
SJRPP	280,605		-		-		(1,720)	278,885		13,780	
Water and Sewer	1,529,340		-		(94,955)		(51,720)	1,382,665		54,705	
DES	36,485		_		_		(1,660)	34,825		1,690	
Total	\$ 3,996,470	\$	-	\$	(195,045)	\$	(185,790)	\$ 3,615,635	\$	192,555	

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The debt service payments to maturity on the outstanding debt (excluding the revolving credit agreement) as of September 30, 2020 are summarized below.

	Electric Syst	Revenue	Ele	ectric System	Dir	ect Purchase	Bulk Power Supply System				
Fiscal Year	Principal		nterest <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		Principal		Interest <sup>(2)</sup>		Principal	Interest <sup>(1)</sup>	
2021	\$ 54,285	\$	45,570	\$	6,505	\$	1,230	\$	6,975	\$	3,607
2022	50,545		46,065		8,595		1,182		7,080		3,386
2023	35,785		44,058		8,925		1,128		7,270		3,138
2024	8,830		43,114		7,950		1,080		7,485		2,868
2025	19,745		42,760		10,190		1,020		4,760		2,631
2026-2030	362,765		187,062		69,820		3,956		24,005		9,850
2031-2035	454,535		115,271		63,235		1,750		17,010		4,401
2036-2040	372,970		37,145		35,370		353		14,275		1,267
2041-2045	37,985		3,851		720		_		_		_
Total	\$ 1,397,445	\$	564,896	\$	211,310	\$	11,699	\$	88,860	\$	31,148

		SJI	RPF	•		Water and S	ewe	r System	District Ene	ergy	/ System		Total Debt										
Fiscal Year	F	Principal		Interest <sup>(1)</sup>		Principal	ı	nterest <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Principal		Interest	_	Service										
2021	\$	13,340	\$	10,169	\$	19,870	\$	45,409	\$ 1,725	\$	1,275	\$	209,960										
2022		14,175		9,602		9,370		46,699	1,770		1,230		199,699										
2023		15,285		9,002		9,850		46,410	1,815		1,179		183,845										
2024		15,865		8,377		53,490		45,076	1,870		1,121		197,126										
2025		16,445		7,710		56,815		42,638	1,930		1,058		207,702										
2026-2030		87,035		29,203		289,090		174,171	10,770		4,124		1,251,851										
2031-2035		62,475		14,670		302,970		113,103	13,255		1,553		1,164,228										
2036-2040		40,485		3,573		363,790		54,659	_		_		923,887										
2041-2045		_		_	151,190		151,190		151,190		151,190		151,190		151,190			7,686	_		_		201,432
Total	\$	265,105	\$	92,306	\$	1,256,435	\$	575,851	\$ 33,135	\$	11,540	\$	4,539,730										

The interest requirement reflects gross interest, prior to any 35% cash subsidy payments, on the Federally Taxable – Issuer Subsidy – Build America Bonds.

JEA, at its option, may redeem specific outstanding fixed rate JEA Revenue Bonds prior to maturity, as discussed in the official statements covering their issuance. A summary of the redemption provisions is as follows:

		<b>Bulk Power</b>		Water and	District
	Electric System	Supply System	SJRPP	Sewer System	Energy System
Earliest fiscal year for redemption	2021	2021	2021	2021	2023
Redemption price	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

The interest requirement for the variable rate debt was determined by using the interest rates that were in effect at the financial statement date of September 30, 2020.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

JEA debt issued during fiscal year 2020 is summarized as follows:

			Priority of	Month of	Pai	r Amount	Pa	r Amount	Ac	counting
System	Debt Issued	Purpose	Lien	Issue		Issued	F	Refunded	Ga	in/(Loss)
Electric	Series Three 2020A	Refunding <sup>(1)</sup>	Senior	Jul 2020	\$	129,255	\$	159,705	\$	(2,378)
Electric	2020 Series A	Refunding <sup>(2)</sup>	Subordinated	Jul 2020		92,415		113,160		(315)
Water and Sewer	2020 Series A	Refunding <sup>(3)</sup>	Senior	Jul 2020		104,000		125,055		(1,108)
Water and Sewer	2020 Series A	Refunding <sup>(4)</sup>	Subordinated	Jul 2020		26,590		31,635		(417)
					\$	352,260	\$	429,555	\$	(4,218)

- (1) Fixed rate bonds issued to refund fixed rate bonds with new debt service of \$216,057 compared to prior debt service of \$251,962 and \$25,527 of net present value economic savings.
- (2) Fixed rate bonds issued to refund fixed rate bonds with new debt service of \$146,777 compared to prior debt service of \$172,616 and \$20,780 of net present value economic savings.
- (3) Fixed rate bonds issued to refund fixed rate bonds with new debt service of \$167,050 compared to prior debt service of \$199,140 and \$25,225 of net present value economic savings.
- (4) Fixed rate bonds issued to refund fixed rate bonds with new debt service of \$43,368 compared to prior debt service of \$50,638 and \$6,219 of net present value economic savings.

The JEA Board has authorized the issuance of additional refunding bonds within certain parameters for the Electric System, Bulk Power Supply System, SJRPP, and Water and Sewer System. The following table summarizes the maximum amounts that could be issued:

	Autho	on		
System	 Senior	Sı	bordinated	Expiration
Electric	\$ 499,745	\$	170,585	December 31, 2020
Bulk Power Supply System	60,000		N/A	December 31, 2020
SJRPP Issue Three	250,000		N/A	December 31, 2020
Water and Sewer	209,000		124,410	December 31, 2020

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### Variable Rate Demand Obligations (VRDOs) - Liquidity Support

For the Electric System and the Water and Sewer System VRDOs appearing in the schedule of outstanding indebtedness, and except for the obligations noted in the following paragraphs, liquidity support is provided in connection with tenders for purchase with various liquidity providers pursuant to standby bond purchase agreements (SBPA) relating to that series of obligation. The purchase price of the obligations tendered or deemed tendered for purchase is payable from the proceeds of the remarketing thereof and moneys drawn under the applicable SBPA. At September 30, 2020, there were no outstanding draws under the SBPA. In the event of the expiration or termination of the SBPA that results in a mandatory tender of the VRDOs and the purchase of the obligations by the bank, then beginning on April 1 or October 1, whichever date is at least six months subsequent to the purchase of the obligations, JEA shall begin to make equal semiannual installments over an approximate five-year period. Commitment fees range 0.42% to 0.675% with stated termination dates ranging from March 19, 2021 to September 18, 2023, unless otherwise extended.

JEA entered into irrevocable direct-pay letter of credit and reimbursement agreement to support the payment of principal and interest on the Water and Sewer System 2008 Series A-2 VRDOs. The letter of credit agreement constitutes both a credit facility and a liquidity facility. As of September 30, 2020, there were no draws outstanding under the letter of credit agreement. Repayment of any draws outstanding at the expiration date are payable in equal semiannual installments over an approximate five-year period. The commitment fee is 0.42% with a stated expiration date of December 1, 2023, unless otherwise extended.

JEA has entered into continuing covenant agreements for the Variable Rate Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series Three 2008B-1, Series Three 2008B-4, and Series Three 2008D-1 (collectively, the Direct Purchase Bonds). Except as described below, the bank does not have the option to tender the respective Direct Purchase Bonds for purchase for a period specified in the respective continuing covenant agreements, which period would be subject to renewal under certain conditions. Any Direct Purchase Bonds that were not purchased on the scheduled mandatory tender date that occurred, upon the expiration of such period, would be required to be repaid as to principal in equal semiannual installments over a period of approximately five years from the scheduled mandatory tender date. The continuing covenant agreements specify certain events of default that require immediate repayment of outstanding amounts and other events of default that require repayment of outstanding amounts if the event of default continues from 7 days to 180 days. During the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, JEA did not default on any terms of the continuing covenant agreements. The current expiration date of the continuing covenant agreements is December 10, 2021, unless otherwise extended. The interest rate is variable and set weekly based upon SIFMA plus 50 basis points.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

### Revolving Credit Agreement

JEA has a revolving credit agreement with a commercial bank for an unsecured amount of \$500,000. The revolving credit agreement may be used with respect to the Electric System, the Bulk Power Supply System, the SJRPP System, the Water and Sewer System, or the DES for operating or capital expenditures. The revolving credit agreement specifies events of default that require immediate repayment of outstanding amounts. During the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, JEA did not default on any terms of the revolving credit agreement. During fiscal year 2019, the revolving credit agreement was drawn upon by the Water and Sewer System for \$2,000, increasing the outstanding balance to \$5,000, which remains outstanding as of September 30, 2020, with \$495,000 available to be drawn. The revolving credit agreement is scheduled to expire on May 24, 2021.

#### Debt Management Strategy

JEA has entered into various interest rate swap agreements, executed in conjunction with debt financings for initial terms up to 35 years (unless earlier terminated). JEA utilizes floating to fixed interest rate swaps as part of its debt management strategy. For purposes of this note, the term floating to fixed interest rate swaps refers to swaps in which JEA receives a floating rate and pays a fixed rate.

The fair value of the interest rate swap agreements and related hedging instruments is reported in the long-term debt section in the accompanying statements of net position; however, the notional amounts of the interest rate swaps are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. JEA follows GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*; therefore, hedge accounting is applied where fair market value changes are recorded in the accompanying statements of net position as either deferred outflow or deferred inflow resources.

The earnings from the debt management strategy interest rate swaps are recorded to interest on debt in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

JEA entered into all outstanding floating to fixed interest rate swap agreements during prior fiscal years. The terms of the floating to fixed interest rate swap agreements outstanding at September 30, 2020, are as follows:

		Initial	N	otional	Fixed			
		Notional	Α	mount	Rate of	Effective	Termination	
System	Hedged Bonds	Amount	Out	standing	Interest	Date	Date	Variable Rate Index
Electric	Series Three 2008C	\$ 174,000	\$	84,800	3.7%	Sep 2003	Sep 2033	68% of one month LIBOR
Electric	Series Three 2008B	117,825		82,575	4.4%	Aug 2008	Oct 2039	SIFMA
Electric	Series Three 2008B	116,425		84,775	3.7%	Sep 2008	Oct 2035	68% of one month LIBOR
Electric	2008 Series D	40,875		39,175	3.7%	Mar 2009	Oct 2037	68% of one month LIBOR
Electric	Series Three 2008D-1	98,375		62,980	3.9%	May 2008	Oct 2031	SIFMA
Electric	Series Three 2008A	100,000		51,680	3.8%	Jan 2008	Oct 2036	SIFMA
Water and Sewer	2006 Series B	38,730		19,110	4.0-4.1%	Oct 2006	Oct 2020-2022	CPI
Water and Sewer	2008 Series B	85,290		85,290	3.9%	Mar 2007	Oct 2041	SIFMA
		\$ 771,520	\$	510,385	•			

JEA entered into all outstanding floating to fixed interest rate swap agreements during prior fiscal years. The terms of the floating to fixed interest rate swap agreements outstanding at September 30, 2019, are as follows:

		Initial Notional			Fixed			
		Notional	Δ	mount	Rate of	<b>Effective</b>	Termination	
System	Hedged Bonds	Amount	Out	standing	Interest	Date	Date	Variable Rate Index
Electric	Series Three 2008C	\$ 174,000	\$	84,800	3.7%	Sep 2003	Sep 2033	68% of one month LIBOR
Electric	Series Three 2008B	117,825		82,575	4.4%	Aug 2008	Oct 2039	SIFMA
Electric	Series Three 2008B	116,425		85,200	3.7%	Sep 2008	Oct 2035	68% of one month LIBOR
Electric	2008 Series D	40,875		39,175	3.7%	Mar 2009	Oct 2037	68% of one month LIBOR
Electric	Series Three 2008D-1	98,375		62,980	3.9%	May 2008	Oct 2031	SIFMA
Electric	Series Three 2008A	100,000		51,680	3.8%	Jan 2008	Oct 2036	SIFMA
Water and Sewer	2006 Series B	38,730		24,850	4.0-4.1%	Oct 2006	Oct 2019-2022	CPI
Water and Sewer	2008 Series B	85,290		85,290	3.9%	Mar 2007	Oct 2041	SIFMA
	•	\$ 771,520	\$	516,550	='			

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The following table includes fiscal year 2020 and 2019 summary information for JEA's effective cash flow hedges related to the outstanding floating to fixed interest rate swap agreements.

	Changes in Fa	Changes in Fair Value Fair Value at September 30, 2020						
System	Classification	Amount	Classification	Α	mount <sup>(1)</sup>	N	lotional	
Electric	Deferred outflows	\$ 20,986	Fair value of debt management strategy instruments	\$	(139,607)	\$	405,985	
Water and Sewer	Deferred outflows	6,415	Fair value of debt management strategy instruments		(37,681)		104,400	
Total		\$ 27,401		\$	(177,288)	\$	510,385	

	Changes in Fa	air \	Value	Fair Value at September 30, 2019				
System	Classification	Α	mount	Classification	Amount <sup>(1)</sup>			lotional
Electric	Deferred outflows	\$	48,518	Fair value of debt management strategy instruments	\$	(118,621)	\$	406,410
Water and Sewer	Deferred outflows		15,013	Fair value of debt management strategy instruments		(31,266)		110,140
Total		\$	63,531		\$	(149,887)	\$	516,550

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value amounts were calculated using market rates and standard cash flow present valuing techniques.

For fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the weighted-average rates of interest for each index type of floating to fixed interest rate swap agreement and the total net swap earnings were as follows:

		2019	
68% of LIBOR Index:			
Notional amount outstanding	\$	208,750	209,175
Variable rate received (weighted average)		0.71%	1.62%
Fixed rate paid (weighted average)		3.69%	3.69%
SIFMA Index (formerly BMA Index):			
Notional amount outstanding	\$	282,525	282,525
Variable rate received (weighted average)		0.83%	1.56%
Fixed rate paid (weighted average)		4.02%	4.02%
CPI Index:			
Notional amount outstanding	\$	19,100	24,850
Variable rate received (weighted average)		3.14%	3.23%
Fixed rate paid (weighted average)		4.05%	4.04%
Net debt management swap loss	\$	(15,348) \$	(11,445)

JEA

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The following two tables summarize the anticipated net cash flows of JEA's outstanding hedged variable rate debt and related floating to fixed interest rate swap agreements at September 30, 2020:

### **Electric System**

				Net Swap						
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Prin			Interest <sup>(1)</sup>		Interest	Total			
2021	\$	3,200	\$	1,211	\$	15,227	\$	19,638		
2022		3,275		1,199		15,111		19,585		
2023		3,375		1,190		14,991		19,556		
2024		5,400		1,174		14,798		21,372		
2025		13,840		1,134		14,319		29,293		
2026–2030		143,610		4,548		57,403		205,561		
2031–2035		138,700		2,112		26,721		167,533		
2036–2040		94,585		481		6,395		101,461		
Total	\$	405,985	\$	13,049	\$	164,965	\$	583,999		

### Water and Sewer System

		Net Swap							
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest <sup>(1)</sup>		Interest		Total		
2021	\$ 9,195	\$	590	\$	3,322	\$	13,107		
2022	4,860		345		3,282		8,487		
2023	5,055		173		3,253		8,481		
2024	4,035		81		3,097		7,213		
2025	4,420		77		2,930		7,427		
2026–2030	9,140		344		13,050		22,534		
2031–2035	9,660		314		11,906		21,880		
2036–2040	36,315		199		7,559		44,073		
2041-2045	21,720		13		490		22,223		
Total	\$ 104,400	\$	2,136	\$	48,889	\$	155,425		

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest requirement for the variable rate debt and the variable portion of the interest rate swaps was determined by using the interest rates that were in effect at the financial statement date of September 30, 2020. The fixed portion of the interest rate swaps was determined based on the actual fixed rates of the outstanding interest rate swaps at September 30, 2020.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Credit Risk – JEA is exposed to credit risk on hedging derivative instruments that are in asset positions. To minimize its exposure to loss related to credit risk, the Board has established limits on the notional amount of JEA's interest rate swap transactions and standards for the qualification of financial institutions with which JEA may enter into interest rate swap transactions. The counterparties with which JEA may deal must be rated (i) "AAA"/"Aaa" by one or more nationally recognized rating agencies at the time of execution, (ii) "A"/"A2" or better by at least two of such credit rating agencies at the time of execution, or (iii) if such counterparty is not rated "A"/"A2" or better at the time of execution, provide for a guarantee by an affiliate of such counterparty rated at least "A"/"A2" or better at the time of execution where such affiliate agrees to unconditionally guarantee the payment obligations of such counterparty under the swap agreement. In addition, each swap agreement will require the counterparty to enter into a collateral agreement to provide collateral when the ratings of such counterparty (or its guarantor) fall below "AA-"/"Aa3" and a payment is owed to JEA. With respect to swap agreements entered into in 2014 between JEA and three swap counterparties, each counterparty will be required to provide collateral when (a) the ratings of such counterparty fall below "A+"/"A1" by any one of the rating agencies and (b) a termination payment would be owed to JEA above a specified threshold amount. All outstanding interest rate swaps at September 30, 2020, were in a liability position. Therefore, if counterparties failed to perform as contracted, JEA would not be subject to any credit risk exposure at September 30, 2020.

JEA's floating to fixed interest rate swap counterparty credit ratings at September 30, 2020, are as follows:

Counterparty	Counterparty Credit Ratings S&P/Moody's/Fitch	N	tstanding lotional Amount
Morgan Stanley Capital Service Inc.	BBB+/A3/A	\$	164,665
Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products L.P.	AA-/Aa2/not rated		136,480
JPM organ Chase Bank, N.A.	A+/Aa2/AA		123,950
Merrill Lynch Derivative Products AG	A-/A2/A+		85,290
Total		\$	510,385

Interest Rate Risk – JEA is exposed to interest rate risk where changes in interest rates could affect the related net cash flows and fair values of outstanding interest rate swaps. On a pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swap, as the floating swap index decreases, JEA's net payment on the swap increases, and as the fixed rate swap market declines as compared to the fixed rate on the swap, the fair value declines.

**Basis Risk** – JEA is exposed to basis risk on certain pay-fixed interest rate swap hedging derivative instruments because the variable-rate payments received on certain hedging derivative instruments are based on a rate or index other than interest rates that JEA pays on its hedged variable-rate debt, which is reset every one or seven days. As of September 30, 2020, the weighted-average interest rate on JEA's hedged variable-rate debt (excluding variable rate CPI bonds) is 0.28%, the SIFMA swap index rate is 0.12%, and 68% of LIBOR is 0.11%.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

**Termination Risk** – JEA or its counterparties may terminate a derivative instrument if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination, a hedging derivative instrument were in a liability position, JEA would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the liability.

Market Access Risk – JEA is exposed to market access risk due to potential market disruptions in the municipal credit markets that could inhibit the issuing or remarketing of bonds and related hedging instruments. JEA maintains strong credit ratings (see Debt Administration section of the Management Discussion and Analysis) and, to date, has not encountered any barriers to the credit markets.

#### 9. Related Party Transactions

#### City of Jacksonville

Utility and Administrative Services

JEA is a separately governed authority and considered a discretely presented component unit of the City. JEA provides electric, water, and sewer service to the City and its agencies and bills for such service using established rate schedules. JEA utilizes various services provided by departments of the City including insurance, legal, and motor pool. JEA is billed on a proportionate cost basis with other user departments and agencies. The revenues for services provided and expenses for services received by JEA for these related-party transactions with the City were as follows:

		2019			
Revenues	\$	26,420	\$	27,494	
Expenses	\$	6,154	\$	5,393	

#### City Contribution

On March 22, 2016, the City and JEA entered into a five-year agreement, which established the contribution formula for the fiscal years 2017 through 2021. On February 28, 2019, the agreement was amended to extend its expiration date to September 30, 2023 and to make an additional contribution to the City of \$15,155.

Although the calculation for the annual transfer of available revenue from JEA to the City is based upon formulas that are applied specifically to each utility system operated by JEA, JEA, at its sole discretion, may utilize any of its available revenues, regardless of source, to satisfy its total annual obligation to the City.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 9. Related Party Transactions (continued)

The contributions from the JEA Electric Enterprise Fund and JEA Water and Sewer Fund were as follows:

		2019		
Electric	\$	93,871	\$ 92,952	
Water and Sewer	\$	24,953	\$ 39,850	

The JEA Electric Enterprise Fund is required to contribute annually to the General Fund of the City an amount equal to 7.468 mills per kilowatt hour delivered by JEA to retail users in JEA's service area and to wholesale customers under firm contracts having an original term of more than one year. The JEA Water and Sewer Fund is required to contribute annually to the General Fund of the City an amount equal to 389.2 mills per thousand gallons of potable water and sewer service provided, excluding reclaimed water service. These calculations are subject to a minimum increase of 1% per year through 2021, using 2016 as the base year for the combined assessment for the Electric Enterprise Fund and Water and Sewer Fund. There is no maximum annual assessment.

#### Franchise Fees

In 2008, the City enacted a 3.0% franchise fee from designated revenues of the Electric and Water and Sewer systems. The ordinance authorizes JEA to pass through these fees to its electric and water and sewer funds. These amounts are included in operating revenues and expenses and were as follows:

		2019			
Electric	\$	28,191	\$	29,110	
Water and Sewer	\$	10,963	\$	10,802	

#### Insurance Risk Pool

JEA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. In addition, JEA is exposed to risks of loss due to injuries and illness of its employees. These risks are managed through the Risk Management Division of the City, which administers the public liability (general liability and automobile liability) and workers' compensation self-insurance program covering the activities of the City general government, JEA, Jacksonville Housing Authority, Jacksonville Port Authority, and the Jacksonville Aviation Authority. The general objectives are to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the members, a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage and to develop a comprehensive loss control program.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 9. Related Party Transactions (continued)

JEA has excess coverage for individual workers' compensation claims above \$1,200. Liability for claims incurred is the responsibility of, and is recorded in, the City's self-insurance plan. The premiums are calculated on a retrospective or prospective basis, depending on the claims experience of JEA and other participants in the City's self-insurance program. The liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claim including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors. The JEA workers' compensation expense is the premium charged by the City's self-insurance plan. JEA is also a participant in the City's general liability insurance program. As part of JEA's risk management program, certain commercial insurance policies are purchased to cover designated exposures and potential loss programs. These amounts are included in operating expenses and were as follows:

General liability	 2020	2019			
General liability	\$ 2,066	\$ 2,042			
Workers' compensation	\$ 1,729	\$ 1,212			

The following table shows the estimated workers' compensation and general liability loss accruals for the City and JEA's portion for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. The amounts are recorded by the City at present value using a 4% discount rate for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019.

		Workers' Co	mpens	ation	General Liability				
	Ja	City of acksonville	Р	JEA ortion	Ja	City of cksonville	JEA Portion		
Beginning balance Change in provision Payments	\$	102,758 28,880 (22,407)	\$	2,864 542 (699)	\$	16,545 7,650 (6,434)	\$	2,661 (229) (936)	
Ending balance	\$	109,231	\$	2,707	\$	17,761	\$	1,496	

### Vulcan Construction Materials LP

JEA purchases limestone from Vulcan Construction Materials LP (Vulcan) for use in generation of electricity at its Northside power plant. The largest private shareholder of Vulcan is the Baker family, of which John D. Baker II, JEA Board Chairman, is a member. JEA executed its current contract with Vulcan prior to Mr. Baker's appointment to the Board. The contract will expire on December 31, 2021. In fiscal year 2020 and 2019, JEA purchased limestone from Vulcan of \$7,636 and \$6,289, respectively.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments

JEA has made long-term commitments to purchase approximately 734,000 tons of coal for Scherer Unit 4 between October 2020 and December 2021. Additionally, in September 2020, JEA has committed to purchase approximately 105,000 tons each of coal and pet coke for Northside. Contract terms specify minimum annual purchase commitments at fixed prices or at prices that are subject to market adjustments. JEA has remarketing rights under the coal contracts. The majority of JEA's coal and petroleum coke supply is purchased with transportation included.

In addition, JEA participates in Georgia Power agreements with rail carriers for the delivery of coal to Scherer Unit 4. Georgia Power Company, acting for itself and as agent for JEA and the other Scherer co-owners, has entered into an agreement with Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway Company (BNSF) that extends the rail contract through calendar year 2028. Georgia Power has also entered into an agreement with the Norfolk Southern Railway Company (NS) that extends through December 31, 2020.

JEA has commitments to purchase natural gas delivered to Jacksonville under a long-term contract with Shell Energy North America L.P. (Shell Energy) that expire in 2021. In October 2019, the JEA Board approved a 10-year extension of the agreement with Shell Energy. Contract terms for the natural gas supply specify minimum annual purchase commitments at market prices. JEA has the option to remarket any excess natural gas purchases. In addition to the gas delivered by Shell Energy, JEA has long-term contracts with Peoples Gas system, Florida Gas Transmission, Southern Natural Gas and SeaCoast Gas Transmission for firm gas transportation to allow the delivery of natural gas through those pipeline systems. There is no purchase commitment of natural gas associated with those transportation contracts.

In the unlikely event that JEA would not be in a position to fulfill its obligations to receive fuel and purchased power under the terms of its existing fuel and purchased power contracts, JEA would nonetheless be obligated to make certain future payments. If the conditions necessitating the future payments occurred, JEA would mitigate the financial impact of those conditions by remarketing the fuel and purchased power at then-current market prices. The aggregate amount of future payments that JEA does not expect to be able to mitigate appears in the table below:

Fiscal Year	 Coal and	Pet Co	oke	Nat	tural Gas				
Ending	Fuel		Transportation		Transportation		nsmission	Total	
2021	\$ 2,177	\$	2,094	\$	7,024	\$	6,495	\$	17,790
2022	358		_		6,606		6,563		13,527
2023	_		_		6,606		6,944		13,550
2024	_		_		6,624		7,293		13,917
2025	_		_		6,606		7,921		14,527
2026-2045	_		_		37,447		174,887		212,334
Total	\$ 2,535	\$	2,094	\$	70,913	\$	210,103	\$	285,645

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

#### Vogtle Units Purchased Power Agreement

#### Overview

As a result of an earlier 2008 Board policy establishing a 10% of total energy from nuclear energy goal, JEA entered into a power purchase agreement (as amended, the Additional Vogtle Units PPA) with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG) for 206 megawatts (MW) of capacity and related energy from MEAG's interest in two additional nuclear generating units (the Additional Vogtle Units or Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4) under construction at the Alvin W. Vogtle Nuclear Plant in Burke County, Georgia. The owners of the Additional Vogtle Units include Georgia Power Company (Georgia Power), Oglethorpe Power Corporation, MEAG and the City of Dalton, Georgia (collectively, the Vogtle Co-Owners). The energy received under the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is projected to represent approximately 13% of JEA's total energy requirements in the year 2023.

The Additional Vogtle Units PPA requires JEA to pay MEAG for the capacity and energy at the full cost of production (including debt service on the bonds issued and to be issued by MEAG and on the loans made and to be made by the Project J Entity referred to below, in each case, to finance the portion of the capacity to be sold to JEA from the Additional Vogtle Units) plus a margin over the term of the Additional Vogtle Units PPA. Under the Additional Vogtle Units PPA, JEA is entitled to 103 MW of capacity and related energy from each of the Additional Vogtle Units for a 20-year term commencing on each Additional Vogtle Unit's commercial operation date and is required to pay for such capacity and energy on a "take-or-pay" basis (that is, whether or not either Additional Vogtle Unit is completed or is operating or operable, whether or not its output is suspended, reduced or the like, or terminated in whole or in part) except that JEA is not obligated to pay the margin referred to above during such periods in which the output of either Additional Vogtle Unit is suspended or terminated.

#### Financing and In-Service Costs

MEAG created three separate projects (the Vogtle Units 3 and 4 Project Entities) for the purpose of owning and financing its 22.7% undivided ownership interest in the Additional Vogtle Units (representing approximately 500.308 MW of capacity and related energy based upon the nominal rating of the Units). The project corresponding to the portion of MEAG's ownership interest, which will provide the capacity and energy to be purchased by JEA under the Additional Vogtle Units PPA, is referred to herein as Project J. MEAG currently estimates that the total in-service cost for its entire undivided ownership interest in the Additional Vogtle Units will be approximately \$6,343,600, including construction costs, financing costs through the estimated in-service dates, contingencies, initial fuel load costs, and switchyard and transmission costs. MEAG has additionally provided that its total capital costs for its share of the Additional Vogtle Units, including reserve funds and other fund deposits required under the financing documents, are approximately \$6,820,200. The total in-service cost for Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4 allocable to Project J and the portion of additional in-service costs relating to reserve funds and other fund deposits is \$2,892,995.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

Financing for Project J – In order to finance a portion of its acquisition and construction of Project J and to refund bond anticipation notes previously issued by MEAG, MEAG issued approximately \$1,248,435 of its Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4 Project J Bonds (the 2010 PPA Bonds) on March 11, 2010. Of the total 2010 PPA Bonds, approximately \$1,224,265 were issued as Federally Taxable – Issuer Subsidy – Build America Bonds where MEAG expects to receive a cash subsidy payment from the United States Treasury for 35% of the related interest, subject to reduction due to sequestration. At this time, a portion of the interest subsidy payments with respect to the Build America Bonds is not being paid as a result of the federal government sequestration process and the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2019 for the current fiscal year through fiscal year 2029. The exact amount of such reduction is determined on or about the beginning of the federal government's fiscal year, or October 1, and is subject to adjustment thereafter. The current reduction amount of 5.7% became effective on October 1, 2020. MEAG issued \$185,180 of additional Project J tax-exempt bonds on September 9, 2015. In addition, MEAG issued \$570,925 of additional Project J tax-exempt bonds on July 19, 2019. JEA was not asked to, and did not, provide updated disclosure regarding JEA in connection with the preparation of MEAG's July 18, 2019 Project J Bonds Series 2019A Official Statement relating to the issuance and JEA did not make any representations or warranties, or deliver any opinions of legal counsel, in connection with the offering, issuance, and sale of the Project J Series 2019A Bonds.

On June 24, 2015, in order to obtain certain loan guarantees from the United States Department of Energy (DOE) for further funding of Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4, MEAG divided its undivided ownership interest in Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4 into three separate undivided interests and transferred such interests to the Vogtle Units 3 and 4 Project Entities. MEAG transferred approximately 41.175% of its ownership interest, representing 206 MW of nominally rated generating capacity (which is the portion of MEAG's ownership interest attributable to Project J), to MEAG Power SPVJ, LLC (the Project J Entity).

The Project J Entity entered into a loan guarantee agreement with the DOE in 2015, subsequently amended in 2016 and 2017, under which the Project J Entity is permitted to borrow from the Federal Financing Bank (FFB) an aggregate amount of approximately \$687,279, all of which has been advanced to date.

On September 28, 2017, DOE, MEAG, and the Vogtle Units 3 and 4 Project Entities entered into a conditional commitment for additional DOE loan guarantees in the aggregate amount of \$414,700. On March 22, 2019, MEAG announced that it had closed on the additional DOE loan guarantees in the aggregate amount of \$414,700. The Project J Entity's portion of the \$414,700 in additional loan guarantees is \$111,541 and this amount was fully drawn on October 2, 2020. MEAG expects that the total financing needs for Project J will exceed the aggregate of the Project J Entity's FFB lending commitments and the balance will be financed in the capital markets.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

Summary of financing associated with Project J:

Long-term bonds	
2010A Build America bonds	\$ 1,224,265
2010B tax-exempt bonds	24,170
2015A tax-exempt bonds	185,180
2019A tax-exempt bonds	570,925
Remaining financing requirement	 59,490
Total long-term bonds	2,064,030
DOE advances <sup>(1)</sup>	
2015 DOE advances	345,990
2019 DOE advances	229,748
2020 DOE advances	111,541
Total DOE advances	687,279
Estimated interest earnings and bond premiums	141,686
Total capital requirements <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 2,892,995

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes advances and related capitalized interest accretion.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents estimated total construction costs and required reserve deposits, net of payments received.

JEA

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

Based on information provided by MEAG, JEA's portion of the debt service on the outstanding Project J debt as of September 30, 2020, including the October 2, 2020 DOE advances, is summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	,	Annual Debt Service		Build America Bonds Subsidy	(	Capitalized Interest	Net Debt Service
2021	\$ 26,297	\$ 127,636	\$	153,933	(	\$ (27,100)	\$	(100,536)	\$ 26,297
2022	27,330	126,809		154,139		(26,790)		(51,168)	76,181
2023	30,202	126,259		156,461		(26,466)		(6,919)	123,076
2024	31,574	124,907		156,481		(26,129)		_	130,352
2025	32,762	123,364		156,126		(25,776)		_	130,350
2026	33,975	121,796		155,771		(25,409)		_	130,362
2027	35,207	120,230		155,437		(25,026)		_	130,411
2028	36,568	118,429		154,997		(24,626)		_	130,371
2029	37,936	116,689		154,625		(24,209)		_	130,416
2030	39,362	114,843		154,205		(23,774)		_	130,431
2031	40,847	112,919		153,766		(23,320)		_	130,446
2032	42,345	111,003		153,348		(22,847)		_	130,501
2033	44,014	108,802		152,816		(22,353)		_	130,463
2034	45,709	106,629		152,338		(21,838)		_	130,500
2035	47,445	104,389		151,834		(21,301)		_	130,533
2036	41,971	102,053		144,024		(20,740)		_	123,284
2037	30,478	99,568		130,046		(20,155)		_	109,891
2038	25,725	97,050		122,775		(19,545)		-	103,230
2039	23,565	94,311		117,876		(18,909)		_	98,967
2040	13,677	91,517		105,194		(18,246)		_	86,948
2041	9,912	88,578		98,490		(17,553)		_	80,937
2042	5,515	44,719		50,234		(9,217)		_	41,017
2043	770	5,950		6,720		(1,249)		_	5,471
Total	\$ 703,186	\$ 2,388,450	\$	3,091,636	(	\$ (492,578)	\$	(158,623)	\$ 2,440,435

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

Construction Arrangements for the Additional Vogtle Units

As a result of the bankruptcy of the original contractor for the Additional Vogtle Units and increases in the construction costs, the Vogtle Co-Owners have restructured the construction arrangements for the Additional Vogtle Units. Under the restructured construction arrangements:

- Bechtel Power Corporation (Bechtel) will serve as the prime construction contractor for the remaining
  construction activities for Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4 under a Construction Agreement entered into between
  Bechtel and Georgia Power, acting for itself and as agent for the other Vogtle Co-Owners (the Construction
  Agreement), which is a cost reimbursable plus fee arrangement, which means that the Construction Agreement
  does not require Bechtel to absorb any increases in construction costs.
- In August 2018, the Vogtle Co-Owners approved amendments to their joint ownership agreements for Plant
  Vogtle Units 3 and 4 (as amended, the Vogtle Joint Ownership Agreements) that limit the circumstances under
  which the holders of at least 90% of the ownership interests in Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4 are required to approve
  the continuance of the construction of the Additional Vogtle Units to a few events, including the delay of one year
  or more over the most recently approved project schedule. Such events do not include increases in the
  construction budget.
- Under the Vogtle Joint Ownership Agreements, Georgia Power has the right to cancel the project at any time in its discretion.

The estimated construction costs to complete Project J's share of the Additional Vogtle Units have significantly increased from the original project budget of approximately \$1,400,000 to the current estimate of \$2,892,995. In addition, significant delays in the project's construction schedule have resulted in the original placed in service dates for Vogtle Unit 3 of April 2016 and for Vogtle Unit 4 of April 2017 being revised to the current projected placed in service dates for Vogtle Unit 3 and for Vogtle Unit 4 of November 2021 and November 2022, respectively.

JEA is not a party to the Construction Agreement or to the Vogtle Joint Ownership Agreements and does not have the right under the Additional Vogtle Units PPA to cause a termination of the Construction Agreement, to cancel the project, or to approve increases in the construction costs or delays in the construction schedule of the project. Accordingly, JEA can provide no assurance that construction costs for the Additional Vogtle Units will not significantly increase or that the schedule of the project will not be significantly delayed.

Increases in construction costs for Plant Vogtle Units 3 and 4 result in increases in the payment obligations of JEA for capacity and energy under the Additional Vogtle Units PPA. See the *Overview* and *Financing and In-Service Costs* sections above and *Litigation and Regulatory Proceedings* section below for a description of the complaint filed by JEA and the City challenging the enforceability of the Additional Vogtle Units PPA.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

Litigation and Regulatory Proceedings

Litigation – On September 11, 2018, MEAG filed suit against JEA in the Northern District of Georgia alleging claims for (i) a declaratory judgment that the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is enforceable against JEA, (ii) breach of contract for JEA's alleged failure to adhere to the Additional Vogtle Units PPA's cooperation clause, and (iii) specific performance requiring JEA to continue to comply with the Additional Vogtle Units PPA. The same day, JEA and the City filed suit against MEAG in the Fourth Judicial Circuit Court of Florida seeking a declaratory judgment that the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is invalid and unenforceable against JEA. MEAG removed JEA's and the City's suit to the Middle District of Florida. On April 9, 2019, the district court for the Northern District of Georgia entered an order granting JEA's motion to dismiss and dismissing MEAG's complaint. The court gave several reasons for dismissing MEAG's complaint, including because MEAG lacks standing due to failing to allege a definite threat of future injury and because its claim for breach of the cooperation clause is not actionable absent allegations that JEA had breached another provision of the Additional Vogtle Units PPA. MEAG filed a notice of appeal of the dismissal to the Eleventh Circuit Court of Appeals.

On July 12, 2019, the Middle District of Florida issued an order denying JEA's and the City's motions to remand the case to Florida state court. The court's July 12, 2019 order also granted MEAG's motion to transfer the case to the district court for the Northern District of Georgia. On July 26, 2019, MEAG filed a counterclaim against JEA and the City seeking a declaratory judgment that the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is valid and enforceable, breach of contract for JEA's alleged failure to adhere to the Additional Vogtle Units PPA's cooperation clause, and specific performance requiring JEA to continue to comply with the Additional Vogtle Units PPA. On August 16, 2019, JEA filed defenses to MEAG's counterclaim and alternative counterclaims against MEAG for breach of fiduciary duty, failure to perform in good faith, and negligent performance of an undertaking, in the event the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is determined to be enforceable. On September 6, 2019, MEAG filed motions to strike JEA's defenses and to dismiss JEA's alternative counterclaims. On November 1, 2019, MEAG filed a motion for leave to file a motion for judgment on the pleadings to seek a ruling on its affirmative defenses. JEA filed a memorandum opposing that motion on November 8, 2019. On November 4, 2019, JEA filed a motion for summary judgment seeking a declaration that the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is void and unenforceable. On November 8, 2019, the district court entered an order striking JEA's motion for summary judgment and setting a status conference with the parties. The same date, JEA filed a motion for leave to file a motion for summary judgment. On November 15, 2019, the district court conducted a status conference with the parties and subsequently entered an order staying all motions in the case pending submission of a revised scheduling order by December 15, 2019. On November 25, 2019, the court entered an order denying in whole MEAG's motion to strike certain of JEA's and the City of Jacksonville's affirmative defenses. The Court also dismissed two of JEA's counterclaims against MEAG, but left intact JEA's claim against MEAG for breach of the PPA based on a negligent undertaking theory, which claim is contingent and brought only in the event of a finding that the PPA is enforceable. On December 27, 2019, MEAG filed a motion for summary judgment on the pleadings as to certain legal issues. On June 17, 2020, the district court granted MEAG's motion for summary judgment on the pleadings, specifically declaring that the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is valid and enforceable and that the Additional Vogtle Units PPA unconditionally requires JEA to pay MEAG for capacity and energy at the full cost of production of Project J, including debt service on the bonds and DOE-quaranteed loans.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

**Settlement of Litigation** – On July 30, 2020, JEA and MEAG filed a voluntary notice and announced a settlement of all disputed issues relating to the Additional Vogtle Units PPA.

On August 12, 2020, JEA, the City and MEAG dismissed the litigation among the parties in both the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia and the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit. As part of the settlement, the parties agreed to accept without challenge or appeal the June 17, 2020 order of the district court determining that the Additional Vogtle Units PPA is valid and enforceable.

Also, in connection with the settlement of such litigation, MEAG and JEA executed an amendment to the Additional Vogtle Units PPA pursuant to which MEAG and JEA agreed to an increase in the "Additional Compensation Obligation" payable by JEA to MEAG of \$0.75 per MWh of energy delivered to JEA thereunder.

As part of the settlement, MEAG and JEA also entered into an agreement that, subject to the rights granted to other Project J participants in their Project J power sales contracts, grants to JEA a right of first refusal to purchase all or any portion of the entitlement share of a Project J participant to the output and services of Project J in the event that any Project J participant requests MEAG to effectuate a sale of such entitlement share pursuant to such participant's Project J power sales contract. This right of first refusal is applicable during the period commencing ten (10) years following the commercial operation date of the first of Vogtle Unit 3 or Vogtle Unit 4 to achieve commercial operation and continuing until the expiration of twenty (20) years following such commercial operation date. In order to exercise its right of first refusal as described above, JEA will be required to pay the price offered by a third-party purchaser or the fully embedded costs as provided for in the Project J power sales contract, whichever is greater.

Regulatory Proceedings – On September 17, 2018, JEA filed a petition with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) seeking a determination that FERC has exclusive jurisdiction pursuant to the Federal Power Act over the Additional Vogtle Units PPA (FERC Petition). Numerous entities, including MEAG, public utilities, municipalities, and trade groups, filed comments with FERC challenging the theories of law and arguments raised in the FERC Petition. On February 21, 2019, FERC issued an order denying the FERC Petition and disclaimed jurisdiction over the Additional Vogtle Units PPA. JEA did not seek FERC's reconsideration of the order.

#### Option to Purchase Interest in Lee Nuclear Station

On February 1, 2011, JEA entered into an option agreement with Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC (Duke Carolinas), a wholly owned subsidiary of Duke Energy Corporation, pursuant to which JEA has the option (but not the obligation) to purchase an undivided ownership interest of not less than 5% and not more than 20% of the proposed two-unit nuclear station currently known as William States Lee III Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2 to be constructed at a site in Cherokee County, South Carolina (the Lee Project). The Lee Project planned to have 2,234 MW of electric generating capacity with a projected on-line date of 2026 with respect to Unit 1 and 2028 with respect to Unit 2. The total cost of the option was \$7,500, with \$3,750 paid in both fiscal year 2011 and 2012, respectively. JEA obtained this option in furtherance of its 2010 policy target to acquire up to 30% of JEA's energy requirements from nuclear sources by 2030.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

The option agreement requires that JEA and Duke Carolinas complete negotiation of an ownership agreement and an operation and maintenance agreement for the Lee Project prior to JEA exercising the option. The option exercise period will be opened by Duke Carolinas after it (i) receives NRC approval of the COL for the Lee Project and (ii) executes an engineering, procurement, and construction agreement for the Lee Project. The Lee Project COL was received from the NRC in December 2016. In August 2017, Duke Carolinas filed with the North Carolina Utilities Commission and the South Carolina Public Service Commission to cancel the plant. This cancellation allows Duke Carolinas to seek cost recovery for the expenditures on licensing the plant, however, the NRC license remains active and the cancellation is not permanent. There is currently no schedule for negotiating an EPC agreement.

Once the exercise period is opened, JEA will have 90 days within which to exercise the option, and, if it does exercise the option, it must specify the percentage undivided ownership interest in the Lee Project that it will acquire.

After JEA exercises the option (should it elect to do so) and various regulatory approvals are obtained, JEA must pay Duke Carolinas the exercise price for the option. Such price is generally JEA's pro rata share, based on its percentage ownership interest in the Lee Project, of the development and pre construction cost for the Lee Project incurred by Duke Carolinas from the beginning of the Lee Project through the closing date of the option exercise. JEA is undecided as to the financing structure it would employ to finance its interest in the Lee Project, should it elect to exercise its option.

Under certain circumstances, should the Lee Project be terminated by Duke Carolinas, Duke may be obligated to provide JEA with options for alternative resources (but not necessarily from nuclear resources) to replace JEA's optional portion of the projected Lee Project capacity.

Such alternative resources are to be available to JEA within two years of the projected online date for the Lee Project, once such date is set. No alternative resource for the Lee Project has yet been proposed by Duke Carolinas.

#### Solar Projects

In 2009, JEA entered into a 30-year purchased power agreement with Jacksonville Solar, LLC for the produced energy, as well as the associated environmental attributes from a solar farm, Jacksonville Solar, which has been constructed in JEA's service territory. The facility, which consists of 200,000 photovoltaic panels on a JEA-leased 100-acre site, is owned by PSEG Solar Source, LLC and generated approximately 17,818 MWh of electricity in 2020 and 18,018 MWh of electricity in 2019. JEA pays only for the energy produced. Purchases of energy were \$3,676 for fiscal year 2020 and \$3,619 in 2019.

As part of JEA's continued commitment to the environment, and to increase JEA's level of carbon-free renewable energy generation, in December 2014, the Board established a solar policy to add up to 38 MWac of solar photovoltaic capacity. To support this policy, JEA issued Requests for Proposals for Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) in December 2014 and April 2015. Seven PPAs, representing 27 MWac, have been finalized. The solar PPAs are distributed around JEA's service territory.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 10. Fuel Purchase and Purchased Power Commitments (continued)

As of the end of calendar year 2019, all seven projects had been completed: NW Jacksonville Solar, Old Plank Road Solar, Starratt Solar, Simmons Solar, Blair Road Solar, Old Kings Solar, and Sunport Solar. JEA entered into 20-25 year purchased power agreements for the energy and the associate environmental attributes from each solar farm. The solar facilities generated approximately 50,966 MWh in 2020 and 41,932 MWh in 2019. JEA pays only for the energy produced. Purchases of energy were \$3,864 for fiscal year 2020 and \$3,133 in 2019.

The JEA Board approved a further solar expansion consisting of five 50 MWac solar facilities to be constructed on JEA owned property. These projects, totaling 250 MWac, are structured as PPAs. EDF-DS was selected as the vendor for the sites and contract were executed in January 2019. Preliminary site work is underway. It is expected the facilities will be phased into service with all sites completed by 2022.

#### Trail Ridge Landfill

JEA purchases energy from two landfill gas-to-energy facilities through PPA agreements with Landfill Energy Systems (LES). Each agreement is for 9.6 MWs. Currently, JEA purchases 9.6 MW from Trail Ridge Landfill in Jacksonville, FL and 6.4 MW from Sarasota Landfill in Sarasota, FL. LES can supply the remaining 3.2 MW from Sarasota, if it is expanded and becomes available, or JEA can exercise its option to receive the remaining 3.2 MW from New River Landfill in Raiford, FL. JEA pays only for the energy produced. LES pays all transmission and ancillary charges associated with transmitting the energy from Sarasota to Jacksonville, which came online in January 2015. Purchases of landfill energy were 89,646 MWh for \$6,503 in fiscal year 2020 and 87,864 MWh for \$5,813 in 2019.

#### 11. Energy Market Risk Management Program

The energy market risk management program is intended to help manage the risk of changes in the market prices of fuel consumed by JEA for electric generation. JEA entered into financial swaps that locked in the monthly commodity price of natural gas for February 2019 through December 2023, covering approximately 40% in calendar years 2019 through 2023 of its expected annual natural gas requirements.

JEA executes over-the-counter forward purchase and sale contracts and swaps. For effective derivative transactions, hedge accounting is applied in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53 and the fair market value changes are recorded on the accompanying statements of net position as either deferred charges or deferred credits until such time that the transactions end. At September 30, 2020, deferred charges of \$1,998 were included in accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives and deferred credits of \$11,944 were included in accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives on the statement of net position. At September 30, 2019, deferred charges of \$11,598 were included in accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives on the statement of net position. The related settled gains and losses from these transactions are recognized as fuel expenses on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. There were realized losses in fuel expense of \$15,524 in fiscal year 2020 and realized gains offsetting fuel expense of \$789 in 2019.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans

Substantially all JEA employees participate in and contribute to the GERP, as amended. The GERP is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan (DB) with a defined contribution alternative (DC). The defined benefit pension plan portion of the GERP is closed to new members, with all new employees entering the defined contribution plan. Employees hired prior to September 30, 2017 can electively change from the DC plan to the DB plan, or vice versa, up to three times within their first five years of participation. GERP, based on laws outlined in the City's Ordinance Code and applicable Florida statutes, provides for retirement, survivor, death, and disability benefits. Its latest financial statements and required supplementary information are included in the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City. This report may be obtained at: https://www.coj.net/departments/finance/docs/budget/2019-jacksonville-cafr-sec.aspx or by writing to the City of Jacksonville, Florida, Accounting Division, City Hall at St. James Building, 117 West Duval Street, Suite 375, Jacksonville, Florida 32202-5725.

Plan Benefits Provided – Participation in the GERP is mandatory for all full-time employees of JEA, Jacksonville Housing Authority, North Florida Transportation Planning Authority, and the City, other than police officers and firefighters. Appointed officials and permanent employees not in the civil service system may opt to become members of GERP. Elected officials are members of the Florida Retirement System Elected Officer Class. Members of the GERP are eligible to retire with a normal pension benefit upon achieving one of the following: (a) completing 30 years of credited service, regardless of age; (b) attaining age 55 with 20 years of credited service; or (c) attaining age 65 with five years of credited service. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Upon reaching one of the three conditions for retirement described above, a member is entitled to a retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average compensation, multiplied by the number of years of credited service, up to a maximum benefit of 80% of final monthly compensation. A time service retirement benefit is payable bi-weekly, to commence upon the first payday coincident with or next payday following the member's actual retirement, and will continue until death.

Each member and survivor is entitled to a cost of living adjustment (COLA). The COLA consists of a 3% increase of the retiree's or survivor's pension benefits, which compounds annually. The COLA commences in the first full pay period of April occurring at least 4.5 years (and no more than 5.5 years) after retirement. In addition, there is a supplemental benefit. The supplemental benefit is equal to five dollars (\$5) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. This benefit may not exceed \$150 per month.

A member who has suffered an illness, injury, or disease, which renders the member permanently and totally incapacitated, physically or mentally, from regular and continuous duty as an employee is considered disabled under the terms of the GERP. The GERP provides two types of disability benefits: a service related disability benefit and a non-service related disability benefit. The service related disability benefit is 50% of the member's final monthly compensation at the time of the disability. Members are eligible for non-service related disability benefits after five years of service. The benefit is 25% of the member's final monthly compensation at the time of the disability, increasing 2.5% for each year of service in excess of five years to a maximum of 50%.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

**Contributions** – Florida law requires plan contributions be made annually in amounts determined by an actuarial valuation in either dollars or as a percentage of payroll. The Florida Division of Retirement reviews and approves the City's actuarial report to ensure compliance with actuarial standards and appropriateness for funding purposes. Contributions were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined through an actuarial valuation.

JEA plan members of the DB plan were required to contribute 9.7% of their annual covered salary. JEA's pension contribution for the DB plan was \$37,592 (27.20%) in fiscal year 2020 and \$33,856 (24.49%) in 2019.

JEA plan members of the DC plan were required to contribute 7.7% of their annual covered salary. JEA's pension contribution for the DC plan was \$3,452 (11.72%) in fiscal year 2020 and \$2,783 (10.83%) in 2019. Employees vest in the employer contributions to the DC plan at 25% after two years, and 25% per year thereafter until fully vested after five years of service. Any contribution forfeitures were used to offset plan expenses.

All JEA plan members were required to contribute 0.3% of their annual covered salary to the disability program fund. JEA's disability contribution was \$503 (0.30%) in fiscal year 2020 and \$489 (0.30%) in 2019.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions

**Net Pension Liability** – JEA's net pension liability at September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 was measured based on an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, respectively. JEA's allocated share of the net pension liability is \$633,292 (48.84%) as of September 30, 2020, based on an allocation proportional to the actual contributions paid during the year ended September 30, 2019. JEA's allocated share of the net pension liability is \$562,371 (50.59%) as of September 30, 2019, based on an allocation proportional to the actual contributions paid during the year ended September 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, JEA's recognized pension expense is \$86,363 and \$80,303, respectively. As JEA has implemented regulatory accounting for pensions, the difference between the recognized pension expense and the cash contributions paid has been deferred as a regulatory asset. See note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional details.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

JEA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	September 30			
		2020		2019
Deferred outflows of resources				
Changes in assumptions	\$	41,198	\$	64,906
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		38,095		34,345
Differences between expected and actual experience		21,334		17,176
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension investments		18,928		_
Changes in proportion		6,725		11,588
Total	\$	126,280	\$	128,015
Deferred inflows of resources				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension investments	\$	_	\$	(31,964)
Changes in proportion		(18,541)		(7,680)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,777)		(3,244)
Changes in assumptions		-		(1,826)
Total	\$	(20,318)	\$	(44,714)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Deferre	ognition of ed Outflows nflows)
2021	\$	65,239
2022		15,931
2023		12,357
2024		12,435
Total	\$	105,962

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions** – Actuarial valuations are performed as of the beginning of the fiscal year and assumptions below pertain to all years presented unless otherwise noted:

Inflation 2.50% (2020) and 2.75% (2019)

Salary increases assumption 3.00%-7.50%, of which 2.50% is the Plan's long-term payroll inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90% (2020) and 7.00% (2019), net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Healthy pre-retirement

mortality rates

FRS pre-retirement mortality tables for personnel other than special risk and K-12 instructional personnel, set forward 2 years, projected generationally

from 2010 with scale MP2018.

Healthy post-retirement

mortality rates

FRS healthy post-retirement mortality tables for personnel other than special risk and K-12 instructional personnel, set forward 2 years, projected

generationally from 2010 from 2010 with Scale MP2018.

Disabled mortality rates FRS disabled mortality tables for personnel other than special risk, with not

set forward, projected generationally from 2010 with Scale MP2018. The FRS tables for personnel other than special risk and K-12 instructional personnel, set forward 2 years, reasonably reflect the healthy annuitant mortality experience of the General Employees Retirement Plan as of the measurement date. The FRS disabled mortality tables for personnel other than special risk reasonably reflect the disabled annuitant mortality

experience as of the measurement date.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table. The long-term expected real rates of return are based on 20-year projections of capital market assumptions provided by Segal Marco Advisors.

		2020	2019			
		Long-term		Long-term		
	Target	<b>Expected Nominal</b>	Target	<b>Expected Nominal</b>		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Domestic equity	30.0%	6.40%	30.0%	6.41%		
Fixed income	20.0%	1.15%	20.0%	1.96%		
International equity	20.0%	7.05%	20.0%	6.96%		
Real estate	15.0%	4.50%	15.0%	4.76%		
Alternatives	7.5%	3.32%	7.5%	3.83%		
Private equity	7.5%	10.40%	7.5%	10.41%		
Total	100%	•	100%	•		

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions would be made at their applicable contribution rates and that City contributions would be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Cash flow projections were run for a 120-year period.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the Jacksonville GERP, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% for 2020 and 7.00% for 2019, as well as what the Jacksonville GERP's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the discount rate used:

	Net Pension Liability					
1% decrease	2020			2019		
	\$	822,615	\$	756,293		
Current discount		633,292		562,371		
1% increase		475.183		400.894		

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is included in the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City.

#### St. Johns River Power Park Plan Description

Plan Description – The SJRPP Plan is a single employer contributory defined benefit plan that covers former employees of SJRPP. The SJRPP Plan provides for pension, death, and disability benefits. Participation in the SJRPP Plan was required as a condition of employment. The SJRPP Plan is subject to provisions of Chapter 112 of the State of Florida Statutes and the oversight of the Florida Division of Retirement. The SJRPP Plan is governed by a three-member pension committee (Pension Committee). As part of the Asset Transfer Agreement with FPL related to the shutdown of SJRPP, JEA assumed all payment obligations and other liabilities related to separation benefits for the qualifying SJRPP employees and any amounts required to be deposited in SJRPP Pension Fund.

The SJRPP Plan periodically issues stand-alone financial statements, with the most recent report issued for the year ended September 30, 2019. This report may be obtained at <a href="https://www.jea.com/About/Investor\_Relations/Financial\_Reports/SJRPP\_Pension">https://www.jea.com/About/Investor\_Relations/Financial\_Reports/SJRPP\_Pension</a>.

Pursuant to the February 25, 2013 amendment, the SJRPP Plan consists of two tiers: Tier One is the Defined Benefits Tier and Tier Two is the Cash Balance Tier. Tier One participants will remain in the traditional defined benefit plan and Tier Two employees (defined as employees with less than 20 years of experience) will participate in a modified defined benefit plan, or "cash balance" plan, with an employer match provided for any Tier Two employee who contributes to the 457 Plan. Participants hired after February 25, 2013 are only eligible to accrue Tier Two benefits.

Plan Benefits Provided – Members of the SJRPP Plan are eligible to retire with a normal pension benefit upon achieving one of the following: (a) completing 30 years of credited service, regardless of age; (b) attaining age 55 with 20 years of credited service; or (c) attaining age 65 with five years of credited service. There is no mandatory retirement age.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

Upon reaching one of the three conditions for retirement described above, a member in Tier One is entitled to a retirement benefit of:

- 2.0% of final average earnings (FAE) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed 15 years
- plus 2.4% of FAE multiplied by the number of years of credited service in excess of 15 years, but not to exceed 30 years
- plus .65% of the excess FAE over the Social Security Average Wages multiplied by years of credited service, not to exceed 35 years

FAE is the annual average of a participant's earnings over the highest 36 consecutive complete months out of the last 120 months of participation immediately preceding retirement or termination. Retirement benefits are payable bi-weekly beginning on the first day of the month following or coincident with the participant's Earliest Retirement Age.

As of February 25, 2013, the accrued benefits in Tier One of newly classified Tier Two participants were frozen. Distribution of frozen Tier One Benefits is governed by the provisions applicable to Tier One. Tier Two Benefits employees receive annual pay credits to their Cash Balance accounts in the amount of 6.0% of earnings between February 25, 2013 and September 30, 2015 and 8.5% of earnings on or after October 1, 2015. Cash Balance Accounts are credited with interest at the rate of 4% per year. Benefits may be distributed as a lump sum, by rollover in accordance with the Internal Revenue Service Code or as an annuity, at the election of the participant.

For participants retired on or after October 1, 2003, each member and survivor of Tier One is entitled to a COLA. The COLA consists of a 1% increase of the retiree's or survivor's pension benefits, which compounds annually. The COLA commences each October 1 following the fifth anniversary of payment commencement.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms** – At September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2020	2019
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	382	379
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	80	85
Active plan members	5	5
Total plan members	467	469

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

**Contributions** – The SJRPP Plan's funding policy provides for biweekly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due. In fiscal years 2020 and 2019, SJRPP plan members were required to contribute 4% of their annual covered salary. In fiscal year 2020, SJRPP employer's contribution to the SJRPP Plan was \$13,307 (2,845.69%). SJRPP did not make any employer contributions in fiscal year 2019.

**Net Pension Liability** – SJRPP's net pension liability at September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 was measured based on an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, respectively.

**Actuarial Assumptions** – Actuarial valuations are performed as of the beginning of the fiscal year and assumptions below pertain to all years presented unless otherwise noted:

Actuarial Cost Mothad	Entry Ago Normal
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 2.5%–12.5% per year, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.00% per year compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on year of eligibility. Rates of termination

and retirement for 9/30/2017 measurement date were modified to reflect

retirements and separation upon the SJRPP plant closure.

Mortality rates Mortality tables used by the Florida Retirement System for classes other than

Special Risk, described as follows:

Females: PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below Median Healthy Retiree Female Table, generationally projected from year 2010 using Scale

MP-2018.

Males: PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below Median Healthy Retiree Male Table, set back 1 year, generationally projected from year 2010

using Scale MP-2018.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table.

		2020 2019		
	Long-term			Long-term
	Target	<b>Expected Nominal</b>	Target	<b>Expected Nominal</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	47%	6.02%	47%	7.35%
Fixed income	45%	1.80%	45%	2.50%
International equity	8%	5.20%	8%	6.00%
Total	100%	•	100%	•

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at their applicable contribution rates and that the employer's contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of SJRPP, calculated using a discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	2020		2019
1% decrease	\$	25,237	\$ 22,759
Current discount rate		7,794	4,001
1% increase		(6,970)	(11,781)

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

Changes in the net pension liability are detailed below.

	2020		2019	
Total pension liability				
Beginning balance	\$	174,666 \$	169,321	
Service cost		35	112	
Interest on the total pension liability		10,086	11,163	
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,193	(1,784)	
Changes in assumptions		(2,975)	15,782	
Benefit payments		(13,198)	(19,928)	
Ending balance		169,807	174,666	
Plan fiduciary net postion				
Beginning balance		170,665	152,798	
Employer contributions		-	26,409	
Employee contributions		90	232	
Pension plan net investment income		4,610	11,499	
Benefit payments		(13,198)	(19,928)	
Administrative expense		(154)	(345)	
Ending balance		162,013	170,665	
Net pension liability	\$	7,794 \$	4,001	

Plan Assets – Cash balances are amounts on deposit with the SJRPP Plan's trust bank, as well as amounts held in various money market funds as authorized in the Investment Policy Statement (Policy). All investments shall comply with the Policy as approved by the Pension Committee, and with the fiduciary standards set forth by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act and requirements set forth by the Florida Statutes. The trust bank balances are collateralized and subject to the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

The Plan follows GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Investments are presented at fair value, which is based on available or equivalent market values. The money market mutual fund is a 2a-7 fund registered with the SEC and, therefore is presented at actual pooled share price, which approximates fair value.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

At September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, the SJRPP Plan's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	 2020	2019
Cash on hand	\$ 2	\$ 7
Cash equivalents:		
Wells Fargo Treasury Plus Money Market Account	2,368	10,785
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,370	\$ 10,792

The Policy specifies investment objectives and guidelines for the SJRPP Plan's investment portfolio and provides asset allocation targets for various asset classes.

Investments controlled by the SJRPP Plan that represent 5% or more of the SJRPP Plan's net position were the Alliance Domestic Passive Collective Trust. At September 30, 2020, the investment had a basis of \$14,868, a fair market value of \$45,997, and represented 28% of the fiduciary net position available for benefits. At September 30, 2019, the investment had a basis of \$16,670, a fair market value of \$49,516, and represented 29% of the fiduciary net position available for benefits.

#### Risk

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments also require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices with respect to the risks associated with them (see discussion in the following paragraphs).

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally speaking, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the SJRPP Plan's fixed income portfolio manager monitors the duration of the fixed maturity securities portfolio as part of the strategy to manage interest rate risk. The average modified duration of the managed fixed securities portfolio was 4.5 years as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to real or perceived changes in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The SJRPP Plan's rated debt instruments as of September 30, 2020 and 2019 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The fixed income managers limit their investments to securities with an investment grade rating (BBB or equivalent) and the overall weighted average composite quality rating of the managed fixed income portfolio was Aa3.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the SJRPP Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All the SJRPP Plan's investments are held by the SJRPP Plan's directed trustee and custodian in the SJRPP Plan's name, or by an agent in the SJRPP Plan's name.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Policy specifies an overall target allocation of 55% equities and 45% fixed income, including cash. The Policy further specifies target allocations for the equity investments among several asset classes.

The fair value of the asset classes and portfolio and specific target allocations are as follows:

	September 30, 2020			September 30, 2019			
		Per	cent		Pero	cent	
	Fair Value	Actual	Target	Fair Value	Actual	Target	
U.S. Government Securities and Agencies	\$ 35,008	22%	N/A	\$ 30,002	18%	N/A	
Corporate bonds - non-convertible	29,399	18%	N/A	29,498	17%	N/A	
Money Market / Cash	2,370	1%	N/A	10,792	6%	N/A	
Total fixed income	66,777	41%	45%	70,292	41%	45%	
S&P 500 Index Fund	45,997	28%	28%	49,516	29%	28%	
S&P 400 Mid-Cap Index Fund	20,394	13%	11%	20,967	13%	11%	
Small and Mid-Cap Value Fund	14,487	9%	8%	15,256	9%	8%	
International equities	13,805	9%	8%	14,273	8%	8%	
Total equities	94,683	59%	55%	100,012	59%	55%	
Total	\$ 161,460			\$ 170,304			

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

The Policy allows the percentage allocation to each asset class to vary by plus or minus 5% depending upon market conditions.

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments was 2.81% for the year ended September 30, 2020 and 7.37% for the year ended September 30, 2019. This reflects the changing amounts actually invested.

### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in the exchange rates will adversely affect the fair market value of the investment or a deposit. The Plan is exposed to foreign currency risk through its investments in an international equity mutual fund. Investments in international equities are limited by the Policy's target asset allocation for that asset class. The target for international equities is 8% of the total portfolio. The international fund comprised 9% of total investments as of September 30, 2020 and 8% as of September 30, 2019.

#### Fair Value Disclosures

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. It provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The SJRPP Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset or liability.

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs for an asset or liability

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

Level 1 investments are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Level 2 investments are valued using direct market observations combined with quantitative pricing models to generate prices. The table below summarizes the SJRPP Plan's investments.

	September 30, 2020			Sep	tember 30, 2	2019
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total
U.S. Government Securities and Agencies	\$ 21,960	\$ 13,048	\$ 35,008	\$ 18,173	\$ 11,829	\$ 30,002
Corporate bonds - non-convertible	-	29,399	29,399	-	29,498	29,498
Money Market / Cash	2,370	_	2,370	10,792	_	10,792
Total fixed income	24,330	42,447	66,777	28,965	41,327	70,292
S&P 500 Index Fund	_	45,997	45,997	_	49,516	49,516
S&P 400 Mid-Cap Index Fund	19,885	509	20,394	20,103	864	20,967
Small and Mid-Cap Value Fund	12,586	1,901	14,487	13,281	1,975	15,256
International equities	135	13,670	13,805	-	14,273	14,273
Total equities	32,606	62,077	94,683	33,384	66,628	100,012
Total	\$ 56,936	\$ 104,524	\$ 161,460	\$ 62,349	\$ 107,955	\$ 170,304

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SJRPP Pension Plan financial report.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Pension

**Net Pension Liability** – SJRPP's net pension liability at September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 was measured based on an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, respectively. SJRPP's net pension liability is \$7,794 as of September 30, 2020 and \$4,001 as of September 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, SJRPP recognized pension expense is \$858 and \$17,020, respectively. As JEA has implemented regulatory accounting for pensions, the difference between the recognized pension expense and the cash contributions paid has been deferred as a regulatory asset. See note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional details.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 12. Pension Plans (continued)

SJRPP Plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	September 30			30
		2020		2019
Deferred outflows of resources				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	13,307	\$	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		4,186		2,045
Differences between expected and actual experience		108		1,192
Changes in assumptions		_		302
Total	\$	17,601	\$	3,539
Deferred inflows of resources				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	\$	(3,986)	\$	(6,166)
Total	\$	(3,986)	\$	(6,166)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Recognition of Deferred Outflows (Inflows)		
2021	\$	12,282	
2022		(332)	
2023		618	
2024		1,047	
Total	\$	13,615	

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits

#### Plan Description

**Plan administration** – JEA maintains a medical benefits plan (OPEB Plan) that it makes available to its retirees. The medical plan is a single-employer, experience rated insurance contract plan that provides medical benefits to employees and eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

JEA currently determines the eligibility, benefit provisions, and changes to those provisions applicable to eligible retirees. The OPEB Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

**Plan membership** – As of September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, the OPEB Plan membership consisted of the following:

	2020	2019
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	453	490
Active plan members	1,898	1,891
Total plan members	2,351	2,381

**Benefits provided** – The OPEB Plan refers to the benefits applicable to current and future retirees and their beneficiaries. These benefits consist of continued access to medical, dental, and vision benefits as well as life insurance coverage upon retirement through the plan sponsored by JEA. Premiums for the first \$5,000 of coverage are being subsidized by JEA and, as such, are considered as other postemployment benefits for purposes of GASB Statement No. 75.

**Contributions** – Retired members pay the full premium associated with the health coverage elected. There is no direct JEA subsidy currently applicable; however, there is an implicit cost. Spouses and other dependents are also eligible for coverage and the member is responsible for payment of the applicable premiums.

Florida law prohibits JEA from separately rating retirees and active employees. Therefore, JEA assigns to both groups blended-rate premiums.

In 2008, JEA began to advance-fund the OPEB obligation. This was accomplished by establishing a separate trust into which JEA makes periodic deposits and withdrawals to reimburse operations for costs incurred on a pay-as-you-go basis.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

**Actuarial assumptions** – Actuarial valuations are performed as of the beginning of the fiscal year and assumptions below pertain to all years presented unless otherwise noted:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.25% for 2020 and 2.5% for 2019

Discount Rate 6.00%

Salary increases 2.5% to 12.5%, including inflation; varies by years of service

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Mortality Mortality tables used for Regular Class members in the actuarial valuation of the Florida

Retirement System. They are based on the results of a statewide experience study

covering the period 2008 through 2013.

Healthcare cost trend rates Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 6.50% (2020) and 6.75% (2019) and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.99% (2020) and 4.57% (2019)

(including the impact of the excise tax).

Aging Factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death".

Expenses Investment returns are net of the investment expenses; and, Administrative expenses

related to the operation of the health plan are included in the premium costs.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table.

		2020		2019
		Long-term	' <u> </u>	Long-term
	Target	<b>Expected Nominal</b>	Target	<b>Expected Nominal</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
Large cap domestic equity	34%	7.4%	34%	8.1%
Global fixed income	15%	4.8%	15%	4.5%
International equity	15%	9.5%	15%	8.5%
Domestic fixed income	15%	4.4%	15%	4.3%
Small cap domestic equity	11%	8.2%	11%	8.5%
Real estate	10%	7.7%	10%	7.3%
Total	100%	•	100%	•

**Discount Rate** – GASB Statement No. 75 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total OPEB Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As the assets are projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the assumed valuation discount rate of 6.00% was used.

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** – The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	2020	2019		
1% decrease	\$ 14,707	\$	23,663	
Current discount rate	10,091		18,256	
1% increase	6,200		13,708	

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rate** – JEA followed the Getzen model with trend rates for costs and premiums declining from 6.50% assumed for the year 2020 to the ultimate level of 3.99% and 6.75% assumed for the year 2019 to the ultimate level of 4.57%.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate of 6.50% down to 3.99% for 2020 and 6.75% down to 4.57% for 2019, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current trend rate:

	2020	2019
1% decrease	\$ 6,007	\$ 13,443
Current healthcare cost trend rate	10,091	18,256
1% increase	14,927	23,977

Changes in the net OPEB liability are detailed below.

	2020	2019
Total OPEB liability		
Beginning balance	\$ 46,705 \$	44,547
Service cost	539	499
Interest on the total OPEB liability	2,740	3,044
Difference between expected and actual experience	362	(4,057)
Change of assumptions	(6,387)	5,794
Benefit payments	(3,165)	(3,122)
Ending balance	 40,794	46,705
Plan fiduciary net postion		
Beginning balance	28,449	25,712
Employer contributions	3,903	4,078
Net investment income	1,617	1,989
Reimbursements to employer	(3,244)	(3,308)
OPEB plan administrative expense	(22)	(22)
Ending balance	30,703	28,449
Net OPEB liability	\$ 10,091 \$	18,256
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
total OPEB liability	75.26%	60.91%
Covered payroll	\$157,415	\$156,042
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	6.41%	11.70%

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Plan Assets – The assets of the plan consist of shares held in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIT), which is administered by the Florida League of Cities. The FMIT is an interlocal governmental entity created under the laws of the State of Florida and an Authorized Investment under Sec. 163.01 Florida Statutes. It is considered an external investment pool for reporting purposes. JEA owns shares in the OPEB Fund A as directed in the Master Trust Agreement. OPEB Fund A target asset allocation is 60% equities, 30% fixed income, and 10% real estate.

At September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, the OPEB Plan's cash and money market balance within the OPEB Fund A was \$184 and \$171, respectively.

#### Risk

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments also require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices with respect to the risks associated with them (see discussion in the following paragraphs).

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally speaking, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The table below details the interest rate risk in years for investments in the trust.

	September 30, 2020		Septembe	r 30, 2019
		Weighted		Weighted
	Modified	Average	Modified	Average
Fixed Income Fund	Duration	Maturity	Duration	Maturity
FMIT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	5.31	6.43	5.00	6.40
FMIT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	1.40	5.16	2.13	7.00

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to real or perceived changes in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The FMIT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund was rated by Fitch as AAf/S4 as of September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019. The remaining funds of the trust are unrated.

#### Money-Weighted rates of return

The money-weighted rates of return for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 were 5.55% and 7.54%, respectively.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Fair Value Disclosures

The table below summarizes the OPEB Plan's investments. Level 1 investments are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Level 2 investments are valued using direct market observations combined with quantitative pricing models to generate prices. JEA's investment is in shares of the FMIT OPEB Fund A. The disclosure below is based on the asset allocation provided by the FMIT of those investments held by OPEB Fund A.

_	September 30, 2020			Sep	otember 30, 2	2019
	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 2	Level 3	Total
FMIT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	\$ -	\$ 4,421	\$ 4,421	\$ -	\$ 4,780	\$ 4,780
FMIT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	4,452	-	4,452	4,523	_	4,523
Total fixed income	4,452	4,421	8,873	4,523	4,780	9,303
FMIT Large Cap Diversified Value Portfolio	10,593	-	10,593	8,962	-	8,962
FMIT International Equity Portfolio	4,452	-	4,452	4,125	_	4,125
FMIT Diversified Small to Mid Cap Equity Portfolio	3,776	-	3,776	3,243	_	3,243
FMIT Core Real Estate Portfolio	-	2,825	2,825		2,646	2,646
Total equities	18,821	2,825	21,646	16,330	2,646	18,976
Total	\$ 23,273	\$ 7,246	\$ 30,519	\$ 20,853	\$ 7,426	\$ 28,279

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the OPEB

**Net OPEB Liability** – JEA's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 was measured based on an actuarial valuation as of and with the measurement dates of September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, respectively. JEA's net OPEB liability is \$10,091 as of September 30, 2020 and \$18,256 as of September 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, JEA recognized OPEB expense is \$(110) and \$652, respectively. As JEA has implemented regulatory accounting for OPEB, the difference between the recognized OPEB expense and the cash contributions paid has been deferred as a regulatory asset. See note 2, Regulatory Deferrals, for additional details.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The JEA Plan recorded deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as detailed in the table below.

	September 30			30
		2020		2019
Deferred outflows of resources				
Change of assumptions	\$	4,599	\$	5,197
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,394		3,903
Differences between expected and actual experience		325		_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		88		_
Total	\$	9,406	\$	9,100
Deferred inflows of resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	(8,745)	\$	(9,952)
Change of assumptions		(5,729)		· _
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		(820)		(1,297)
Total	\$	(15,294)	\$	(11,249)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Deferre	gnition of ed Outflows oflows)
2021	\$	2,708
2022		(1,521)
2023		(1,242)
2024		(1,209)
2025		(1,231)
Thereafter		(3,393)
Total	\$	(5,888)

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 14. Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. It provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. For JEA, this statement applies to certain investments, interest rate swap agreements, and natural gas cash flow hedges.

JEA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset or liability.

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs for an asset or liability

#### Investments

JEA's investments are summarized in the table below. Level 1 investments are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Level 2 investments are valued using direct market observations combined with quantitative pricing models to generate prices. Money market mutual funds are managed to meet the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and are recorded at net asset value (NAV). The local government investment pools transact with participants at a stable NAV and are recorded at NAV. Certain U.S. Treasury and government agency securities and commercial paper are measured at cost.

	20	20	
	Total		Level 2
Investments by fair value level			
State and local government securities	\$ 140,950	\$	140,950
U.S. Treasury and government agency securities	108,377		108,377
Total investments by fair value level	249,327		249,327
Investments measured at NAV			
Money market mutual funds	248,983		
Local government investment pools	181,891		
Total investments measured at NAV	430,874		
Investments measured at cost			
Commercial paper	63,765		
U.S. Treasury and government agency securities	2,498		
Total investments measured at cost	66,263	•	
Total investments per statement of net position	\$ 746,464		
	•		

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

	2019								
		Total	Le	evel 1	Level 2				
Investments by fair value level									
U.S. Treasury and government agency securities	\$	184,525	\$	2,006	\$	182,519			
State and local government securities		183,116		-		183,116			
Total investments by fair value level		367,641		2,006		365,635			
Investments measured at NAV									
Local government investment pools		188,130							
Money market mutual funds		126,452							
Total investments measured at NAV		314,582							
Investments measured at cost			-						
Commercial paper		44,266							
Total investments measured at cost		44,266							
Total investments per statement of net position	\$	726,489	- I						

#### Interest Rate Swap Agreements

JEA's interest rate swap agreements are valued using market rates as of September 30, 2020 and 2019 and standard cash flow present valuing techniques, which places them at Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The agreements are recorded at fair value as part of long-term debt in the statements of net position. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreements is detailed below.

	2020	2019
Electric	\$ (139,607)	\$ (118,621)
Water and Sewer	(37,681)	(31,266)
Total	\$ (177,288)	\$ (149,887)

#### Natural Gas Cash Flow Hedges

JEA's natural gas cash flow hedges consisted of swap agreements for either a 3-month or 12-month period, covering calendar years 2019 through December 2023. These hedges were valued using prices observed on commodities exchanges and/or using industry-standard valuation techniques, such as option modeling or discounted cash flows techniques, incorporating both observable and unobservable valuation inputs, which placed them at Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. At September 30, 2020, deferred charges of \$1,998 were included in deferred outflows of resources and deferred credits of \$11,944 were included in deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position. At September 30, 2019, deferred charges of \$11,598 were included in deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

#### Grants

JEA participates in various federal and state assisted grant programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a federal or state audit may become a liability of JEA. It is management's opinion that the results of these audits will have no material adverse effect on JEA's financial position or results of operations.

#### Regulatory Initiatives

The electric industry and water and wastewater industry have been and will continue to be affected by a number of legislative and regulatory initiatives. The following summarizes the key regulations affecting JEA:

**Electric Enterprise System** – On August 3, 2015, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued concurrently three separate rules pertaining to emissions of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) fossil fuel-fired electric generating units (EGUs):

- The Final Clean Power Plan (CPP), applicable to existing fossil fuel-fired electric EGUs.
- The Final Carbon Pollution Standards Rule (CPS), applicable to new, modified and reconstructed fossil fuel-fired EGUs.
- The Proposed Federal Plan applicable to states that fail to submit an approvable plan that achieves CPP goals.

On February 9, 2016, the United States Supreme Court (SCOTUS) issued an order staying implementation of the CPP. The SCOTUS granted the applications of numerous parties to stay the CPP pending judicial review of the rule. On March 28, 2017, President Trump issued an Executive Order establishing a national policy "in favor of energy independence, economic growth, and the rule of law". The President has directed agencies to review existing regulations that potentially burden the development of domestic energy resources, and appropriately suspend, revise, or rescind regulations that unduly burden the development of U.S. energy resources beyond what is necessary to protect the public interest or otherwise comply with the law. The Executive Order specifically directed EPA to review and, if appropriate, initiate reconsideration proceedings to suspend, revise or rescind the new EPA Final Rules pertaining to CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. EPA initially obtained temporary court orders to hold the court challenge of the CPP and the CPS in abeyance, pending the completion of EPA's review of the rules. EPA subsequently petitioned the court to pause the litigation indefinitely while EPA promulgates new rules.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

On October 16, 2017, EPA published a proposal to repeal the Clean Power Plan (CPP). On August 31, 2018, EPA published a proposal to replace the CPP, called the Affordable Clean Energy (ACE) Rule. On July 8, 2019, EPA published the final ACE rule. The compliance requirements of the ACE rule are significantly less stringent than those of the CPP. Rule will establish a CO<sub>2</sub> emission limit for Northside Generating Units 1 and 2. The CO<sub>2</sub> emission limit will be set using a baseline of previous CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and what potential reductions can be completed by heat rate improvements (HRI). Units 1 and 2 are currently being assessed on what HRI projects could be implemented. These studies will be completed in November 2020. Cost of compliance cannot be determined at this time but should not result in significant capital outlay. The ACE rule requires state plans to be submitted by July 8, 2022.

On July 6, 2011, the EPA released the Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR), which is intended as a substitute for the invalidated Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR). In the CSAPR, the EPA determined that 27 states in the eastern United States are in violation of the Clean Air Act, because they significantly contribute to nonattainment or interference with the maintenance of attainment of three National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) in one or more downwind states. The three air quality standards addressed in the CSAPR are the 1997 and 2006 fine particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), NAAQS, and the 1997 ozone NAAQS. To address these violations, the CSAPR imposes Federal Implementation Plans (FIPs) that establish state budgets for SO<sub>2</sub> and NOx emissions from EGUs. The EPA targeted these two pollutants, because they are precursors to the formation of PM<sub>2.5</sub> and ozone in the atmosphere. The budgets are allocated to individual EGUs in the form of allowances and the CSAPR permits limited interstate emissions trading and unlimited intrastate emissions trading as a means of compliance. States became subject to the emission budgets in 2012 with more stringent limits taking effect in 2014. In April 2014, the SCOTUS upheld the rule, but remanded back certain legal issues to the DCA to address. On July 28, 2015, the DCA issued an order and opinion remanding, without vacatur, certain state budgets under the CSAPR for reconsideration by the EPA, including the ozone-season NOx emissions budget for Florida. On September 7, 2016, the EPA issued a final updated CSAPR rule that removed Florida and two other eastern states from the rule.

On December 21, 2011, the EPA issued its Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS) rule, setting forth maximum achievable control technology (MACT) standards for coal and oil generating stations. The new standards regulate four categories of hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) emitted by coal- or oil-fired EGUs, namely mercury, HAP metals, acid gases, and organic HAP.

The compliance deadline for affected sources to have all necessary pollution controls installed was April 2015. JEA's units that are regulated under MATS comply with all rule requirements.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

In April 2015, the EPA finalized rules to regulate the disposal and management of coal combustion residuals (CCRs), meaning fly ash, bottom ash, boiler slag, and flue gas desulfurization materials, destined for disposal from coal-fired power plants. The new rule became effective on October 19, 2015 and established technical requirements for surface impoundments and landfills. The rule requires protective controls, such as liners and groundwater monitoring, at landfills and surface impoundments that store CCRs. The rule, as adopted by the EPA, is enforced only by citizen-initiated lawsuits, rather than by the EPA. However, with passage of the WIIN Act in 2016, the rule can now be reformed to provide the following: 1) conversion from a "self-implementing" program to a permit program the states or EPA would have primary responsibility to administer and enforce; and, 2) flexibility for state programs to adjust and tailor federal CCR requirements to meet local, case-specific situations, so long as they are adequately protective of federal CCR requirements. Multiple federal rulemaking proceedings are underway, many of which are subject to litigation. The state has started the process to incorporate the rule and regulations, which ultimately may constitute a permitting or tailored program.

The rule applies to CCR management practices at SJRPP and Scherer. The rule does not apply to management of byproducts at Northside Generating Station (NGS) as long as it continues to burn a fuel mix with less than 50% coal. The currently operating cell within Area B of SJRPP does not have to be lined, but must comply with the operating and monitoring requirements of the rule even after the plant was decommissioned in 2018. SJRPP's two closed byproduct storage areas (Areas I and II) are not affected by this rule. SJRPP has no regulated surface impoundments. Existing surface impoundments, like that at Scherer, are required to meet increased and more restrictive technical and operating criteria or close. Georgia Power has decided to close the surface impoundment at Scherer instead of pursuing a retrofit and the timeline for closure activities is currently projected to run through 2030.

The EPA left in place the Bevill exemption for beneficial uses of CCRs in which CCRs are recycled as components of products instead of placed in impoundments or landfills. Large quantities of CCRs are used today in concrete, cement, wallboard, and other contained applications that should not involve any exposure by the public to unsafe contaminants.

On November 22, 2010, the EPA entered into a settlement agreement with Riverkeeper, Inc. regarding rule-making dates for the EPA to set technology standards for cooling water intake systems for existing facilities under Section 316(b) of the Federal Clean Water Act. Section 316(b) requires that standards for the location, design, construction and capacity of cooling water intake systems reflect the best technology available for minimizing adverse environmental impacts. The EPA announced proposed standards for cooling water intake systems on March 28, 2011. Under the proposal, existing facilities are required to conduct studies to help their respective permitting authorities determine whether and what site-specific controls, if any, would be required to reduce the number of aquatic organisms that are captured in cooling water intake systems.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

With few changes to the proposed rule, the EPA published the final rule in the Federal Register in August 2015. The new standards will not affect any JEA facilities other than NGS. NGS is one of more than 1,260 existing facilities that use large volumes of cooling water from lakes, rivers, estuaries, or oceans to cool their plants. The new standards will likely require upgrades to the system, varying from establishment of existing facilities as the Best Technology Available (BTA) to improvements to the existing screening facilities or installation of cooling towers. A full two-year biological study is required to evaluate site-specific conditions and form a basis for assessing BTA and was initiated in 2018. Estimated final compliance deadlines are not expected until after 2025 and will depend on the level of upgrade ultimately required. Accordingly, costs of compliance have not been determined for NGS and are not included in JEA's capital program for the Electric System.

On September 30, 2016, the EPA issued the Effluent Limitation Guidelines for Steam Electric Power Plants. In setting the new and more stringent standards, the EPA evaluated the technologies and costs to remove metals and other parameters from individual wastewater streams generated by steam electric power plants and identify the BAT to affect their control. The new requirements for existing power plants must be phased in as soon as possible on or after November 1, 2018, but no later than December 31, 2023. The costs of compliance at NGS and Scherer have been evaluated and are anticipated in operating budgets and in JEA's five-year capital program for the Electric System.

Water Supply System Regulatory Initiatives – JEA was issued a 20-year Consumptive Use Permit (CUP) in May 2011 from the St. Johns River Water Management District (SJRWMD), which allows for aquifer withdrawals sufficient to completely satisfy customer demands until 2031 if certain permit conditions are met. JEA evaluates its total water management plan annually to continuously understand changes in demand and how to balance investments in a three-part program: (1) continued expansion of the reuse system, (2) measured conservation program and (3) water transfers from areas with a higher supply on JEA's north grid to areas with a lower supply on JEA's south grid via river-crossing pipelines. In North Florida, the Suwannee River Water Management District (SRWMD), Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), and the SJRWMD have set or are setting/revising Minimum Flows and Levels (MFLs) for water bodies in the region. MFLs are intended to assess the potential for ecological resource risks from water withdrawals and ensure sustainable supplies. In 2015, MFLs were adopted in the SRWMD and a determination required a recovery strategy. By permit, JEA will participate to the extent of its proportionate impact in prevention and recovery strategies that may be developed to ensure the groundwater resource remains sustainable. The SRWMD is re-evaluating the 2015 MFLs and a draft MFL has been released and is still in recovery status. In 2020, the SJRWMD released draft MFLs for Lakes Brooklyn and Geneva in the Keystone Heights area. The draft MFL indicates the lakes will require a prevention and recovery strategy.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

Wastewater Treatment System Regulatory Initiatives – The Sewer System is regulated by the EPA under provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act and the Federal Water Pollution Act. In Florida, the EPA has delegated the wastewater regulatory program to FDEP. The FDEP has implemented a Total Maximum Daily Load regulation (TMDL) defining the mass of nitrogen and phosphorus that can be assimilated by the St. Johns River, to which 8 of JEA's 11 wastewater treatment plants discharge. This state rule limits the amount of nitrogen and phosphorus that these eight wastewater treatment facilities are allowed to discharge by permit. JEA is meeting these limits as the result of past capital improvements to its wastewater facilities, expansion of the reclaimed water system, and phase-out of smaller old technology wastewater facilities. By virtue of exceeding its own regulatory obligation, JEA has generated nutrient reduction credits and has assisted the City in meeting a portion of their Municipal Separate Storm System nutrient requirements by transferring 33.44 short tons per year. This was recognized in JEA's annual contribution agreement negotiated in 2016. In 2013, both the FDEP and EPA reaffirmed the site-specific nutrient standard that is codified in the Lower St. Johns River TMDL.

The Florida Legislature is considering statutory changes to eliminate the disposal of effluent from wastewater treatment facilities (WWTF) via surface water discharge. This change would require the WWTF effluent be used for aquifer recharge, potable reuse, conventional reuse, or ecological restoration. The bill also declares potable reuse to be an alternative water supply and prohibits exclusion of use of potable reuse water from regional water supply planning. The initial legislation considered in 2020 would have compelled utilities to reduce most surface water discharges by January 1, 2026. The legislation did not pass, but is expected to be reintroduced during the 2021 Florida Legislative Session.

#### **Pollution Remediation Obligations**

JEA is subject to numerous federal, state, and local environmental regulations resulting in environmental liabilities due to compliance costs associated with new regulatory initiatives, enforcement actions, legal actions, and contaminated site assessment and remediation. Based on an analysis of the cost of cleanup and other identified environmental contingencies, JEA has accrued a liability associated with the remediation efforts. In accordance with GASB No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, based on project estimates and probabilities, the liability is estimated to be \$29,084 at September 30, 2020. The accrual is related to the following environmental matters: Kennedy Generating Station RCRA Corrective Action for former wood preserving site; SJRPP Area B Landfill; Sans Souci Substation remedial activities; Pearl Street Electric Shop remedial activities; WSSC PCB Issue, Northside Generating Station RCRA Corrective Action program; and remediation at a number of miscellaneous petroleum sites. Of the \$29,084 that JEA has accrued as environmental liabilities, approximately \$15,795 is associated with the expected cost of remediating the former wood preserving facility at the Kennedy Generating Facility. Following are other environmental matters that could have an impact on JEA; however, the resolution of these matters is uncertain and no accurate prediction of range of loss is possible at this time: Pickettville Road Landfill CERCLA site post-closure activities and the Ellis Road CERCLA site. Although uncertainties associated with these recognized environmental liabilities remain, JEA believes that the current provision for such costs is adequate and additional costs, if any, will not have a material adverse effect upon its financial position, results of operations, or liquidity. Costs associated with these obligations that were expensed prior to the approval of regulatory accounting for environmental projects are recorded in other noncurrent liabilities and total \$16,568. The remaining liability is recognized as part of revenues to be used for future costs.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

#### Northside Generating Station Byproduct

JEA Northside Generating Station (NGS) Units 1 and 2 produce byproducts that consist of fly ash and bed ash. JEA has obtained a permit from FDEP to beneficially use the processed byproduct material in the State of Florida, subject to certain restrictions. These ash products are processed into materials marketed as EZBase and EZSorb. The expansion of rail capacity, the ability to load rail cars directly from the storage silos, and direct leasing of railcars has enabled JEA to become a full-service marketer, delivering products by truck or rail. EZSorb is currently being transported by truck and rail to leachate solidification and environmental remediation/stabilization projects in several southeastern states.

The Byproducts Storage Area is an FDEP permitted, Class I lined storage facility at NGS. JEA received a new 20-year permit effective May 4, 2015.

A case is pending in the Second Judicial Circuit in Harrison County, Mississippi. Plaintiff sued multiple defendants seeking damages allegedly resulting from construction defects at The Promenade, a retail shopping mall in D'Iberville, Mississippi. Plaintiff amended the complaint in April 2010 to add JEA as a defendant on various product liability theories, claiming that JEA's ash byproduct was allegedly incorporated as a component of the product of another party defendant and used by other party defendants at the subject project. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief, to remediate the site, and damages. Multiple third party claims and cross claims were raised and remain pending. JEA believes it has good and meritorious defenses in this action and will vigorously defend the case. The plaintiff is seeking approximately \$75,000; however, the trial court ruled that JEA is entitled to a sovereign immunity cap of \$500. The issue was argued in the Mississippi Supreme Court in January 2019. In June 2019, the U.S. Supreme Court reversed a long-standing precedent with respect to the ability of one state's courts to exercise jurisdiction over another state. The same week, the Mississippi Supreme Court dismissed Promenade's damages cap appeal and remanded the case to the trial court for consideration of JEA's jurisdiction defense in light of the U.S. Supreme Court's 2019 decision. The trial court is expected to rule on whether it has any jurisdiction over JEA in early 2021.

#### New Headquarters Building Lease

On July 11, 2019, JEA signed a 15-year building lease for a new headquarters building with the option to renew the lease for three consecutive renewal terms of 5 years each. In May 2020, the Board approved a revised building scope and program that reduced the building size and number of stories and extended the initial lease term from 15 years to 20 years. A virtual groundbreaking took place in October 2020 and work is expected to continue through June 2022, barring any delays due to inclement weather or other unforeseen factors. The costs to finance and build the new building will be paid for by the lessor and the lease term will commence once construction is complete. The annual lease payment for the initial year is estimated to be approximately \$5,542 and will increase by 2.50% each year thereafter for years 2 through 15 and escalate 1.25% annually in years 16 through 20.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

In additional to the annual rent, JEA will also pay an additional rental related to operating expenses for operation, maintenance, management, and repair of the building. This amount will vary each year, but will be no more than 105% of the preceding year's operating expenses. The initial year's estimate of additional rental is \$1,190.

#### **General Litigation**

JEA is party to various pending or threatened legal actions in connection with its normal operations. In the opinion of management, any ultimate liabilities that may arise from these actions are not expected to materially affect JEA's financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

#### 16. Disaster Costs

#### Storm Costs

Hurricane Matthew tracked parallel along the coast of Florida on October 7, 2016 and Hurricane Irma passed to the west of Jacksonville as a tropical storm on September 11, 2017, causing extensive damage within the JEA service territory. Damage to JEA property was primarily to the transmission and distribution systems. Because of the extensive damage, Jacksonville was declared a federal major disaster area, making JEA eligible to receive reimbursement from FEMA. Requests for Public Assistance for both declared disasters were filed and accepted.

JEA is in the midst of the cost reimbursement process through FEMA, which allows cost share of 87.5% of eligible cost (75.0% from FEMA and 12.5% from the State of Florida) of those costs not covered by insurance. As a result, \$41,689 of the eligible costs were deferred as costs to be recovered from future revenues in the statement of net position with the 12.5%, or \$4,000, being recognized in the maintenance and other operating expenses financial statement line item in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position in fiscal year 2017. Through September 30, 2020, JEA has received \$33,079, which reduced the deferred costs to be recovered from future revenues. Of the \$33,079 received, \$18,500 was from insurance and \$14,579 from FEMA. JEA believes it is probable that reimbursement from FEMA will be received for the eligible cost incurred that is remaining.

#### COVID-19 Pandemic

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, JEA took the following actions:

- suspended disconnections from March 12, 2020 to July 9, 2020;
- waived late and reconnection fees from March 31, 2020 to September 30, 2020; and
- waived credit card convenience fees for MasterCard, Visa, and Discover card payments up to \$10,000 from April 6, 2020 to September 30, 2020.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 16. Disaster Costs, continued

Waived late and disconnection fees are estimated to have been between \$2,000 and \$3,000. Waived credit card convenience fees paid on behalf of customers totaled \$1,882. In addition, the JEA Board, on April 3, 2020, approved a fuel credit for customers that appeared on their May 2020 bills and totaled \$23,390.

During March, April, and May 2020, JEA paid additional compensation related to COVID-19. Employees who were telecommuting on a full or part-time basis received an allowance to cover the cost of electricity, internet, water and other incidentals normally provided at the workplace. In addition, JEA and its bargaining units agreed to a stipend that was payable to employees who were authorized in advance by their manager to perform work at a JEA facility or field location in a particular work week. The COVID-19 allowances and stipends totaled \$9,626.

There are also certain expenditures for personal protective equipment as well as cleaning supplies that may be eligible for recovery from FEMA. The total of these expenditures was \$1,933. JEA may seek recovery from FEMA for these amounts in the future.

#### 17. Segment Information

The financial statements of JEA contain four segments, as the Electric System and Bulk Power Supply System, the SJRPP System, the Water and Sewer System, and DES represent separate identifiable activities. These systems have debt outstanding with a revenue stream pledged in support of the debt. In addition, the activities are required to be accounted for separately. JEA's Electric System and Bulk Power Supply System segment consists of an electric utility engaged in the generation, purchase, transmission, distribution, and sale of electricity primarily in Northeast Florida. JEA's SJRPP System segment consists of a generation facility that is 80% owned by JEA, which is currently in the process of being decommissioned as discussed in note 2, St. Johns River Power Park. JEA's Water and Sewer System segment consists of water collection, distribution, and wastewater treatment in Northeast Florida. The DES consists of chilled water activities.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 17. Segment Information (continued)

Intercompany billing is employed between the Electric System, the Water and Sewer System, and DES and includes purchases of electricity, water, sewer, and chilled water services and the rental of inventory and buildings. The utility charges between entities are based on a commercial customer rate. All intercompany billings are eliminated in the financial statements. See intercompany charges detailed below.

			2020				2019						
	Electric	Electric W&S			DES	Electric	W&S		DES				
Electricity services	N/A	\$	13,069	\$	3,126	N/A	\$	13,368	\$	3,324			
Water and sewer services	135		N/A		131	382		N/A		143			
Chilled water services	_		351		N/A	_		387		N/A			

The Electric System shares certain administrative functions with the Water and Sewer System. Generally, these costs are charged to the Electric System and the costs of these functions are allocated to the Water and Sewer System based on the benefits provided. Operating expense allocated to the Water and Sewer System was \$56,878 for fiscal year 2020 and \$49,238 for 2019.

In September 1999, the Water and Sewer System purchased the inventory owned by the Electric System for \$32,929. This was initiated to increase the utilization of its assets between the Electric System and the Water and Sewer System. A monthly inventory carrying charge is paid by the Electric System based on the value of the inventory multiplied by one-twelfth of the prior year's Water and Sewer average cost of debt. Inventory carrying charges were \$558 for fiscal year 2020 and \$1,266 for 2019.

In July 1999 and July 2004, the Electric System transferred several buildings to the Water and Sewer System in the amounts of \$22,940 and \$6,284, respectively, an amount equal to the net book value of the assets. Monthly, the Electric System reimburses the Water and Sewer System for their equitable allocation. Annual rent paid by the Electric System to the Water and Sewer System for use of these buildings was \$2,123 for fiscal year 2020 and \$2,089 for 2019.

To utilize the efficiencies in the Customer Account Information billing system and reduce the administrative efforts in recording deposits, customer deposits are recorded to one Service Agreement per account. Deposits are allocated to the Electric System or Water and Sewer System based on revenues. When the deposits are credited to customer accounts, they are allocated between the service agreements.

JEA

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 17. Segment Information (continued)

Segment information for these activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was as follows:

	Electric Sy	stem and							
	Bulk Power Su		SJRPP	System	Water and	Sewer	DES	3	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Condensed statements of net position Total current assets Total noncurrent assets Net capital assets Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 487,379 671,671 2,674,895 310,720 \$ 4,144,665	\$ 505,398 666,020 2,674,310 307,914 \$ 4,153,642	\$ 60,282 338,226 9,324 23,774 \$ 431,606	\$ 74,529 363,966 9,734 25,088 \$ 473,317	\$ 186,038 \$ 441,049 2,792,604 133,465 \$ 3,553,156 \$	180,121 484,893 2,748,123 128,159 3,541,296	\$ 1,738 \$ 4,274 34,352 169 \$ 40,533 \$	6,788 33,277 182	
Total current liabilities Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets Total noncurrent liabilities Total long-term debt Total liabilities	\$ 153,014 107,745 453,528 1,865,134 2,579,421	\$ 143,254 179,078 437,000 1,972,276 2,731,608	\$ 9,142 61,436 12,294 252,548 335,420	\$ 22,301 70,158 10,224 266,538 369,221	\$ 36,572 \$ 72,374 272,789 1,357,015 1,738,750	38,330 122,622 234,883 1,424,172 1,820,007	\$ 180 \$ 2,420 69 31,386 34,055	189 2,517 29 33,106 35,841	
Deferred inflows of resources	210,544	242,932	9,807	6,166	37,973	51,721	-	-	
Net investment in (divestment of) capital assets Restricted net position Unrestricted net position Total net position Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	952,894 211,567 190,239 1,354,700 \$ 4,144,665	773,119 208,946 197,037 1,179,102 \$ 4,153,642	(13,503) 45,869 54,013 86,379 \$ 431,606	(12,879) 42,257 68,552 97,930 \$ 473,317	1,643,320 89,858 43,255 1,776,433 \$ 3,553,156 \$	1,490,121 139,648 39,799 1,669,568 3,541,296	1,363 3,593 1,522 6,478 \$ 40,533 \$	(1,498) 6,088 1,543 6,133 41,974	
Condensed statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in no	et position inform	ation							
Total operating revenues Depreciation Other operating expenses Operating income Total nonoperating expenses, net Total contributions, net	\$ 1,241,789 202,619 716,018 323,152 (53,683) (93,871)		\$ 24,847 410 27,995 (3,558) (7,993)	\$ 28,618 410 21,628 6,580 (6,283)	\$ 483,859 \$ 159,650	463,817 152,047 182,130 129,640 (35,086) (10,312)	\$ 8,586 \$ 2,467 4,611 1,508 (1,163) -	8,895 2,429 4,703 1,763 (1,163)	
Changes in net position	175,598	112,285	(11,551)	297	106,865	84,242	345	600	
Net position, beginning of year	1,179,102	1,066,817	97,930	97,633	1,669,568	1,585,326	6,133	5,533	
Net position, end of year  Condensed statements of cash flow information  Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 521,937		\$ 86,379 \$ 2,168	\$ 97,930 \$ 17,773	\$ 1,776,433 \$ \$ 289,275 \$	1,669,568 293,244 (30,878)	\$ 6,478 \$ \$ 4,119 \$		
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(93,794) (468,571) 39,649	(92,829) (586,400) 296,653	(24,407) 1,779	(12,946) 16,812	44,346	(39,878) (386,589) 163,894	(6,578) 72	(3,763)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(779) 356,655	70,841 285,814	(20,460) 161,592	21,639 139,953	(15,464) 153,732	30,671 123,061	(2,387) 8,243	1,289 6,954	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$ 356,655	\$ 141,132	\$ 161,592		153,732	\$ 5,856 \$		

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### 18. Subsequent Events

On November 24, 2020, JEA executed a retirement agreement with FPL, setting forth the terms and conditions of the Plant Scherer closure as of January 1, 2022. On that same date, JEA also executed the FPL PPA and a related 10-year natural gas hedge.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JEA

## Required Supplementary Information – Pension (Dollars in Thousands)

### City of Jacksonville General Employees Retirement Plan

#### Schedule of JEA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability(a)

Fiscal Year	Proportional Share Percentage	Net Per	nsion Liability	Cov	ered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2014	48.85%	\$	386,789	\$	129,922	297.71%	68.64%
2015	48.85%		404,466		128,084	315.78%	69.06%
2016	49.15%		480,353		127,440	376.92%	64.03%
2017	50.37%		541,025		126,808	426.65%	63.00%
2018	51.68%		527,680		134,443	392.49%	63.71%
2019	50.59%		562,371		135,709	414.40%	65.23%
2020	48.84%		633,292		134,549	470.68%	60.54%

#### Schedule of JEA Contributions(b)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Det	tuarially ermined tribution	-	Actual atribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	Covered Payroll*	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll	
2011	\$	17,195	\$	17,195	_	\$	132,269	13.00%	
2012		22,301		22,301	_		127,434	17.50%	
2013		27,038		27,038	_		129,990	20.80%	
2014		34,149		34,149	_		129,922	26.28%	
2015		40,179		40,179	_		128,084	31.37%	
2016		43,156		43,156	_		127,440	33.86%	
2017		48,942		48,942	_		126,808	38.60%	
2018		35,459		35,929	(470)		134,443	26.72%	
2019		33,856		34,352	(496)		135,709	25.31%	
2020		37,592		38,095	(503)		134,549	28.31%	

<sup>(</sup>a) These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to share information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown. All information is on a measurement year basis.

<sup>(</sup>b) All information is on measurement year basis.

### Required Supplementary Information – Pension (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated

as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal

year in which contributions are reported

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, using 1.50% annual increases\*

Remaining amortization period As of October 1, 2017, the effective amortization period

is 29 years

Asset valuation method The market value of assets less unrecognized returns in

each of the last five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual and expected returns on a market value basis and is recognized over a seven-year period. The deferred return is further adjusted, if necessary, so that the actuarial value of assets will stay within 20% of the market value of

assets.

**Actual assumptions:** 

Investment rate of return 7.20%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Inflation rate 2.75%\*

Projected salary increases 3.00% – 6.00%, of which 2.75% is the Plan's long-term

payroll inflation assumption

Cost-of-living adjustments Plan provisions contain a 3.00% COLA.

<sup>\*</sup> The Fund's payroll inflation assumption is 2.75% as of October 1, 2017. Per Part VII, Chapter 112.64(5)(a) of *Florida Statutes*, the payroll growth assumption used for amortization of the unfunded liability is not allowed to exceed the average annual payroll growth for the proceeding ten years. However, pursuant to Chapter 112.64(5)(b), and after adjusting this analysis to account for bargained pay level increases and inclusion of DC plan participants in the total payroll, the assumption was set at 1.50%.

JEA

Required Supplementary Information – Pension (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### SJRPP Plan – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios<sup>(a)</sup>

	2019 <sup>(b)</sup>	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability										
Beginning balance	\$ 174,666	\$ 169,321	\$	158,926	\$	155,143	\$	148,508	\$	146,521
Service cost	35	112		1,032		1,210		1,275		1,470
Interest	10,086	11,163		10,768		10,514		10,271		10,026
Changes in benefit terms	-	_		_		(59)		_		_
Difference between actual and expected experience	1,193	(1,784)		10,826		714		2,121		_
Changes in assumptions	(2,975)	15,782		26		3,730		3,316		_
Benefit payments	(13,198)	(19,928)		(12,257)		(12,326)		(10,348)		(9,509)
Total pension liability – ending	\$ 169,807	\$ 174,666	\$	169,321	\$	158,926	\$	155,143	\$	148,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Beginning balance	\$ 170,665	\$ 152,798	\$	142,286	\$	138,902	\$	145,425	\$	135,019
Contributions – employer	· -	26,409		8,039		2,142		3,509		5,559
Contributions – employee	90	232		625		629		648		655
Net investment income (loss)	4,610	11,499		14,571		13,379		(266)		13,763
Benefit payments	(13,198)	(19,928)		(12,257)		(12,326)		(10,348)		(9,509)
Administrative expense	(154)	(345)		(466)		(440)		(66)		(62)
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	\$ 162,013	\$ 170,665	\$	152,798	\$	142,286	\$	138,902	\$	145,425
Net Pension Liability – Ending	\$ 7,794	\$ 4,001	\$	16,523	\$	16,640	\$	16,241	\$	3,083
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of										
Total Pension Liability	95.41%	97.71%		90.24%		89.53%		89.53%		97.92%
Covered Payroll	\$ 452	\$ 3,992	\$	15,621	\$	15,730	\$	16,665	\$	21,304
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1723.50%	100.24%		105.78%		105.79%		97.46%		14.47%

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to share information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown. All information is on a measurement year basis.

<sup>(</sup>b) The mortality tables and improvement scales used by FRS were updated in their July 1, 2019 valuation. The new FRS mortality assumptions were adopted for this measurement.

JEA

# Required Supplementary Information – Pension (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

### SJRPP Plan – Investment Returns(a)

Year Ended	Return
2010	10.14%
2011	0.41%
2012	17.17%
2013	12.64%
2014	10.32%
2015	-0.19%
2016	9.99%
2017	10.39%
2018	7.37%
2019	2.48%

<sup>(</sup>a) All information is on measurement year basis

JEA

Required Supplementary Information – Pension (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### SJRPP Plan – Schedule of Contributions(a)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Dete	Actuarially Determined Actual Contribution Contribution		Contribution		tribution iciency xcess)	 overed ayroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2011	\$	8,919	\$	9,028	\$	(109)	\$ 19,895	45.38%
2012		7,995		8,005		(10)	19,318	41.44%
2013		11,845		11,885		(40)	17,761	66.92%
2014		5,397		5,559		(162)	21,304	26.09%
2015		3,414		3,509		(95)	16,665	21.06%
2016		2,050		2,142		(92)	15,730	13.62%
2017		7,967		8,039		(72)	15,621	51.46%
2018		7,727		26,409		(18,682)	3,992	661.57%
2019		_		_		_	452	0.00%
2020		4,582		13,307		(8,725)	468	2845.69%

<sup>(</sup>a) All information is on measurement year basis

### Required Supplementary Information – Pension (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of

October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining amortization period 1 year

Asset valuation method Market value of assets less Credit Balance Account

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 2.5% - 12.5% per year, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.00% per year, compounded annually, net of

investment expenses.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates based on year of

eligibility. Rates of termination and retirement for

10/1/2017 valuation were modified to reflect retirements

and separations upon the SJRPP plant closure.

Mortality Mortality tables used for Regular Class and Special Risk

Class members in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. They are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering the

period 2008 through 2013.

JEA

## Required Supplementary Information – OPEB (Dollars in Thousands)

#### OPEB Plan – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios(a)

	2019 <sup>(b)</sup>	2018		2017	2016		
Total OPEB Liability	 	 					
Beginning balance	\$ 46,705	\$ 44,547	\$	60,949	\$	62,554	
Service cost	539	499		811		781	
Interest on the total OPEB liability	2,740	3,044		4,253		4,203	
Changes in benefit terms	-	-		(11,556)		-	
Difference between actual and expected experience	362	(4,057)		(7,891)		-	
Change of assumptions	(6,387)	5,794		-		-	
Benefit payments	 (3,165)	 (3,122)		(2,019)		(6,589)	
Total OPEB liability – ending	\$ 40,794	\$ 46,705	\$	44,547	\$	60,949	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		 					
Beginning balance	\$ 28,449	\$ 25,712	\$	21,441	\$	18,156	
Employer contributions	3,903	4,078		5,240		5,061	
Net investment income	1,617	1,989		2,942		2,135	
Reimbursements to employer	(3,244)	(3,308)		(3,911)		(3,911)	
OPEB plan administrative expense	(22)	(22)		-		_	
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	\$ 30,703	\$ 28,449	\$	25,712	\$	21,441	
Net OPEB Liability – Ending	\$ 10,091	\$ 18,256	\$	18,835	\$	39,508	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of							
Total OPEB Liability	75.26%	60.91%		57.72%		35.18%	
Covered Payroll	\$ 157,415	\$ 156,042	\$	155,326	\$	150,073	
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of							
Covered Payroll	6.41%	11.70%		12.13%		26.33%	

<sup>(</sup>a) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to share information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown. All information is on a measurement year basis.

<sup>(</sup>b) First year trend on premiums was reduced from 6.50% to 2.06%. Assumed initial cost of coverage was reduced from previously projected \$1,090 per subscriber per month to \$1,016 per subscriber per month, partially offset by a modest change in the first year average premium to \$699 per month from expected \$695 per month. Assumed mortality rates were updated to PUB-2020 tables. These are the same rates used by the Florida Retirement System in their July 1, 2019 Actuarial Valuation for non K-12 Instructional Regular Class Members. Demographic assumptions for GERP members were updated following an experience study by the plan actuary for the GERP. Updated assumptions include salary increase assumptions, rates of disability, rates of withdrawal, and rates of retirement. The ultimate inflation assumption was changed from 2.5% to 2.25% with healthcare cost trend assumption revised accordingly.

JEA

Required Supplementary Information – OPEB (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### OPEB Plan – Investment Returns(a)

Year Ended	Return
2010	6.74%
2011	-1.41%
2012	15.84%
2013	11.93%
2014	8.22%
2015	-0.46%
2016	7.90%
2017	13.35%
2018	7.54%
2019	5.55%

<sup>(</sup>a) All information is on measurement year basis

JEA

Required Supplementary Information – OPEB (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

### OPEB Plan - Schedule of Contributions(a)(b)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Ending Determined		Contribution Actual Deficiency Contribution (Excess)			ficiency	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2010	\$	5,126	\$	5,236	\$	(110)	138,093	3.79%
2011		5,344		6,601		(1,257)	N/A	N/A
2012		5,211		5,423		(212)	150,714	3.60%
2013		5,433		6,185		(752)	N/A	N/A
2014		4,819		4,382		437	148,617	2.95%
2015		5,011		7,255		(2,244)	N/A	N/A
2016		5,061		7,739		(2,678)	150,073	5.16%
2017		4,138		5,240		(1,102)	155,326	3.37%
2018		4,078		4,078		_	156,042	2.61%
2019		3,903		3,903		_	157,415	2.48%

<sup>(</sup>a) All information is on measurement year basis

<sup>(</sup>b) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to share information for ten years. However, until a full ten year trend is compiled, only available information is shown. All information is on a measurement year basis.

### Required Supplementary Information – OPEB (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

#### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining amortization period 6 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 2.5% – 12.5% per year, including inflation; varies by

years of service

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

type of eligibility condition

Mortality Mortality tables used for Regular Class members in the

July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. They are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering the period 2008 through

2013.

Healthcare cost trend rates Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 7.00%

and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.57% (including the impact of the excise tax).

Aging factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs –

From Birth to Death".

Expenses Investment returns are net of the investment expenses;

and, administrative expenses related to operation of the

health plan are included in the premium costs.

JEA

# Combining Statement of Net Position (In Thousands)

September 30, 2020

	Electric System		Elimination of		Water and		
	and Bulk Power		intercompany	Total Electric	Sewer	District Energy	
	Supply System	SJRPP System	transactions	Enterprise Fund	Enterprise Fund	System Fund	Total JEA
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 266,683		\$ -	Ψ 0.0,.0.	\$ 67,036	\$ 1,615	
Investments	_	3,107	_	3,107		_	3,107
Customer accounts receivable, net of allowance (\$3,864)	165,515	_	_	165,515	54,176	123	219,814
Inventories:							
Materials and supplies	2,378	_	_	2,378	59,285	_	61,663
Fuel	37,822	-	_	01,022	-	_	37,822
Other current assets	14,981	5,361	(9,519)		5,541	_	16,364
Total current assets	487,379	60,282	(9,519)	538,142	186,038	1,738	725,918
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	89,193	89,318	_	178,511	71,232	4,241	253,984
Investments	202,036	10,227	_	212,263	98,867	_	311,130
Accounts and interest receivable	1,053	11	_	1,064	7	_	1,071
Total restricted assets	292,282	99,556		391,838	170,106	4,241	566,185
Costs to be recovered from future revenues	348,740	234,170	_	582,910	269,374	30	852,314
Other assets	30,649	4,500	(4,500)	30,649	1,569	3	32,221
Total noncurrent assets	671,671	338,226	(4,500)	1,005,397	441,049	4,274	1,450,720
Net capital assets	2,674,895	9,324	-	2,684,219	2,792,604	34,352	5,511,175
Total assets	3,833,945	407,832	(14,019)	4,227,758	3,419,691	40,364	7,687,813
Deferred outflows of resources							
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	141,605	_	_	141,605	37,681	_	179,286
Unrealized pension contributions and losses	74,505	17,601	_	92,106	51,775	_	143,881
Unamortized deferred losses on refundings	56,693	3,300	_	59,993	40,152	169	100,314
Unrealized asset retirement obligations	32,368	2,873	_	35,241	_	_	35,241
Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses	5,549	_	_	5,549	3,857	_	9,406
Total deferred outflows of resources	310,720	23,774	_	334,494	133,465	169	468,128
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,144,665	\$ 431,606	\$ (14,019)	\$ 4,562,252	\$ 3,553,156	\$ 40,533	\$ 8,155,941

JEA

# Combining Statement of Net Position (continued) (In Thousands)

September 30, 2020

	Electric System and Bulk Power Supply System	SJRPP System	Elimination of intercompany transactions	Total Electric Enterprise Fund	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	District Energy System Fund	Total JEA
Liabilities	- Сарріў Сускаііі						
Current liabilities:							
Customer deposits and prepayments	\$ 53,779	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,779	\$ 17,525	\$ -	\$ 71,304
Accounts and accrued expenses payable	57,387	6,269	(5,376)	58,280	8,855	144	67,279
Billings on behalf of state and local governments	22,125	_		22,125	3,834	_	25,959
Compensation and benefits payable	10,301	_	_	10,301	4,262	36	14,599
City of Jacksonville payable	8,159	_	_	8,159	2,096	_	10,255
Asset retirement obligations	1,263	2,873	_	4,136	,	_	4,136
Total current liabilities	153,014	9,142	(5,376)	156,780	36,572	180	193,532
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Debt due within one year	67,765	13,340	_	81,105	19,870	1,725	102,700
Interest payable	24,871	5,222	_	30,093	22,115	648	52,856
Construction contracts and accounts payable	15,109	4,964	(4,143)	15,930	30,389	47	46,366
Renewal and replacement reserve	_	37,910		37,910	_	_	37,910
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	107,745	61,436	(4,143)	165,038	72,374	2,420	239,832
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Net pension liability	373,642	7,794	_	381,436	259,650	_	641,086
Asset retirement obligations	31,105	_	_	31,105	_	_	31,105
Compensation and benefits payable	22,271	-		22,271	9,002	69	31,342
Net OPEB liability	5,954	_	_	5,954	4,137	_	10,091
Other liabilities	20,556	4,500	(4,500)	20,556	_	_	20,556
Total noncurrent liabilities	453,528	12,294	(4,500)	461,322	272,789	69	734,180
Long-term debt							
Debt payable, less current portion	1,629,850	251,765	-	1,881,615	1,241,565	31,410	3,154,590
Unamortized premium (discount), net	95,677	783	-	96,460	77,769	(24)	174,205
Fair value of debt management strategy instruments	139,607	_	-	139,607	37,681	-	177,288
Total long-term debt	1,865,134	252,548	-	2,117,682	1,357,015	31,386	3,506,083
Total liabilities	2,579,421	335,420	(14,019)	2,900,822	1,738,750	34,055	4,673,627
Deferred inflows of resources							
Revenues to be used for future costs	177,589	5,821	-	183,410	23,372	_	206,782
Unrealized pension gains	11,988	3,986	_	15,974	8,330	_	24,304
Unrealized OPEB gains	9,023	_	_	9,023	6,271	_	15,294
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives	11,944			11,944	-		11,944
Total deferred inflows of resources	210,544	9,807		220,351	37,973		258,324
Net position	050.004	(40.500)		000 004	4 0 4 0 0 0 0	4 000	0.504.074
Net investment in (divestment of) capital assets Restricted	952,894	(13,503)	-	939,391	1,643,320	1,363	2,584,074
Capital projects	139,308	_	_	139,308	63,679	1,868	204,855
Debt service	66,487	13,706	_	80,193	19,640	1,725	101,558
Other purposes	5,772	32,163	4,143	42,078	6,539	_	48,617
Unrestricted	190,239	54,013	(4,143)	240,109	43,255	1,522	284,886
Total net position	1,354,700	86,379		1,441,079	1,776,433	6,478	3,223,990
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 4,144,665	\$ 431,606	\$ (14,019)	\$ 4,562,252	\$ 3,553,156	\$ 40,533	\$ 8,155,941

JEA

# Combining Statement of Net Position (In Thousands)

September 30, 2019

	Electric System and Bulk Power Supply System	SJRPP System	Elimination of intercompany transactions	Total Electric	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	District Energy System Fund	Total JEA
Assets	- cappij cyciem					- year	
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 282,069	\$ 66,734	\$ -	\$ 348,803	\$ 64,146	\$ 1,489	\$ 414,438
Investments	· -	2,399	_	2,399	· <u>-</u>	_	2,399
Customer accounts receivable, net of allowance (\$1,341)	172,163	· –	_	172,163	54,930	238	227,331
Inventories:							
Materials and supplies	2,219	106	_	2,325	56,637	_	58,962
Fuel	30,898	_	_	30,898	· <u>-</u>	_	30,898
Other current assets	18,049	5,290	(8,638)		4,408	_	19,109
Total current assets	505,398	74,529	(8,638)	571,289	180,121	1,727	753,137
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	74,586	94,858	_	169,444	89,586	6,754	265,784
Investments	230,849	10,891	_	241,740	138,510	· –	380,250
Accounts and interest receivable	1,053	11	_	1,064	7	_	1,071
Total restricted assets	306,488	105,760	-	412,248	228,103	6,754	647,105
Costs to be recovered from future revenues	343,247	253,706	_	596,953	254,059	34	851,046
Other assets	16,285	4,500	(4,500)	16,285	2,731	_	19,016
Total noncurrent assets	666,020	363,966	(4,500)	1,025,486	484,893	6,788	1,517,167
Net capital assets	2,674,310	9,734	_	2,684,044	2,748,123	33,277	5,465,444
Total assets	3,845,728	448,229	(13,138)	4,280,819	3,413,137	41,792	7,735,748
Deferred outflows of resources							
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	130,219	_	_	130,219	31,266	_	161,485
Unrealized pension contributions and losses	78,089	3,539	_	81,628	49,926	_	131,554
Unamortized deferred losses on refundings	61,773	3,502	_	65,275	43,418	182	108,875
Unrealized asset retirement obligations	32,282	18,047	_	50,329	_	_	50,329
Unrealized OPEB contributions and losses	5,551	_	_	5,551	3,549	_	9,100
Total deferred outflows of resources	307,914	25,088	_	333,002	128,159	182	461,343
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,153,642	\$ 473,317	\$ (13,138)	) \$ 4,613,821	\$ 3,541,296	\$ 41,974	\$ 8,197,091

JEA
Combining Statement of Net Position (continued)
(In Thousands)

September 30, 2019

	Electric System and Bulk Power Supply System	SJRPP System	Elimination of intercompany transactions	Total Electric Enterprise Fund	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	District Energy System Fund	Total JEA
Liabilities		•				•	
Current liabilities:							
Customer deposits and prepayments	\$ 56,714	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,714	\$ 17,260	\$ -	\$ 73,974
Accounts and accrued expenses payable	42,875	4,255	(3,600)	43,530	10,156	127	53,813
Billings on behalf of state and local governments	22,406	(1)	_	22,405	3,887	-	26,292
Compensation and benefits payable	12,236	_	-	12,236	4,944	62	17,242
City of Jacksonville payable	8,186	_	_	8,186	2,083	_	10,269
Asset retirement obligations	837	18,047	_	18,884	_	_	18,884
Total current liabilities	143,254	22,301	(3,600)	161,955	38,330	189	200,474
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Debt due within one year	122,380	13,780	_	136,160	54,705	1,690	192,555
Interest payable	32,109	5,564	_	37,673	26,436	666	64,775
Construction contracts and accounts payable	24,589	3,859	(3,315)	25,133	41,481	161	66,775
Renewal and replacement reserve	_	46,955	_	46,955	_	_	46,955
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	179,078	70,158	(3,315)	245,921	122,622	2,517	371,060
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Net pension liability	343,046	4,001	_	347,047	219,325	_	566,372
Asset retirement obligations	31,445	_	_	31,445	_	_	31,445
Compensation and benefits payable	21,003	_	_	21,003	8,402	29	29,434
Net OPEB liability	11,136	-	_	11,136	7,120	-	18,256
Other liabilities	30,370	6,223	(6,223)	30,370	36	-	30,406
Total noncurrent liabilities	437,000	10,224	(6,223)	441,001	234,883	29	675,913
Long-term debt							
Debt payable, less current portion	1,796,880	265,105	_	2,061,985	1,332,960	33,135	3,428,080
Unamortized premium (discount), net	56,775	1,433	_	58,208	59,946	(29)	118,125
Fair value of debt management strategy instruments	118,621	_	_	118,621	31,266	_	149,887
Total long-term debt	1,972,276	266,538	_	2,238,814	1,424,172	33,106	3,696,092
Total liabilities	2,731,608	369,221	(13,138)	3,087,691	1,820,007	35,841	4,943,539
Deferred inflows of resources							
Revenues to be used for future costs	208,794	_	_	208,794	29,896	_	238,690
Unrealized pension gains	27,276	6,166	_	33,442	17,438	_	50,880
Unrealized OPEB gains	6,862	_	_	6,862	4,387	_	11,249
Total deferred inflows of resources	242,932	6,166	-	249,098	51,721	_	300,819
Net position							
Net investment in (divestment of) capital assets	773,119	(12,879)	_	760,240	1,490,121	(1,498)	2,248,863
Restricted	,			,		/	
Capital projects	83,017	_	_	83,017	77,771	4,398	165,186
Debt service	121,541	14,071	_	135,612	55,761	1,690	193,063
Other purposes	4,388	28,186	3,315	35,889	6,116	_	42,005
Unrestricted	197,037	68,552	(3,315)	262,274	39,799	1,543	303,616
Total net position	1,179,102	97,930		1,277,032	1,669,568	6,133	2,952,733
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 4,153,642	\$ 473,317	\$ (13,138)	\$ 4,613,821	\$ 3,541,296	\$ 41,974	\$ 8,197,091

JEA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
(In Thousands)

Departing revenues   Selectic   Selectic		Electric System and Bulk Power Supply System	SJRPP System	Elimination of intercompany transactions	Total Electric Enterprise Fund	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	District Energy System Fund	Eliminations	Total JEA
Valer and sewer	Operating revenues								
District energy system	Electric	\$ 1,219,884	\$ 25,129	\$ (25,130)	\$ 1,219,883		\$ -		
Departing revenues   21,905   (282)   -   21,623   13,679   -   (2,681)   32,621	Water and sewer	-	-	-	-	470,180	-	(266)	,
Total operating revenues	District energy system	-	-	-	-	_	8,586	(351)	8,235
Operating expenses           Operations and maintenance:         246,870         15,226         — 262,096         175,711         4,611         (19,493)         422,925           Fuel         290,965         — 290,965         — - 290,965         — 290,965         — 290,965         — 290,965         — 290,965         — 290,965         — 290,965         — 290,965         — 290,965         — 280,606         — 88,046         — 88,046         — 88,046         — 88,046         — 88,046         Depreciation         202,619         410         — 203,029         159,650         2,467         — 365,146         State utility and franchise taxes         58,806         — 58,806         10,963         — 286,619         — - 286,619         — - 286,619         — - 286,619         — - 286,619         — - 286,619         — 286,619         — - 286,619         — 286,619         — - 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — 286,619         — - 286,619         — - 286,619         — - 286,619 <td>Other</td> <td>21,905</td> <td>(282)</td> <td>_</td> <td>21,623</td> <td>13,679</td> <td>-</td> <td>(2,681)</td> <td>32,621</td>	Other	21,905	(282)	_	21,623	13,679	-	(2,681)	32,621
Name	Total operating revenues	1,241,789	24,847	(25,130)	1,241,506	483,859	8,586	(19,493)	1,714,458
Maintenance and other operating expenses         246,870         15,226         — 262,096         175,711         4,611         (19,493)         422,925           Fuel         290,965         — 290,965         — — 290,965         — — — 290,965         — — — 290,965         — — — 290,965         — — — 280,096         — — 203,029         159,650         — — 267         — 365,146         — — 365,146         — — 203,029         159,650         2,467         — 365,146         State fully and franchise taxes         58,806         — — 58,806         10,963         — — 62,769         — 28,769         — — 28,809         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 28,619         — — 29,1970         6,649         — — — 28,619         — — 28,6	Operating expenses								
Fuel 290,965	Operations and maintenance:								
Purchased power 110,176	Maintenance and other operating expenses	246,870	15,226	_	262,096	175,711	4,611	(19,493)	422,925
Depreciation   202,619   410   - 203,029   159,650   2,467   - 365,146   Stelle utility and franchise taxes   58,806     - 58,806   10,963   -   -   69,769   Recognifion of deferred costs and revenues, net   9,201   12,769   - 21,970   6,649   -   -   28,619   Total operating expenses   918,637   28,405   (25,130)   921,912   332,973   7,078   (19,493)   1,262,470   (10)	Fuel	290,965	_	_	290,965	_	_	-	290,965
Depreciation   202,619   410   - 203,029   159,650   2,467   - 365,146   State utility and franchise taxes   58,806   58,806   10,963   69,769   10,963   69,769   10,963   8,619   10,963   8,619   10,963   28,619   10,963	Purchased power	110,176	_	(25,130)	85,046	_	_	_	85,046
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net Total operating expenses   9,201   12,769   - 21,970   6,649   28,619   Total operating expenses   918,637   28,405   (25,130)   921,912   352,973   7,078   (19,493)   1,262,470   (1,312)   (1,508   - 451,988   (1,508   - 451,98	Depreciation	202,619	410			159,650	2,467	_	365,146
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net Total operating expenses   9,201   12,769   - 21,970   6,649   28,619     Total operating expenses   918,637   28,405   (25,130)   921,912   352,973   7,078   (19,493)   1,262,470     Operating income   323,152   (3,558)   - 319,594   130,886   1,508   - 451,988     Nonoperating revenues (expenses)     Interest on debt   (78,047)   (10,133)   - (88,180)   (51,721)   (1,312)   - (141,213)     Investment income   9,282   1,823   - 11,105   4,544   72   - 15,721     Allowance for funds used during construction   7,744   1,749   2,871   - 7,370     Chern nonoperating income, net   4,182   317   - 4,499   2,871   - 7,370     Earnings from The Energy Authority   2,848   2,848   2,848     Other interest, net   308   308   358   666     Total nonoperating expenses, net   (53,683)   (7,993)   - (61,676)   (32,056)   (1,163)   - (94,895)     Income before contributions   269,469   (11,551)   - 257,918   98,830   345   - 357,093     Contributions (to) from   General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida   (93,871)   (93,871)   (24,953)   (118,824)     Developers and other   1,992   1,992   107,554   109,546     Reduction of plant cost firough contributions   (1,992)   (1,992)   (74,566)   (85,836)     Change in net position   175,598   (11,551)   - 164,047   106,865   345   - 271,257     Net position, beginning of year   1,179,102   97,930   - 1,277,032   1,669,568   6,133   - 2,952,733     Reduction of plant cost firoup of year   1,179,102   97,930   - 1,277,032   1,669,568   6,133   - 2,952,733     Reduction of plant cost firoup of year   1,179,102   97,930   - 1,277,032   1,669,568   6,133   - 2,952,733     Reduction of plant cost firoup of year   1,179,102   97,930   - 1,277,032   1,669,568   6,133   - 2,952,733     Reduction of plant cost firoup of year   1,179,102   97,930   - 1,277,032   1,669,568   6,133   - 2,952,733     Reduction of plant cost firoup of year   1,179,102   97,930   - 1,277,032   1,669,568   6,133   - 2	State utility and franchise taxes	58,806	_	_	58,806	10,963	· -	_	69,769
Total operating expenses   918,637   28,405   (25,130)   921,912   352,973   7,078   (19,493)   1,262,470	•	9.201	12.769	_	21.970		_	_	28.619
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (78,047)         (10,133)         -         (88,180)         (51,721)         (1,312)         -         (141,213)           Investment income         9,282         1,823         -         11,105         4,544         72         -         15,721           Allowance for funds used during construction         7,744         -         -         7,744         11,892         77         -         19,713           Other nonoperating income, net         4,182         317         -         4,499         2,871         -         -         7,370           Earnings from The Energy Authority         2,848         -         -         2,848         -         -         -         2,848           Total nonoperating expenses, net         (53,683)         (7,993)         -         (61,676)         (32,056)         (1,163)         -         94,895           Income before contributions         269,469         (11,551)         -         257,918         98,830         345         -         357,093           Contributions (to) from         General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         -         -         1,992         -         -         1,992 <td>Total operating expenses</td> <td>918,637</td> <td>28,405</td> <td>(25,130)</td> <td>921,912</td> <td>352,973</td> <td>7,078</td> <td>(19,493)</td> <td>1,262,470</td>	Total operating expenses	918,637	28,405	(25,130)	921,912	352,973	7,078	(19,493)	1,262,470
Interest on debt (78,047) (10,133) - (88,180) (51,721) (1,312) - (141,213) Investment income 9,282 1,823 - 11,105 4,544 72 - 15,721 Allowance for funds used during construction 7,744 7,744 11,892 77 - 19,713 Other nonoperating income, net 4,182 317 - 4,499 2,871 7,370 Earnings from The Energy Authority 2,848 2,848 2,848 Other interest, net 308 308 358 666 Total nonoperating expenses, net (53,683) (7,993) - (61,676) (32,056) (1,163) - (94,895) Income before contributions (269,469 (11,551) - 257,918 98,830 345 - 357,093 Other interest income before contributions (10) from General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida (93,871) (93,871) (24,953) (118,824) Other interest income before contributions (10) from General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida (93,871) (1992) 107,554 109,546 Reduction of plant cost through contributions (1,992) (1,992) (74,566) (76,558) Total contributions, net (93,871) (93,871) 8,035 (85,836) Other interest in the position of the plant cost through contributions (1,598) (11,551) - 164,047 106,865 345 - 271,257 Netposition, beginning of year 1,179,102 97,930 - 1,277,032 1,669,568 6,133 - 2,952,733	Operating income	323,152	(3,558)		319,594	130,886	1,508		451,988
Investmentincome	Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Allowance for funds used during construction 7,744 7,744 11,892 77 - 19,713 Other nonoperating income, net 4,182 317 - 4,499 2,871 7,370 Earnings from The Energy Authority 2,848 2,848 2,848 Other interest, net 308 308 358 666 Total nonoperating expenses, net (53,683) (7,993) - (61,676) (32,056) (1,163) - (94,895) Income before contributions (26,469) (11,551) - 257,918 98,830 345 - 357,093  Contributions (to) from General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida (93,871) (93,871) (24,953) (118,824) Developers and other 1,992 1,992 107,554 109,546 Reduction of plant cost through contributions (1,992) (1,992) (74,566) (76,558) Total contributions, net (93,871) (93,871) 8,035 (85,836)  Change in net position 175,598 (11,551) - 164,047 106,865 345 - 271,257 Net position, beginning of year 1,179,102 97,930 - 1,277,032 1,669,568 6,133 - 2,952,733	Interest on debt	(78,047)	(10,133)	_	(88,180)	(51,721)	(1,312)	_	(141,213)
Other nonoperating income, net         4,182         317         -         4,499         2,871         -         -         7,370           Earnings from The Energy Authority         2,848         -         -         2,848         -         -         2,848           Other interest, net         308         -         -         308         358         -         -         666           Total nonoperating expenses, net         (53,683)         (7,993)         -         (61,676)         (32,056)         (1,163)         -         (94,895)           Income before contributions         269,469         (11,551)         -         257,918         98,830         345         -         357,093           Contributions (to) from           General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         -         -         357,093           Developers and other         1,992         -         -         1,992         107,554         -         -         109,546           Reduction of plant cost through contributions         (1,992)         -         -         (1,992)         (74,566)         -         -         (76,558)           Total contributions, net         (93,871)<	Investmentincome	9,282	1,823	_	11,105	4,544	72	_	15,721
Other nonoperating income, net         4,182         317         -         4,499         2,871         -         -         7,370           Earnings from The Energy Authority         2,848         -         -         2,848         -         -         2,848           Other interest, net         308         -         -         308         358         -         -         666           Total nonoperating expenses, net         (53,683)         (7,993)         -         (61,676)         (32,056)         (1,163)         -         (94,895)           Income before contributions         269,469         (11,551)         -         257,918         98,830         345         -         357,093           Contributions (to) from         6         -         -         (93,871)         -         257,918         98,830         345         -         357,093           General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         -         -         (118,824)           Developers and other         1,992         -         -         1,992         107,554         -         -         109,546           Reduction of plant cost through contribut	Allowance for funds used during construction	7,744	_	_	7,744	11,892	77	_	19,713
Earnings from The Energy Authority         2,848         -         -         2,848         -         -         2,848           Ofter interest, net         308         -         -         308         358         -         -         666           Total nonoperating expenses, net         (53,683)         (7,993)         -         (61,676)         (32,056)         (1,163)         -         (94,895)           Income before contributions         269,469         (11,551)         -         257,918         98,830         345         -         357,093           Contributions (to) from           General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         (24,953)         -         -         (118,824)           Developers and other         1,992         -         -         1,992         107,554         -         -         109,546           Reduction of plant cost through contributions         (1,992)         -         -         (1,992)         (74,566)         -         -         (76,558)           Total contributions, net         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         8,035         -         -         (85,836)           Change in net position		4,182	317	_	4,499	2,871	_	_	7,370
Other interest, net         308         -         -         308         358         -         -         666           Total nonoperating expenses, net         (53,683)         (7,993)         -         (61,676)         (32,056)         (1,163)         -         (94,895)           Income before contributions         269,469         (11,551)         -         257,918         98,830         345         -         357,093           Contributions (to) from           General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         -         -         (118,824)           Developers and other         1,992         -         -         -         1,992         107,554         -         -         109,546           Reduction of plant cost through contributions         (1,992)         -         -         (1,992)         (74,566)         -         -         -         (76,558)           Total contributions, net         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         8,035         -         -         -         (85,836)           Change in net position         175,598         (11,551)         -         164,047         106,865         345         -		2,848	_	_	2,848	· _	_	_	2,848
Contributions (to) from   General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida   (93,871)   -   -   -   (93,871)   (24,953)   -   -   -   (118,824)			_	_	308	358	_	_	666
Contributions (to) from   General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida   (93,871)   -   -   -   (93,871)   (24,953)   -   -   -   (118,824)	Total nonoperating expenses, net	(53,683)	(7,993)	_	(61,676)	(32,056)	(1,163)	_	(94,895)
General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         (24,953)         -         -         (118,824)           Developers and other         1,992         -         -         1,992         107,554         -         -         109,546           Reduction of plant cost through contributions, net         (1,992)         -         -         (1,992)         (74,566)         -         -         (76,558)           Total contributions, net         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         8,035         -         -         (85,836)           Change in net position         175,598         (11,551)         -         164,047         106,865         345         -         271,257           Net position, beginning of year         1,179,102         97,930         -         1,277,032         1,669,568         6,133         -         2,952,733	Income before contributions	269,469	(11,551)	-	257,918	98,830	345	-	357,093
General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         (24,953)         -         -         (118,824)           Developers and other         1,992         -         -         1,992         107,554         -         -         109,546           Reduction of plant cost through contributions, net         (1,992)         -         -         (1,992)         (74,566)         -         -         (76,558)           Total contributions, net         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         8,035         -         -         (85,836)           Change in net position         175,598         (11,551)         -         164,047         106,865         345         -         271,257           Net position, beginning of year         1,179,102         97,930         -         1,277,032         1,669,568         6,133         -         2,952,733	Contributions (to) from								
Developers and other         1,992         -         -         1,992         107,554         -         -         109,546           Reduction of plant cost through contributions         (1,992)         -         -         (1,992)         (74,566)         -         -         (76,558)           Total contributions, net         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         8,035         -         -         -         (85,836)           Change in net position         175,598         (11,551)         -         164,047         106,865         345         -         271,257           Net position, beginning of year         1,179,102         97,930         -         1,277,032         1,669,568         6,133         -         2,952,733	General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida	(93,871)	_	_	(93,871)	(24,953)	_	_	(118,824)
Reduction of plant cost through contributions         (1,992)         -         -         (1,992)         (74,566)         -         -         (76,558)           Total contributions, net         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         8,035         -         -         (85,836)           Change in net position         175,598         (11,551)         -         164,047         106,865         345         -         271,257           Net position, beginning of year         1,179,102         97,930         -         1,277,032         1,669,568         6,133         -         2,952,733			_	_			_	_	. , ,
Total contributions, net         (93,871)         -         -         (93,871)         8,035         -         -         (85,836)           Change in net position         175,598         (11,551)         -         164,047         106,865         345         -         271,257           Net position, beginning of year         1,179,102         97,930         -         1,277,032         1,669,568         6,133         -         2,952,733	Reduction of plant cost through contributions	(1.992)	_	_	(1.992)	(74.566)	_	_	(76.558)
Net position, beginning of year 1,179,102 97,930 - 1,277,032 1,669,568 6,133 - 2,952,733			-	-			-	-	
Net position, beginning of year 1,179,102 97,930 - 1,277,032 1,669,568 6,133 - 2,952,733	Change in net position	175.598	(11.551)	_	164.047	106.865	345	_	271.257
	0 1			_	,			_	,
	, , , , ,			_				_	

JEA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
(In Thousands)

	Electric System		Elimination of		Water and			
	and Bulk Power	0 IDDD 0 t	intercompany	Total Electric	Sewer	District Energy	Filminations	T-4-1 IEA
On and in a management	Supply System	SJRPP System	transactions	Enterprise Fund	Enterprise Fund	System Fund	Eliminations	Total JEA
Operating revenues Electric	¢ 4.074.040	ė 00.4E0	¢ (00.40E)	₾ 4.07C.E07	r	•	\$ (16.692)	₾ 4.0E0.04E
	\$ 1,274,843	\$ 28,159	\$ (26,495)	\$ 1,276,507		\$ -	( , )	\$ 1,259,815 450,116
Water and sewer	-	-	-	_	450,641	8,891	(525)	450,116 8,504
District energy system Other	23.242	459	_	23,701	13.176	0,091	(387) (3,355)	6,504 33,526
Total operating revenues	1,298,085	28,618	(26,495)		463,817	8,895	(20,959)	1,751,961
Total operating revenues	1,290,000	20,010	(20,490)	1,300,200	405,017	0,093	(20,939)	1,731,901
Operating expenses								
Operations and maintenance:								
Maintenance and other operating expenses	248,379	2,898	-	251,277	160,671	4,703	(20,959)	395,692
Fuel	325,659	4,669	-	330,328	_	-	-	330,328
Purchased power	161,740	-	(26,495)	135,245	-	-	-	135,245
Depreciation	207,427	410	-	207,837	152,047	2,429	-	362,313
State utility and franchise taxes	60,767	_	-	60,767	10,802	-	-	71,569
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net	20,074	14,061	-	34,135	10,657	-	-	44,792
Total operating expenses	1,024,046	22,038	(26,495)	1,019,589	334,177	7,132	(20,959)	1,339,939
Operating income	274,039	6,580	-	280,619	129,640	1,763	-	412,022
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest on debt	(99,654)	(11,311)	_	(110,965)	(62,733)	(1,348)	_	(175,046)
Investmentincome	21,623	4,684	_	26,307	13,282	156	_	39,745
Allowance for funds used during construction	3,973	_	-	3,973	10,097	29	_	14,099
Other nonoperating income, net	4,392	344	-	4,736	4,346	-	-	9,082
Earnings from The Energy Authority	2,412	-	-	2,412	-	-	-	2,412
Other interest, net	(1,548)	_	-	(1,548)	(78)	-	-	(1,626)
Total nonoperating expenses, net	(68,802)	(6,283)	-	(75,085)	(35,086)	(1,163)	-	(111,334)
Income before contributions	205,237	297	-	205,534	94,554	600	_	300,688
Contributions (to) from								
General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida	(92,952)	_	_	(92,952)	(39,850)	_	_	(132,802)
Developers and other	5,431	_	_	5,431	92,295	_	_	97,726
Reduction of plant cost through contributions	(5,431)	_	_	(5,431)	(62,757)	_	_	(68,188)
Total contributions, net	(92,952)	-	-	(92,952)	(10,312)	-	-	(103,264)
Change in net position	112,285	297	_	112,582	84,242	600	_	197,424
Net position, beginning of year	1,066,817	97,633	_	1,164,450	1,585,326	5,533	_	2,755,309
Net position, end of year	1,179,102	97,930	_	1,277,032	1,669,568	6,133	_	2,952,733
p	.,,	0.,000		.,,002	.,000,000	0,100		2,002,.00

JEA
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
(In Thousands)

	and	ctric System I Bulk Power pply System	SJ	IRPP System	Elimina intercoi transac	npany	Total Electric	Er	Water and Sewer nterprise Fund	District Syster	Energy	Elimination of intercompany transactions		Total JEA
Operating activities				,			 			-,				
Receipts from customers	\$	1,202,260	\$	25,169	\$	(26,117)	\$ 1,201,312	\$	464,561	\$	8,702	\$ (16,812)	) \$	1,657,763
Payments to suppliers		(526,734)		(9,412)		26,117	(510,029)		(117,692)		(3,870)	19,493		(612,098)
Payments to employees		(176,882)		(13,307)		_	(190,189)		(71,327)		(713)	_		(262,229)
Other operating activities		23,293		(282)		_	23,011		13,733		` _	(2,681)	)	34,063
Net cash provided by operating activities		521,937		2,168		-	524,105		289,275		4,119	_	_	817,499
				•			•		•					
Noncapital and related financing activities														
Contribution to General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida		(93,794)		_		_	(93,794)		(24,939)		_	-		(118,733)
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities		(93,794)		_		_	(93,794)		(24,939)		_	_		(118,733)
·														
Capital and related financing activities														
Defeasance of debt		(320,935)		_		_	(320,935)		(202,115)		-	-		(523,050)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(208, 175)		_		_	(208,175)		(197,389)		(3,575)	-		(409,139)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		221,670		_		_	221,670		130,590		_	-		352,260
Repayment of debt principal		(122,380)		(13,780)		_	(136,160)		(54,705)		(1,690)	_		(192,555)
Interest paid on debt		(83,617)		(10,786)		_	(94,403)		(58,380)		(1,313)	_		(154,096)
Capital contributions						_	` -		32,988			_		32,988
Other capital financing activities		44,866		159		_	45,025		24,865		_	_		69,890
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(468,571)		(24,407)		-	(492,978)		(324,146)		(6,578)	-		(823,702)
•							,		,					
Investing activities														
Purchase of investments		(217,069)		(23,819)		_	(240,888)		(27,478)		_	-		(268,366)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments		247,265		23,768		_	271,033		68,785		_	-		339,818
Investment income		8,225		1,830		_	10,055		3,039		72	-		13,166
Distributions from The Energy Authority		1,228		· -		_	1,228				_	_		1,228
Net cash provided by investing activities		39,649		1,779		-	41,428		44,346		72	-		85,846
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(779)		(20,460)		_	(21,239)		(15,464)		(2,387)	-		(39,090)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		356,655		161,592		_	518,247		153,732		8,243	-		680,222
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	355,876	\$	141,132	\$	-	\$ 497,008	\$	138,268	\$	5,856	\$ -	\$	641,132
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided	d by d	perating acti	ivitie	es										
Operating income	\$	323,152	\$	(3,558)	\$	-	\$ 319,594	\$	130,886	\$	1,508	\$ -	\$	451,988
Adjustments:														
Depreciation and amortization		202,619		410		-	203,029		160,815		2,467	-		366,311
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net		9,201		12,769		-	21,970		6,649		-	-		28,619
Other nonoperating income, net		111		-		-	111		262		-	-		373
Changes in noncash assets and noncash liabilities:														
Accounts receivable		6,356		88		_	6,444		503		115	-		7,062
Inventories		(7,083)		106		_	(6,977)		(2,649)		_	-		(9,626)
Other assets		(8,462)		_		_	(8,462)		183		(2)	-		(8,281)
Accounts and accrued expenses payable		10,781		2,015		_	12,796		(1,415)		(10)	-		11,371
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		_		(7,939)		_	(7,939)		-		-	_		(7,939)
Other noncurrent liabilities and deferred inflows		(14,738)		(1,723)		_	(16,461)		(5,959)		41	_		(22,379)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	521,937	\$	2,168	\$	-	\$ 524,105		,	\$	4,119	\$ -	\$	817,499
· · · · · ·														
Non-cash activity														
Contribution of capital assets from developers	\$	1,992	\$	_			\$ 1,992	\$		\$	_	\$ -	\$	76,558
Unrealized gains on fair value of investments	\$	1,383		(7)	\$	_	\$ 1,376			\$	_	\$ -	\$	3,041
•		,		(-)			,		,			•		- /

JEA
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
(In Thousands)

	and	ctric System Bulk Power		JRPP System	in	limination of tercompany ransactions		Total Electric	E	Water and Sewer nterprise Fund	District Energy System Fund	Elimination o intercompany transactions		Total JEA
Operating activities		p., -,									-,			
Receipts from customers	\$	1,244,236	\$	28,898	\$	(28,693)	\$	1,244,441	\$	449,924	\$ 9,514	\$ (17,60	4) 9	1,686,275
Payments to suppliers	•	(646,113)		(11,625)	•	28,693	•	(629,045)		(104,542)	(4,028)	20,95	,	(716,656)
Payments to employees		(167,477)		41				(167,436)		(65,347)	(594)		_	(233,377)
Other operating activities		22,771		459		_		23,230		13,209	4	(3,35	5)	33,088
Net cash provided by operating activities		453,417		17,773		_		471,190		293,244	4,896		-	769,330
·····g ······		,		,				,			.,			,
Noncapital and related financing activities														
Contribution to General Fund, City of Jacksonville, Florida		(92,829)		_		_		(92,829)		(39,878)	_		_	(132,707)
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities		(92,829)		_		_		(92,829)		(39.878)	_		_	(132,707)
,		(,/						(==,===)		(==,===)				(102,101)
Capital and related financing activities														
Defeasance of debt		(100,090)		_		_		(100,090)		(94,955)	_		_	(195,045)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(260,413)		_		_		(260,413)		(205,559)	(758)		_	(466,730)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		(===,,		_		_		(===,)		2,000	(,		_	2,000
Repayment of debt principal		(130,690)		(1,720)		_		(132,410)		(51,720)	(1,660)		_	(185,790)
Interest paid on debt		(92,619)		(11,167)		_		(103,786)		(64,705)	(1,345)		_	(169,836)
Capital contributions		(,,		(,,		_		(,,		29,538	( .,,		_	29,538
Other capital financing activities		(2,588)		(59)		_		(2,647)		(1,188)	_		_	(3,835)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(586,400)		(12,946)		_		(599,346)		(386,589)	(3,763)		_	(989,698)
The east assa in suprair and related interioring detivities	_	(000,400)		(12,040)				(000,010)		(000,000)	(0,100)			(500,000)
Investing activities														
Purchase of investments		(235,745)		(97,635)		_		(333,380)		(82,023)	_		_	(415,403)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments		515,390		109,768		_		625,158		237,846	_		_	863,004
Investment income		14.565		4.679		_		19,244		8.071	156		_	27.471
Distributions from The Energy Authority		2,443		4,010		_		2.443		0,077	-		_	2.443
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	296,653		16.812		_		313,465		163.894	156		_	477,515
not oddin provided by investing detivities	_	200,000		10,012				010,100		100,004	100			477,010
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		70.841		21,639		_		92,480		30,671	1.289		_	124,440
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		285.814		139,953		_		425.767		123.061	6.954			555,782
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	356,655	\$	161,592	\$	_	\$	-, -	\$	-,	\$ 8,243	\$ .	- 9	
Oash and cash equivalents at end of year	Ψ	330,033	Ψ	101,552	Ψ		Ψ	310,247	Ψ	100,702	ψ 0,240	Ψ .	- 4	000,222
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provide	d by a	norating act	iviti	ioe										
Operating income	u by u \$	274,039		6,580	¢	_	¢	280,619	¢	129,640	\$ 1,763	¢	- 9	412,022
Adjustments:	Ψ	214,000	Ψ	0,500	Ψ	_	Ψ	200,019	Ψ	123,040	ų 1,703	Ψ .	- 4	412,022
Depreciation and amortization		207.427		410				207,837		153,268	2.429			363.534
Recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net		20,074		14,061		_		34,135		10,657	2,423		_	44,792
Other nonoperating income, net		171		14,001		_		171		1.864	_		-	2,035
Changes in noncash assets and noncash liabilities:		171		_		_		17.1		1,004	_	·	-	2,000
Accounts receivable		8.004		(9,009)				(1,005)		(5,505)	622			(5,888)
Accounts receivable, restricted		7		(3,003)		_		(1,003)		(5,505)	022	·		(3,000)
Inventories		4,928		1,574		_		6,502		(287)	-			6,215
Other assets		2,837		1,574		_		2,837		66	_		_	2,903
				3.233		_				1,179	87		_	
Accounts and accrued expenses payable Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		(23,717)		(5,299)		_		(20,484) (5,299)		1,179	0/		_	(19,218) (5,299)
Other noncurrent liabilities and deferred inflows		(40,353)		6,223		_				2,361	(5)		_	
	\$	453,417		17,773	¢		\$	(34,130)			\$ 4,896		- - 9	(31,774)
Net cash provided by operating activities	à	400,417	ф	11,113	\$		Þ	471,190	\$	293,244	φ 4,896	φ .	- 3	769,330
Non-resh anti-de-														
Non-cash activity	¢	E 404	¢		•		•	E 404		60 757	•	¢		60 400
Contribution of capital assets from developers	\$	5,431	\$	-	\$	-	\$				\$ -	*	- \$	
Unrealized gains on fair value of investments	\$	7,690	\$	52	ф	-	\$	7,742	Þ	5,572	\$ -	\$	- \$	13,314



Ernst & Young LLP 12926 Gran Bay Parkway West Fax: +1 904 358 4598 Suite 500 Jacksonville, FL 32258

Tel: +1 904 358 2000 ev.com

#### Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors JEA Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of JEA, which comprise the statement of net position as of September 30, 2020, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered JEA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of JEA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of JEA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether JEA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 11, 2020

Ernst + Young LLP



## BOND COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

### JEA Electric System

## Schedule of Debt Service Coverage

(In Thousands)

	Year Ended September 30			
		2020		2019
Revenues				
Electric	\$	1,192,898	\$	1,235,358
Investment income (1)		6,057		11,818
Earnings from The Energy Authority		2,848		2,412
Other, net (2)		22,016		23,400
Plus: amounts paid from the rate stabilization fund into the revenue fund		91,118		83,302
Less: amounts paid from the revenue fund into the rate stabilization fund		(64,132)		(43,817)
Total revenues		1,250,805		1,312,473
Operating expenses (3)				
Fuel		271,164		287,956
Purchased power <sup>(4)</sup>		164,362		234,793
Maintenance and other operating expenses		222,585		222,515
State utility and franchise taxes		58,806		60,767
Total operating expenses		716,917		806,031
Net revenues	\$	533,888	\$	506,442
Debt service	\$	53,384	\$	81,494
Less: investment income on sinking fund	•	(1,842)	•	(2,114)
Less: Build America Bonds subsidy		(1,532)		(1,527)
Debt service requirement	\$	50,010	\$	77,853
Senior debt service coverage <sup>(5)</sup> , (min 1.20x)		10.68	κ	6.51 x
Net revenues (from above)	\$	533,888	\$	506,442
Debt service requirement (from above)	\$	50,010	\$	77,853
Plus: aggregate subordinated debt service on outstanding subordinated bonds	·	63,443		104,640
Less: Build America Bonds subsidy		(1,947)		(2,002)
Total debt service requirement and aggregate subordinated debt service	\$	111,506	\$	180,491
Senior and subordinated debt service coverage <sup>(6)</sup> , (min 1.15x)		4.79	(	2.81 x

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Excludes investment income on sinking funds.

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$ Excludes the Build America Bonds subsidy.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptsize{(3)}}$  Excludes depreciation and recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net

<sup>(4)</sup> In accordance with the requirements of the Electric System Resolution, all the contract debt payments from the Electric System to the SJRPP and Bulk Power Supply System with respect to the use by the Electric System of the capacity and output of the SJRPP and Bulk Power Systems are reflected as a purchased power expense on these schedules. These schedules do not include revenues of the SJRPP and Bulk Power Supply System, except that the purchased power expense is net of interest income on funds maintained under the SJRPP and Bulk Power Supply System resolutions.

 $<sup>^{(5)}</sup>$  Net revenues divided by debt service requirement. Minimum annual coverage is 1.20x.

<sup>(6)</sup> Net revenues divided by total debt service requirement and aggregate subordinated debt service. Minimum annual coverage is 1.15x

## JEA Bulk Power Supply System

## Schedule of Debt Service Coverage

(In Thousands)

		Septembe	er 30	
		2020		2019
Revenues				
Operating	\$	54,185	\$	73,053
Investment income		485		190
Total revenues		54,670		73,243
Operating expenses (1)				
Fuel		19,801		37,703
Maintenance and other operating expenses		15,031		14,812
Total operating expenses		34,832		52,515
Net revenues	\$	19,838	\$	20,728
Aggregate debt service	\$	10,691	\$	10,109
Less: Build America Bonds subsidy		(592)		(624)
Aggregate debt service	\$	10,099	\$	9,485
Debt service coverage (2)		1.96	x	2.19 x

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes depreciation and recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net

## JEA St. Johns River Power Park System, Second Resolution

# Schedule of Debt Service Coverage (In Thousands)

	Year Ended September 30						
			2019				
Revenues							
Operating	\$	25,175	\$	29,322			
Investmentincome		1,830		4,633			
Total revenues		27,005		33,955			
Operating expenses (1)		_		4,669			
Net revenues	\$	27,005	\$	29,286			
Aggregate debt service	\$	23,784	\$	24,908			
Less: Build America Bonds subsidy		(317)		(344)			
Aggregate debt service	\$	23,467	\$	24,564			
Debt service coverage <sup>(2)</sup>		1.15	x	1.19 x			

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes depreciation and recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net

<sup>(2)</sup> Net revenues divided by aggregate debt service. Minimum annual coverage is 1.15x.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net revenues divided by aggregate debt service. Minimum annual coverage is 1.15x.

#### JEA Water and Sewer System

## Schedule of Debt Service Coverage (In Thousands)

Year Ended September 30 2020 2019 Revenues Water \$ 181,808 \$ 178.908 Water capacity fees 11,651 10.477 Sewer 281,848 274,505 Sewer capacity fees 21,207 18,911 Investment income 2,879 7,710 Other (1) 13,941 15,040 Plus: amounts paid from the rate stabilization fund into the revenue fund 32,201 22,327 Less: amounts paid from the revenue fund into the rate stabilization fund (25,099)(25,677)Total revenues 519,858 502,779 Operating expenses (2) Maintenance and other operating expenses 175,711 160.671 State utility and franchise taxes 10.963 10.802 Total operating expenses 186,674 171,473 **Net revenues** 333,184 331,306 Aggregate debt service \$ 62,160 \$ 94,693 Less: Build America Bonds subsidy (2,455)(2,478)Aggregate debt service \$ 59,705 92,215 Senior debt service coverage (3), (min 1.25x) 5.58 x 3.59 x Net revenues (from above) 333,184 \$ 331.306 59,705 \$ 92,215 Aggregate debt service (from above) \$ Plus: aggregate subordinated debt service on outstanding subordinated debt 7,418 17,585 Total aggregate debt service and aggregate subordinated debt service 67,123 109,800 Senior and subordinated debt service coverage excluding capacity fees (4) 4.47 x 2.75 x Senior and subordinated debt service coverage including capacity fees (4) 4.96 x 3.02 x

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes the Build America Bonds subsidy.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes depreciation and recognition of deferred costs and revenues, net.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net revenues divided by aggregate debt service. Minimum annual coverage is 1.25x.

<sup>(4)</sup> Net revenues divided by total aggregate debt service and aggregate subordinated debt service. Minimum annual coverage is either 1.00x aggregate debt service and aggregate subordinated debt service (excluding capacity charges) or the sum of 1.00x aggregate debt service and 1.20x aggregate subordinated debt service (including capacity charges).

### JEA District Energy System

## Schedule of Debt Service Coverage (In Thousands)

	Year Ended September 30					
		2020		2019		
Revenues						
Service revenues	\$	8,587	\$	8,891		
Investment income		72		156		
Plus: amounts paid from the rate stabilization fund into the revenue fund		-		2,737		
Total revenues		8,659		11,784		
Operating expenses (1)						
Maintenance and other operating expenses		4,611		4,703		
Total operating expenses		4,611		4,703		
Net revenues	\$	4,048	\$	7,081		
Aggregate debt service (2)	\$	3,021	\$	3,020		
Debt service coverage <sup>(3)</sup> , (min 1.15x)		1.34	x	2.34 x		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Excludes depreciation.

<sup>(2)</sup> On June 19, 2013, the closing date of the District Energy System Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A, the JEA covenanted to deposit into the 2013 Series A Bonds Subaccount from Available Water and Sewer System Revenues an amount equal to the Aggregate DES Debt Service Deficiency that exists with respect to the 2013 Series A Bonds, in the event that the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Account in the Debt Service Fund in accordance with the District Energy System Resolution is less than Accrued Aggregate Debt Service as of the last business day of the then current month.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net revenues divided by aggregate debt service. Minimum annual coverage is 1.15x.

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